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The following letter is typical of many received praising the performance of the new Wharfedale Super 10/RS/DD and the new Golden 10/RS/DD, both of which have a remarkably wide and smooth response as the response curve indicates.


16 Grant House.
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Dear Mr. Briggs.
I feel I must write to you to say how pleased I am with my concerted W10 Speaker (now a Super 10/RS/DD) which I received safely on Saturday.

The treble response is a delight to hear and even $m y$ poor quality records sound better, no doubt due to the absence of peaks in the middle and upper register. My pressure unit tweeter has now been dispensed with as it certainly cannot compete with the treble in your unit.

Being lucky enough to live withingood range of Wrotham, $l$ was able to put it through tests with various transmissions including the Proms. and we all have been most impressedthe bass improvement is also exceptionally good.

Yours sincerely,
Geo. H. Hunter.
Impedance $10 / 15$ ohms only. I in. dian. centre pole. Flux density 16,000 oersteds. Max. input 10 watts rms or 20 watts peak. Frequency range $30-20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Aluminium voice coil. Roll surround and double diaphragm.

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| 1LNS | 4／6 | 6F6G | 319 | 10 CL | $9 / 3$ | 30P4 12／3 | U1 12／6 | ECT0 4／9 | EMst 6／9 | P61 2／6 | TH30 14／6 | VPaA 14／6 | M4T1418／6 |
| 1N5GT | $8 / 6$ | 6F60T | 2／6 | 10C2 | 12／3 | $301127 / 6$ | ClC $12 / 6$ | ECM1 27／8 | EM4J 8／9 | HABC80 6／9 | ГII233 6／5 | 13，${ }^{\text {H }} 20 / 5$ | MA丁Jこ0 \％／9 |
| 1 Pl | $5 / 9$ | 6 F 8 | 5／－ | 10D1 | 7／8． | $30 \mathrm{Pl} \mathrm{B}_{6} 6 /$ | CUF3s 12／6 | Ecuo 2／3 | सM×7 7／6 | 1486 10／3 |  | VPl3C 7\％－ | Matlel $8 / 6$ |
| 1 P 10 | 4／6 | 6 F11 | 17／9 | 1002 | $11 / 8$ | $30 \mathrm{P19} 12 / 3$ | GKõot 6／6 | EC93 6／u | ENSI 10／\％ | PCss 14／f | 1195 5／－ | V1－33 2／6 | OAS 6／－ |
| 1 P 11 | $5 / 8$ | $6{ }^{6} 12$ | 3／－ | 10Y1 | $101-$ | 30PL 1816 | CLA 19／6 | ECい31 7／3 | ENY1 5／3 | 1＇c95 11／5 |  | V131 5\％ | UA10 8／－ |
| 1 RS | 4／－ | －${ }^{\text {Fr }} 13$ | 4／9 | 10 Fry | $0 / 9$ | 30 PL 13 9／6 | Clı33 11／6 | EAC：32 4／－ | E：Y才l $5 / 9$ | 1997 7／9 | FYRCF 11／8 | V1233 0／8 | UAT0 3／－ |
| 1184 | 6／－ | 6F14 | 23／3 | 10118 | 101－ | SUPLl4 12／6 | CVi3 8／6 | LCC34 21／7 | EYM $7 / 3$ | Pecest 5／6 | －Ablbo $5 /=$ | VRT5 21／－ | OATS 3／－ |
| 185 | $3 / 6$ | GF15 | $8 / 9$ | 10LD3 | 6／3 | 35.552019 | Cv63 10／6 | DCC35 5／－ | NY43 9／3 |  | ［－AF42 7－ | Vに1u5 5／6 | OA79 3／－ |
| 1 T 2 | 391－ | 6F16 | $6 / 9$ | 10LLIl | 916 | 301，6GT 619 | （V85 $14 / 6$ | ECc：40 \％－ | EY̌4 9／6 | 1＊＊Cy $10 / 6$ | UB＋1 10／8 | YkL51 419 | 0．A51 3／－ |
| 174 | 2／3 | 6 F17 | 12／8 | 10 PI 3 | $8 / 3$ | d5w6 $4 / 9$ | UV271 12／4 | Lece81 3／6 | EY×1；5／9 | Pevs9 719 | CBC＇41 $6 / 3$ | Vtila 7－ | UAS5 3／－ |
| $1{ }^{1} 4$ | 516 | $6 F 18$ | 18／5 | 10P14 | 11／6 | $352316 / 4$ | CY1 16／4 | ECC\％－ $4 / 6$ | EY『 8／9 | PCCl89 10／6 | C＇Bcs $6 / 3$ | $\checkmark$ Tuu1 3／\％ | OASb 4／－ |
| 1 U5 | 5／3 | 6 F19 | $9 / 9$ | 11D3 | 17／8 | 35Z4GT 4／6 | CY1C $6 / 6$ | Euc83 $9 / 6$ | EYY1 3／－ | ruFsu 5／6 | U13F80 $5 / 9$ | YU111 5／－ | OA90 3／－ |
| gat | $18 / 6$ | $6 \mathrm{~F}^{2} 3$ | 6／3 | 11 DF | 17／6 | $3525 \mathrm{H}^{1} \mathrm{I}^{1} 5 / 9$ | CY31 5／9 | ECC84 $5 / 9$ | EZ35 4／0 | P＇CF＇S 6／3 | UBF＊9 6／9 | VU1世0 10／－ | OAY1 3／－ |
| 2 C 26 | 219 | 6124 | 918 | 11E1 | 15／－ | 39 2／6． | H1 1／3 | ECC85 613 | 6：／，40 5／3 | PCFSt 8／6 | UBL21 9／9 | Yじ120A10／－ | OAG5 8／6 |
| 2D130 | 71 | $6 \mathrm{~F}^{4} 8$ | 51－ | 11 E 3 | 17\％ | fugUA $6 / 6$ | U15 13／6 | ECO88 8／9 | EZ41 6／m | Furs3 7／9 | UC93 6／3 | VU133 7－ | UA210 9／6 |
| 2 D 21 | 5／6 | $6 \mathrm{F3} 3$ | $31-$ | 12A6 | 2／3 | 418TH 15／－ | 1342 10／6 | Ecu91 3／－ | E280 4／－ | PCF＇su5 10／6 | UCC84 819 | W\％1 5／－ | GA211 13／6 |
| 2 P | 2818 | 6F33 | $8 / 6$ | 12A8 | 16／6 | 425 5／－ | D63 5／－ | ECc18911／6 | EZ®1 4／－ | PeĽ2 6／8 | U＇（＇ヵ5 613 | W42 20／5 | טCluw 35／m |
| 2 xa | $31-$ | 6Gb | $0 / 6$ | 12AV6 | 6／6 | 43 10／－ | D77 $2 / 3$ | ECCRO416／4 | E／290 3／9 | PLL凶3 $7 / 9$ | U＇r＇40 8／9 | W61M 24／6 | OC2\％93／－ |
| 3A4 | $8 / 9$ | 6H6 | 1／8 | 12AD6 | 9／8 | 4570 15／－ | Dac32 $7 / 9$ | ECC80722／6 | FC4 8／9 | PCLA4 \％ | UCH21 8／3 | W43 10／6 | 0023 5\％1－ |
| 3.5 | 619 | 6559 | 81／ | 12AEO | 8／－ | 50A5 21／10 | DAF91 3／6 | HeFso 61－ | FU13 14／6 | PCLs5 $7 / 8$ | U011t2 7f－ | W76．3／6 | $0{ }^{\circ} 25$ 12／－ |
| 387 | 5／－ | 6.550 T | $4 / 3$ | 12AH7 | 5／－ | 50B5 6／6 | DAF＇G $5 / 9$ | Errs 6／3 | Ft13C 1\％／m | PCLAri 8／8 | CCHE1 6／E | W77 2／6 | UC25 25／－ |
| 3 D 8 | 8／9 | 6.56 | $31-$ | I？AH8 | 9／－ | 506：3 6／8 | DĽ90 6／9 | Let 1－8t 11／6 | FW4／5006／6 | PCLA88 $12 / 8$ | C＇L42 7／9 | WHIM 5／9 | O28 24／8 |
| 304 | 5／3 | 6574 | 4／6 | 12AT6 | 4／6 | 5UCDUG40／9 | L $4.412 / 6$ | EC＇F＇804 241－ | FW $1 / 5009 / 6$ |  | CCLs3 8／0． | W101 $26 / 2$ | OC29 25／6 |
| 3400T | 71. | 8J7GT | 7／－ | 12AT7 | $8 / 8$ | 30L6G1 6／3 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { D1）}+1 & 10 / 6\end{array}$ | EtH3 23／3 | 1：T10 9／9 | 251－ | 11F゙4 6／6 | Wlu7 $10 / 6$ | OC35 18／－ |
| 3 g 4 | $4 / 6$ | 8J8 | 18／日 | 12AU6 | $5 / 9$ | 52 hU 14／8 | DVT4 8／－ | $\text { ECH:11 } 9 / 9$ | 4 450 52／8 | ［－FN25 $3 / 6$ | U14＊6／6 | $\begin{array}{ll}\mathbf{W}-29 & 17 / 6\end{array}$ | $0 \mathrm{e} 3681 / 6$ |
| 3V4 | 5／3 | 6K8GT | $5 / 6$ | 12AU7 | $4 / 6$ | 53K U 14／6 | DE＇T＇25 7／6 | $\text { EC1133 } 22 / 8$ | Q23 $71-$ | PEN40DD | CF30 6／3 | X14 $7 / 9$ | $0 \mathrm{C} 41 \quad 81=$ |
| 4 Dl | $8 / 9$ | 6KTG | $1 / 3$ | 12AVb | $6 / 6$ | 72 | DF \％3 <br> 186  | $\text { ECH35 } 6 / 3$ | G232 716 | 34／－ | LTess 8／8 | X13 619 | OCi2 5／－ |
| 6R4GY | $8 / 8$ | 6K7GT | 4／－ | 12AX7 | $4 / 8$ | 77 5／ | $1 \mathrm{~F}^{\text {¢ }} \mathbf{4}$ 15／－ | ECII42 7／8 | 6h＇33 17／6 | PEN45 \％／－ | L＇l＇se 8\％ | $\mathrm{X}^{2} 416 / 8$ | $0 \mathrm{O} 4312 / 6$ |
| $5 \mathrm{~T}$ | 71 | 6 K 89 | 3／3 | 12AY7 | 9／8 | 78 4／9 | DF72 80\％ | $\text { EU1I81 } 5 / 8$ | Q234 101． | PEN4JD1） | UF89 61－ | X41 15／－ | OC44 8／3 |
| 6U4G | $4 / 6$ | 6K84T | $7 / 9$ | 12 BAB | 6／9 | $30 \quad 5 / 3$ | $1{ }^{1} \mathrm{FG1}$ 2／3 | EUH83 6／6 | U2337 14／6 | 12／－ | UL＋1 8／2 | Xbi 6／3 | OC4 4 PM11／ |
| SV4G | 716 | 6K25 | 24／－ | 12BEB | $4 / 9$ | 83 22／6 | DF96 518 | ECHe4 9／8 | H130 5／－ | PEN40 4／3 | UL4 4 23／3 | X63 5／9 | OC45 8／－ |
| 6Y8GT | 4／8 | 6 L 1 | 10／－ | 12 BH 7 | 6／9 | 58V 81－ | DFG7 10／－ | EiLso 6j－ | H63 6／9 | PEN3＊310／3 | एL46 8／6 | Xti4 $\quad 4 / 6$ | OC45PM10／－ |
| SY4 |  | 6LbG | 6／8 | 12 El | 16／8 | 8542 6／6 | DH30 15／6 | ECLs：$\quad 7=$ | HABC80 9／3 | ［2EN4as ${ }^{\text {a }}$（1） | UL44 6／－ | X173 5／6 | $0 \mathrm{Cb5}$ 22／6 |
| 523 | 71 | 6L6M | 9／－ | 12H3GT | T $1 / 6$ | 90Ab 87／6 | DH63 4／8 | ECL83 916 | $\mathrm{HLL}^{1} \mathrm{~F} / 6$ | 10／－ | $\begin{array}{lll}\text {（1）} & 15 & 15\end{array}$ | Xtin 7／3 | UC64 25／－ |
| 524 | $7 /$ | 6Latat | 4／0 | 1：J50T | $2 / 6$ | Y0av 67／6 | UH76 3／6 | E．＇Lsti 810 | HLISC 4／－ | PENA 4 －1－ | C．134 16／10 | X76M 9／－ | Q670 6／6 |
| 6／30L2 | 8／8 | 6L1： | 12／6 | 12s\％${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7／3 | 9000 421－ | 1） 477 3／9 | H1＇s 20／6 | HL23 11／6 | トENB4 | L＇3150 8／3 | X78 20／8 | UCT1 3／8 |
| 6A7 | 819 | 61．10 | 101－ | 12K3 | 101． | 90c\％42／－ | $13118123 / 3$ | EFy 20／6 | H1，23D15 $51-$ | 23／11 | いR10 6／6 | －79 271－ | UC7\％81－ |
| 6A8G | 519 | bLiy | $9 / 9$ | 12k79T | T $3 / 6$ | gucil 161－ | 1）H101 25／－ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { E1F22 } & 6 / 6\end{array}$ | LiLul 3／9 | PEN：D1\％ | U乚J \％ | XャIM 29／1 | U073 16／－ |
| $6 \mathrm{AB7}$ | 4／－ | 6LD3 | $8 / 0$ | 126807 | T $91-$ | $1508216 / 6$ | 1） $1110716 / 11$ | WF゙36 3／3 | HL．41D $18 / \mathrm{C}$ | 40：0 17／6 | UW6 91－ | Xlul 23／6 | vC7t 8／－ |
| 6AC7 | $3 /-$ | 6LD13 | 71 | $120.6$ | 2 3／6 | $150024 / 8$ | DK32 7／9 | EF37A 6／6 | 11 1．4：3118／8 | PLU3 9／－ | UひT 7／8 | Xl09 26／－ | 0 C 758 s － |
| $64 \mathrm{G5}$ | 2／6 | 6LD20 | 6／8 | 129A7 | B／8 | 161 13／－ | DK40 15／8 | EF39 3／5 | HL133DD | Plid6 81－ | LU8 11／8 | X118 9／3 | 9076 8／6 |
| 6AG7 | 519 | 6N7G＇5 | 5／－ | $12 \mathrm{SC7}$ | 4）－ | 185BT 34／11 | DK91 4／－ | EF＇40 8／9 | $0 / 6$ | 1－L38 16／－ | UU9 5／3． | X119 6／6 | UC77 12／m |
| $6 \pm 56$ | $8 / 6$ | 6 Pl | 9／3 | 12807 | $31-$ | 21580618 | DKぬ2 6／9 | EFH1 $6 / 9$ | HN309 25／－ | PLWL $6 / 9$ | UU12 4／＝ | $\times 1+2$ 7\％ | OC78 8i－ |
| 6AK5 | $4 / 9$ | 6 P 25 | 819 | 1：28117 | $31-$ | $220 \mathrm{~B} \quad 10 / 8$ | DK9t 6／3 | EF42 4／8 | 11У12 8／3 | $\mathrm{F}^{\times 2} \mathrm{~L}^{2} 2515$ | UYIN 10／3 | Y63 5／－ | 0081 4j－ |
| 6AK6 | $12 / 6$ | 6 P 26 | 8\％－ | 12357 | 5／－ | 301 20／－ | LL33 \％／－ | EFbO 2／6 | IIVRこA 8／9 | PLy3 $6 / 3$ | UY：1 8／－ | $Y 851-$ | Uc81D 4／－ |
| 6AK8 | $5 / 8$ | $6 \mathrm{P}^{2} 28$ | 11／6 | 128K7 | 31－ | 302 10／6 | D1．35 6／3 | EFit 31－ | 1W3 5／8 | P1， $545 / 6$ | UY＋1 $4 / 6$ | Z03 \＄16 | UC8IM 8／－ |
| BA15 | $2 / 3$ | 6076 | 4／6 | 12807 | 8\％－ | 303 15／－ | U1．63 519 | EF73 5／－ | ［W4／350 5／6 | PLJu0 15／9 | UYヶ5 5／－ |  | Oese 101 － |
| 6AM5 | 216 | 6Q7GT | $7 / 9$ | 128 R 7 | $51 /$ | 304 151－ | $\begin{array}{ll}11 / 38 & 15 /-\end{array}$ | EFSO 3／8 | $1 W 4 / 50001-$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { PME4 } & 9 / 3\end{array}$ | U゙い $9 /-$ | $\begin{array}{ll}777 & 31-\end{array}$ | UCS3 61－ |
| 6AM6 | 3／＝ | 61 R 7 G | $5 / 9$ | 12U56 | $71-$ | 305 13／－ | UL72 15\％ | EFrs3 9／y | ¢BC3：20／5 | एT1／10\％ | $\mathrm{L} 13 / 14$ 7／6 | 2789 | 0084 81－ |
| 6AQS | ． $5 / 8$ | $6 \mathrm{R7GT}$ | $11 / \cdot$ | 12 C 4 | $2 / \mathrm{F}$ | 306 13／－ | DLT3 301－1 | EFss $4 / 9$ | KF33 12／6 | $\mathrm{P}^{2} 48$ 年 | V10 15／m | $\begin{array}{lr}2749 & 6 / 3\end{array}$ | OC139 12／－ |
| 6AR6 | 801. | 68A7 | $5 / 9$ | 131）1 | $51-$ | 866A 12／6 | DLy $4 / 6$ | EFs6 6／－ | K L35 $111 / 6$ | PX25 5／6 | Ul7 5／－ | 2759 36／－ | UC140 19／－ |
| 6AT8 | 319 | 8807 | $4 / 9$ | 1303 | $6 / 6$ | 1622 | DL94 5／3 | EF49 4／－ | K1L32 21／7 | VY31 6／－ | ［18／20 616 | Transistors | $0 \mathrm{OCl70} 8 / 6$ |
| 6AU6 | 5／3 | 6847 | $4 / 8$ | 14B6 | $20 / 9$ | 4033 15／－ | DL96́ 6／－ | Er91 3／－ | KT2 5／－ | PY32 8／6 | U19 48／6 | und diodes | OC171 9／－ |
| 6AV6 | 6／6 | 68［77 | $31-$ | $14 \mathrm{H7}$ | $9 / 8$ | 4687 71／－ | DLi46 5／9 | EF92 2／6 | KT8 15／－ | PY33 $8 / 9$ | U23 518 | AAL29 4／6 | $0020010 / 6$ |
| 6B7 | $5 /=$ | 68 J 7 | $4 / 8$ | 1487 | 19／6 | 576376 | ${ }^{\text {L }}$ L L S 100106 | EP47 11／8 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { KT32 } & 5 / 6\end{array}$ | PY80 5／－ | U24 $12 / 6$ | AU107 $14 / 6$ | Ot 201 29／． |
| 6B8G | $2 / 6$ | $68 \mathrm{E7}$ | $4 / 6$ | 15D2 | $61 /$ | 7193116 | DM70 5／－ | EP98 10／－ | KT33C 4／\％ | PY81 $5 /-$ | U25 $\quad 3 / 6$ | $\mathrm{ACl}^{1} 27816$ | UCV203 14／－ |
| 6BA6 | $4 / 6$ | 68 L 7 | 5／3 | 18 | 12／6 | 7475 2／8 | D．171 9／8 | EF183 7／6 | KT36 $28 / 1$ | PY82 $4 / 9$ | U2t $\quad 7 / 8$ | AD140 25／－ | OCP71 17／6 |
| 6 BE 6 | $4 / 8$ | $68 \pm 7$ | $4 /-$ | 19 | 10／6 | A1834 20\％ | LW 1／3508／6 | EF184 7／S | KT41 $\quad 7 / 0$ | PY83 5／9 | U3L $6 / 9$ | AF103 $27 / 6$ | O1tP12 12／6 |
| $6 \mathrm{BG76G}$ | 13／6 | 68Q7 | $51-$ | 19AQ5 | 7／3 | ACO42 23／8 | I）W4／5008／6 | EF×04 2015 | KT44 5／－ | Pl8s 7／y | ［－33 1316 | AFllt 21／－ | 5x041 10／－ |
| 6BH8 | 5／3 | $8 \mathrm{BR7}$ | 12／8 | 19BG6G | 980／5 | ACO44 9f－ | DY80 7／0 | EII90 ．7／－ | KThl 6／8 | F1800 6／t | U35 16／6 | AF115 10／6 | T3：12／6 |
| 6BJ6 | 5／6 | 6497 | 21. | 19 Hl | 81－ | AC2HI 10／6 | I） Y 47 81－ | EK＇2 25／11 | KT63 3／b | PY801 7／＊ | U37 29／－ | AFl16 10／\％ | TSA 15／m |
| $6 \mathrm{BQ5}$ | $4 / 9$ | 6 CHAT | $8 / 6$ | $\because 0 \mathrm{DL}$ | 101－ | ACzPEN11／6 | Esof 24i－ | EK32 5／0 | KTis $12 / 3$ | QP：L 5／－ | U43 519 | AFll7 5／6 | V10／15a12／－ |
| 6BQ74 | 7／6 | 6U5G | $5 /-$ | 2002 | 21／－ | AOPPEN／ | E83F $24 /-$ | ELS 19／6 | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { KTr } \\ \text { KTb } & 12 / 6\end{array}$ | QPext 12／6 | L $4515 / 6$ | Afily 20／－ | XA10＇ $19 / 6$ |
| 6BE7 | $8 / 8$ | 6U76 | $71-$ | 2012 | 11／6 | DD 12／6 | Estuc 10\％ | EL3：3／6 | KT＇88 28／－ | QPaj 5／－1 | 147 8／6， | ，AF1：4 11／－ | XA103 15／－ |

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## THE R.S.C. BASS-MAJOR 30 WATT GUITAR AMPLIFIER



# A MULTI-PURPOSE HIGH FIDELITY, HIGH OUTPUT UNIT <br> FOR VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTALIST GROUPS 

Eminently suitable for bass, lad or rhythm guitar and all other musical instruments

* Incornorating two 12 in . heavy (luty G-watt high flux ( 17,000 lines) loudspeakers with
 at frequencies down to en e.p.s.
$\star$ Dual Cone in second speaker reproduces frequencies up to 17,000 e.p.s.
$\star$ Heavily made cabinet of convenient size $\geqslant 4 \times 21 \times 14 \mathrm{n}$, has an exceptionally attractive covering in two contrasting tones of Vyair.
$\star$ For $200-250$ v. to 50 c.p.s. A.C. mains operation,
$\star$ Four fack socket inputs and two independent vol. controls for stmultaneoas connection of up to four instrument piek-ups or mierophones.
$\star$ Separate bass and treble controls providing more than adequate "Booat" or "Cut" $\star$ LEVEL frequency response throughout the audible ranse.
* SUPERIUIR TO UNITS AT TWICE THF COS't.


IR.S.C. JUNIOR GUITAR AMIPIFIER 5-watt hirl quality output. Incorporating high fux 12 in 10 watt 12000 line loudspeaker Sensitivity $51 \mathrm{~m} . v$. Two high impedance inputs. $\quad$ Handsome strongly made cabinet isize 14 x 14 к 7 in .
approx.) finished in complimentary shades approx.) finished in complimentary sh
of Rexine/Tygan. $200-250$ A.C. mains. of Rexine/Tygan. $200-250$ A.C. mains.
\& 9.19 .6 Or DEPOSIT $22 / 3$ \& 9 monthly LINEAIE TIENDOLA/PItBAMP. INIT Designed for m troducing the Tremolo effect to any amplifier which is fitted with a H.T. and 6.3 v. A.C. L.'T. This applies to practicanty all amplifers of our manufacture, and to those of several other manufacturers. The unit plugs into power supply point and anv input. sucket or amplifier.
Contiols are Speed (frequency of interrupControls are Speed (frequency of interrup-
tions), Deblh (for heavy or light effect). Volume and Switch. Thiee suckets are for two inputs and Foot Switch. 4 Gns.

## GLASGOW - LONDON - <br> 32G ARGYLN STREET Now open <br> 23x IIJCiWAIRE ROAD <br> Opening shortly

## R.S.G. SENIOR 15 WATT LEAD or RHYTHM GUITAR AMPLIFIER

High-fidellty pusih-pull out-
put. Separate bass and controls. Twin boost ontrols. Twin separately controlled inputs so that two instruments or "mike and pick-ups can be used at the same time. Loudspeaker is a heayy duty high flux $12 i n$. 20 wat Chassls is well made and Chassls is well made and Size approx $18 \times 18 \times 81 \mathrm{n}$ Only 18 Cns Carr

18 Gns.
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$\qquad$
HEAVY IDUTY LOUDSPEAKEIRS IN SIBSIANTLAL REXIVLE COVERED CabINETS. TYpe BGi. suitable for Bass 15 uhms. 30 watts. Cabinet size approx. $124 \times 21 \times 13 \mathrm{in}$. Only $19+$ wis. Or Depposit $43 /-$ and 12 monthly payments of $34 /-\mathrm{F}$ Type BG3/2. Suitable Bass and lead splitar. Two 12 in. high hux ors, onm 2.5 watt and dual cone to mrovide smooth frequency response from 25 to 17.000 c .p.s. Cabinet size abprox. $30 \times 21 \times 14 \mathrm{in}$. Covered in two contrasting tones of erey Vynair and Rexine. of $50 /$-.
LARGE REXINE (OVEHED SPEAKER Ciminits. Heavy blockboard construction, Very attractive two tone covering of texine and Vynair. Size $30 \times 21 \times 16 i n$. of rexine and vinair. Size $30 \mathrm{x} 21 \times 16 \mathrm{~m}$.
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$10 \Omega$ ， $60 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \quad \pm 30 \%$
Rfiective output level： 68
 $1,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s} \cdot(0 \mathrm{~dB}-1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{p} \mathrm{bar})$ ． Response： $100-1,200$ c／s
$\pm 0$
$d \mathrm{~B}$
 Attractive plastio and chrotne tinish．All neces sary accessorics ior adaption an hand，table or puspended mike $\delta$ leet of P．V．C．cable．

SONA STREAMLINE BM3
MICROPHONE CRYSTAL INSERTS
Price 7／6．P．\＆P．9d．


## TELEPHONE ADAPTOR

Fits exterior of telephone by means of suction pad enabling＂phone messages to be fed to any

VERNIER DIALS Precision veraier disla
with approx． 8 to 1 ratio．Burface mount－ ing Accurately centred metal insert for tin． shaft．Reauls counter
clock wise $0-100$ in clockwise $0-100$ in
$18 u^{\circ}$ Model T．503
3 in dia 3im dia $16 /=$

LOW IMPEDANCE PHONES
Used but working．Suitable for 19 set．Price 4／11．P．\＆P．2／6．

MINIATURE MORSE PRACTICE OSCILLATOR KIT
A trandatorised wultivibrator menauring only $1,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{B}$ ．Bat tery drain oliy $3 \mathrm{fu} . \mathrm{i}$ ．Bimulo


TEST SET TYPE 46
Wlll radiate a continuous
note．Rauge $1,250 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ $23,000 \quad \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s} \quad(12-24$ Metres）．
Lands，contains VR2！ valve and has a precision slow motion tuning unit enclosed in grey metal case，rod aerial base on tide．Good condition． Power requirement 2 v．， $90-120$ F．Battery apace
 provided Due to large 2 gMS．
人⿻人从－人

## VARIABLE RESISTORS

Largo eturdy wirewound varisble realgtors Dhameter 3 ìin．，length（with apindie） 3 ftn ．

$12 / 111^{6}$ ohras wiro wound pots．Price $2 / 8$ coand pots $3 / 6$ enoh P．${ }^{\text {d }}$ P． 100 ohms wire rooud pots $3 / 6$ enoh P．\＆P． 9 C


## DOUBLE THROAT MICROPHONES

## Brand

 MSNA

TODAYS SUPREME VALUE

## IN AMPLIFIERS

German Made Gorler Type Amplifier as12005 Allu－transistor subminfature quality aunplifer．
 ior 1 watt out of $b$ v．Built and teated． $92 / 6$
CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR NO． 7 MK．I
Uaing 6 valves，a $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ crystal osc．is used to vibrator ose．operatiug
at $10 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $100 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ respectively．Harmonics of $10-100$ and $1.000 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ Ma／s，for beyond this on sic／a，for beyond this on lator also incorporated for recelving．Int gmail Bakelite case with carrying handle，power o L．T．，80．120 v．H．T．Cirruit and lngtructions supplied．Brand new．\＆2．15．0

## TRANSISTOR SALE

Mullard OC44（P．\＆ P ＇．3d．）．
Mullard OC45（P．\＆P．3d．）．


Mulard OC45（P．\＆P．P．3d．）
Mullard OC71（P．\＆P．3d．）
Mullard OA90（P．\＆P．3．）
Ediswan Xyzou Germanium diodea


## MICRO ALLOY TRANSISTORS

Mat 100
Mat 101

## VHF Tranaistor ADT i 140

Ferrite Above MATs postage paid．
ast

## SURPLUS VALVES

6V6，807， 8 BBG （new）， 6 K ） $\mathrm{G}, 6 \mathrm{~K} 8 \mathrm{G}$ ．EF50，GH6． EB34，IL4（new），DA90（new），DF92（new）． Price all $2 / 8$ each．P．\＆P． 9 d ．each． 2 for $4 / 6$ ．
NEW SHOP NOW OPEN IN LEEDS，AT NO． 4. LAMBERTS ARCADE，LOWER BRIGGATE， WHY NOT CALL AND SEE OUR NEW STOOK8．

## COMPONENTS

Mains Transformers
huput 0.250 y．Output $0-5-11 \cdot 15 \cdot 17$ v．at 4 amps． BRAND NEW Hut Guvermwent Burplum．35／－

Filomeat Translormers
$200-250 \mathrm{v}$ ．input． 50 c
$200-250 \mathrm{v}$ input．$\delta 0 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ ．Output 6.3 7 ．at 2 smps ． 6／11．P．\＆P． $1 / 3$ ．

## SIX TRANSISTOR RADIO

Just arrived superb pocket radios．Give ternices reception，station after station：home and abroad． Atractive tinish．Perfect toned speaker $\mathbf{8} \mathbf{3 . 1 5}$

## RF FIELD INDICATORS

Deslgned for check－ Ing the radiation from a transmiting Bitivity can be controlled by ad－ just nent of the antenna length，or －by lacreasing dis－
tance from the radiator．Frequency range 1.25 $\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s} .200 \mathrm{~mA}$ D．C．Complete with instruction $\%$ book．Post tree．

69／6

## TO 19 SET OWNERS

Increase the output of your 19 aet 6 to 10 timen by aning the R．F．AMPLIFIER No．2．Thit powered transmitters．Built in to 12 polt low powered transmitters．Built in 12 volt nower Mc／a Price $\$ 5,10,0$

Cartiage 10／．

## PILLOW SPEAKER

## Llaten white the revolution－ ary pillow． ppeak er－the very hatery．An indatable cush． ion with as

 tire 10 udewill thig into transigtor portables．Ample flex provided with plugs．Price $25 /=$
P． 4 P． $2 / 6$ ．

## DEEP DOUBLE POUCHES

Deep double pouches in Jungle green with shoulder strap．Marle of heavy canvas．Dimena sions oi esch pouch 10 y $x$ lin．Fitterd with quick release buckle．Usein for carrying tools．
miup，smail flasks and other simfiar items
 $\rightarrow-\hat{\circ}$
TEST OSCILLATOR TYPE 4
Frequency
Me／a inge two bands gelected by ningging in the appropriate upplied with the set．Operates rom a 6 \％．D．© supply which Is converted by an internal vibrator pack to 250 v．and 6 v．L．T．vibrator unit worth pounds．The unit is in good condition，and a clear elreuit drawing is mounted on the uterior of the rear penel．
 ponentapment containa tnany useful com－ valves，ess．twin sing tuning，condenser， neat compact unut in ines，resistors，etc．A $16 \pm \times 7 \times 6 t i n$. with carrying bandle． $39 / 6$
$5 . \& 5.8 / \%$ ．

## SYNCHRONOUS VIBRATOR PACKS

## マ．D．O．output．

 uitable for powering receivers，etc，Frice 17／6POWER UNIT AND LF AMPLIEI

 $\substack{\text { operation．} \\ \text { Price } \\ 39 / 6}$

## 

## SENSITIVE MULTIMETER



20,000 ohm per volt， $1 \%$ resistance used throughout． AIngle control sybtem for all ranges．Compact and ight－ $£ 5.10 .0$ Р．\＆P．ふ～
 SNIP LINE
Plog in Dtecriminator Unitse Used as pulse count demodulator for FM．Compact，light－ weight andt approx． 4 I $2 t \mathrm{x}$ Itn．，containint ISs valve，FM demod coll，tag board with 0 miniature capacitors and 6 ministure readotorn． Enco $15 /-$ P． 8 P．I／

## BATTERY CHARGE ADJUSTERS

－Charge Rate Adjuster
－Eavely fited manufacture．
Eanly fited to charging circuth．
$8 / 6$ each； 2 for $8 / 6$ ．$P$ ．$\$ P .1 /-$ ench

MORE BARGAINS OPPOSITE

## ALTIMETER TRANSMITTER／ RECEIVER AN／PN

## Freqnencr appr TRANSMITTER

## TRANSMITTER

Containing two 9004 acorn valves and moving Coil transuucer wo
A．F．Antaiving two 128 SH and one 12 kJ 7 valvea The above chassis are housed in a black crackle The above chassis are housed in a black crackle case which contains thre relays Resistors， 3－129H7 1－124J7 1．VR150／30 and 2－12H5＇s $3-128 \mathrm{H}^{7}, 1-128 J 7,1+1 k 100 / 30$ and $2-12 \mathrm{H}_{6}$ making a total or 4 valves Ideal for model control
P．\＆P．7／6．

## STABILISED POWER UNIT

A valualle unit，containing Maing Transformer with optional input 80 volte， 110 volts，and mains standard input voltage at $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ ．Output 6.3 Volts at 750 m .8 ， 380 volts，centre tapped．
$6 X 5$ full wsue valve tectifler．Parmeko 15 h amoothing choke， 8 mfd smoothing condensers． Plus neon stabiliser value．The whole asmembly being mounted on a courpact chassle．
An ideal stabilised supply for the constractor for use in transmitters，model control，Hi－Fi equipment．and te日t equipment．

## ${ }^{\text {Prace }}$ 49／6

r．Ar． 3 h
Win pollubed gturrij wooden abinent end manan lead．Price $59 / 6$

## OPERATOR＇S UNIT

Finge purchase enables us to offer at glve away price Operator＇s Unit，containjog atandard jack nocket， 250 rafd electrolytic condenser，4－why telephone socket，nidget selenium rectiler，etc． Price 2／6．P．\＆P．9d．
S⿵冂人一口一个

## LEAD ACID ACCUMULATORS

 （Unspillable）2 Folts at 16 A．H．Brand New lize $4 \times 7 \times 2 i n, 4 / 11$ each．
or $12 / 8$ ．$P$ ． 1 ． $3 /-$ ver cell．



## DYNAMOTOR

Ron all your mains $A C / D C$ equipment from your car battery． 6 v ．Injul gives 250 v ，ontput， or 12 v ．input gives 500 v ．output at 30 watts． A mult for the caravamper． $\mathbf{2 5 / m p}$ \＆$P .3 / 8$
H．R．O．INDIVIDUAL FREQUENCY PLUG IN COILS

Price $12 / 8$ per set． P

## IMPEDANCE MATCHING UNIT

 An mpedance matching deviee enabling bothhigh and low resiatance phones to be used irum any glven picce of equipment．Incorporaten a matching transformer enclosed in a metal case with paxolin terminal board．Four atiandard jack sockets eualling four paira of phones to be used silmultaneousiy－two H R and two LR． 19／11 1．A．P． $2 / 6$ ．

HI－FI GT50 RADIO JACK

## MAKE A RADIO RECEIVEE OUT OF

 YOUR AMPLLFIER．Full mediuth deal for all tape recorders mpliffers etc．No batteries requir．

## 9v．BATTERY CHARGER AND A．C ELIMINATOR MODEL LA．6P．

## A＂must for every trandiator set owneri Bave

 those batteries by running your transistor aet direct from Ac mains this summer．Reactivate allyour old L＇P3 batteries．Unit contains neon indlea－ Y your and arandard battery cónnections with nearly tor and atandard battery connectiona with nearly 2 yards of mains leade and plug．Also amap cord 2 yards of mains leade and plug．Also soasp cord

## 19／6 <br> P．\＆P．2／6．

## bELLING \＆LEE SPARK MASTER

$\$$ 1．Keduces pling burning．
人2．Eases Btarting from cold．
3．Minimises pinking．
2／6 esch．P．\＆P． 6
1155 INSTRUCTION HANDBOOK

## © $3 / 11$ each． 1 ．a P．P．3d



## RESISTORS

Epecial offers．High quality is watt rexistors．All $\$$ preferred valuen（state values required）． $10 \Omega-10$ $<$ meg，ohm．3id．each， 6 for $1 / 6.12$ for $1 / 8,100$ O

## RESISTOR COLOUR CODE INDICATORS

Enabies you to determilue value of resistor at a \＆glance．A mast for the constructor．Price $1 / 6$ ． 3p．ap． 3 ．

## MIDGET MAINS SELENIUM RECTIFIERS

Only $2 / 6$ each． $\mathbf{P}$ ．\＆P．9d．each

## BUMPER CONSTRUCTION PARCEL

Britain＇s Biggest Radio Bumper Bundle．
One brand new 30 watt andering iron complete stmoothing Choke．Two TCC Metal Encased Block Condensers size $4 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \times 1$ inn．，value： 8 mmil 350 v Working．Three paxolin Tag strip－14 tags per $\rightarrow$ working．Six 50 mid l 12 v ，working Biag Condensers． \＆wisking．Six 750 if Ceramic Tyimmers．One operator＇s Qix 750 ［if Ceramic Trimmers．one opratnes unit，containing host of valuable compinents One heavy duty RF choke on atand，suitable for trunsmitting circuits．Three Brand New B7G Valves．Three Brand New International Octal Valves．Three black bakelite moulded control rectifiers．One pair low resistance＇phones．

$$
35 /-\mathrm{r}, \mathbb{P}, 4 / 6
$$

## FOUR IMPORTANT RADIO BOOKS

Mulard cireuils for Audio Ampis．8／6．
At a Glance Radio Valve and TV Tube Equiva－ tents．3／6．
runaktor superhet Receivers．7／6． 22／6．

## NO． 19 TRANSMITTER RECEIVER



New stocks Just errived．Equipment comprises 3 separate units built into one chassia and eparate power pack Bpecification：＂A＂get Tranmmitter／Recelver． Frequency coverago $3-4.5 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{m}$ and $4.5-8 \mathrm{me} / \mathrm{s}$ （150－37 meters）． For R．T．，C．W．，or M．C．W．Range on R．T． 15 miles．C．W． 50 miles Buperhet R．X．，I．F． 465 $\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{B} . \mathrm{F} . \mathrm{O}$ ．etc．
R．X．Falve line－ap：6K7．R．F．： 6 K 8 mixer， 2 6K7 I．F．；6B8 det．A．F．phone output． T．X．：6K8，mixer，B．F．O．，EF50 hulter，FB34 ADC．and output stage，decommissioned to conform with government regulations． Tranamitter／Receiver $229 / 241 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{h}$ ．Local the up to 1 mile．Vaive Line－up CV． Intercom set 2 vaive A．F．amplifter for vehicle crew Inter－communication．Valve line－up 6K and 6 V 6.
A a $\frac{1}{\text { gin }}$ meter is built in reading L．T．and II．T voltages，drive etc．
POWER UNIT． 12 wolt DC inpat．Ontpnt 276 volt， $110 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$ ，and 50 p volta $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$ ．Equipment Is of American or Canadian manviacture and is supplied in good condition．
PRICE Complete with Power Packg 4.10 .0


Thn 19 ata cotuplete with 88.10 .0 Power l＇acks Carriage 30／－

## Accessories

Connectors 12 pin
Control Boxes Bingle，new Whip Aemis Bit Bio
Whip Aemilis 8ft． 6 in
Aerial Bases（Fits all t．gpes）
Variometers for 19 sat， Headphones less mike insert

8／6 P．\＆P．Ad． 12／6 P．\＆P．2／8 $7 / 8 \mathrm{P} . \& \mathrm{P} .2 / 6$ 8／6 P．\＆P． $2 / 6$ ／BP．\＆P．${ }^{2 / 6}$ $4 / 6 \mathrm{P}$ \＆ $\mathrm{P} .2 / 6$ $5 / 11$ P．\＆P．2／6 $15 /-$ P．$\&$ R． $2 / 6$ S

## CLEARANCE LINE

## While stocks last．Mains metal rectiflers．Firl

 wave at 150 wis．l＇rice $3 / 11$ each．P．$\$$ P． $1 / 6$ each．GOVERNMENT SURPLUS MULTI RATIO OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS

## Robust anil Compaet

Price 4／11．P．\＆P．1／f．
2 Volts CONVERTOR to 240 Volts


12 volts to 240 at 100 ma．TRAND NEW tested it waterproof cartona．ONLY 35／－．P．\＆P． $5 /-$

## TSL GORLER SUPER VHF FM

 TRANSISTORISED TUNING HEART Type $312 \cdot 0015$ or 0029 uses one AF 106 sind one AF 125 Super Gain Transistor plus 2 diodes in ultra high KF plus additive mixer clrcuit． Tuning range $87-108.5 \mathrm{Mo} / \mathrm{s}$ ．Amplification greater than 35 dB．Built in A．F．C．and A．G．C． Tax．Post Free．

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WE APOLOGISE FOR ANY INCONVENIENCE CAUSED TO ODR CUSTOMERS THROUGH DELAY．
THIS WAS DUE TO OVERWHELMING ORDERS，BUT WE ARE NOW IN A POSITLON TO OFFER A 48 HODR DESPATCH SEREICR

TERMS：
CASTI WITH ORDER． 5／－EXTRA ON C．O．D orders
No C．O．D．under 30／


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## nEW LOW PRIGES - NOW YOU GAN AFFORD A GAR RADIO



THE'HIGHWAYMAN' OUR QUALITY CAR RADIO TO BUILD YOURSELF AT A NEW LOW PRICE
Look at these features: $\star$ Pushpull output. $\star$ Three latest Mullard transistors plus valves types EBFB8 and ECH83. t No Buzz, high output and sensitivity. $\frac{1}{7}$ Printed circuit (lategt type), $7 \times 4 i n$. high fiux p.m. speaker and baffle. t Medium and Long Waves. * Push button for fingertip control. * Extremely low battery consumption (less than tamp). * Easy to mitanymake car (Fositive earth only. $t 12-v o l t ~ o p e r a t i o n . ~ * ~$
ures only $7 \times 7 \times 2 i n$. deep. + Easy assembly, supplied with dial and drive already mounted.
Special inclusive price of ONLY
£7.19.6
Plus 5/-P. \& P.
All parts avallable separately. Indlyidually priced parts list and comprehenslve instruction booklet $2 / 6$ post free. (Deducted from cost If complete parcel purchased later.)

THE "TRAVLER" MkII
Introducing our new readybuilt transistorised car radio for ONLY

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9 \frac{1}{2} \text { Gns. }
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including $7 \times 4^{*}$ speaker Pitted to baffie. fixing brackets, filter unit, all nuts and bolts with fitting instructions
 II.P. Terms: Dep. £2.19.6 and 7 monthy payments of E1.2.6. (Plus 5/- P. \& P.)
Star Features $\star$ Handsomely Styled, $\not \subset$ Mullard Valves and Transistors. $亠$ Push Buttons. $\#$ If watts Output. $\star$ Long and Medium Wavebands. * Quality Speaker (E.Mi.), * Easions Fitted © Radio Luxembnurg (applies to $99.8 \%$ of the cars on the road). $\star$ Dimensions $7 \times 2 \times 7^{*}$ depth.
Ontional extras, 3 section chromiuri plated weatherproot telescopic aeriahs type $117^{\circ} / 44^{*}$, 19/6; type $22^{\circ} / 43^{\circ}, 29 / 6$, both plus P, \& $\mathrm{P}^{2}$. $2 / 6$ if purchased separately.

## THE WORLD AT YOUR FINGERTIPS!!

THE HE-30 4BAND COMMUNICATION RECEIVER


One of the finest general coverage bandspread Receivers available at this price. \begin{tabular}{l}
Covering <br>
$4.8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}-14.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. <br>
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$4.8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}-14.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. <br>
$4.1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. <br>
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\hline
\end{tabular} Illuminated silde rule dial, calibrated every $5 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ on 80 and 40 metres. Edgewise

S-meter. $0-100$ logging scale, coverage from $0.55-30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. 8 valve plus Rectiffer superhet circuits. RF Stase with an Aerial Trimmer 2 IF Stages B.F.O control Q-multiplice. Frequency (BFO), Band Selector. IF Galn. Trimmer. AVC-MVC Switch. Anl Switch. Main Tining. Bandspread Tuning and Headphone Jack. Selectivity- 60 dB at $10 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}, 0.8 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ at 6 dB (with $\mathrm{Q}-$ Multiplier) $1 F-455 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Exterial PM Speaker reqd. 4 or 8 ohms Impedance. Output 1.5 watt. 8 modern Miniature B7G Base Valves and 5 Y 3 Rectifer. Size $15 \times 10 \times 7 \mathrm{im}$. Grey crackle finish, $220 / 240$ volt A.C. mains, $50-60$ excle operation. Full instructions and circuit diagram suppiled. Send S.A.E. for leaflet.

PRICE 40 Gns. Carringe

THE HE-40 4-BAND COMMUNICATION RECEIVER Completely built and ready to go. High sensitivity Superhet receiver covering $550 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}-1.500 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}, 1.6 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ $-4.4 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}, 4.4 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}-11 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ Bandspread tuning. Slide Bandspread tuningi, Interral ferrite rod aerial for medium waveband reception
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 mium plated telescopic whip aerial for the short wave bands Sockets for optional outdoor aerial. Internal high flux monitor loudspeaker. Latest modern miniature B7G base valves. Headphone socket (may also be used for external loudspeaker). ANL. BFO. built-in "S'" meter, $220 / 240$ volt A.C. mains, $50-60$ cycle operation. Handsomely styled cabinet with grey crackie inishand handsome front panel. with chrome and satin chrome fittings. Measures 13 t in. x 8 inn. x 5 in. (high) and welghs only 114 lbs . A comprohensive instruction manual is supplied. An deal recelver for the radio amateur and short wave listeners of all ages. Send S.A.E. for leaflet.

price £24.15.0<br>Carris Paid.

## "STARFLITE TRANSMITTER".

The HE-80 has outstanding sensitivity instant re-set, built-in " s " metor special recording Jack, remote Control Socket allowing simultaneous control with transmitter, 100 Kc providing accurate harmonic signals of either 4 or 8 , ohms impedance. Two headphone sockets,
one hlgh, one low.
TECINTCAL SPECIFICATIONS.
Frequency Coverage: Band $1540-1605 \mathrm{Kc}$; Band $21.6-4.8 \mathrm{Kc} ;$ Band 3 4.8-14.5Mc; Band $410.5-30 \mathrm{Mc}$ : Band $5144-146 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Band Spread (IIam liand directly read): 80 Metre Band; 40 Metre Band, 20 Metre Band; 15 Metre Band; 10 Metre Band. Sensitivity: 1 microvolt for 10 dB signal to nolse ratio Selecrivity: Normal 10 Kc at Operation: AM. SSB. CW and FM. AM dlode detector. SSB/CW product detector (BFO). FM gated beam detector. Power Sourec: 240 volts $50 / 60$ Cycles A.C. Power Consumption: 60 watts. Audio Output: 1.5 watts, 8 or 500 ohms 1mpedance. Auxillary Circuits: Electrical Bandspread, Q-Multiplier, ANL, AVC-MVC, BFO, 100 KC
 deep.
phict: 59 Gns. Carrage

Designed to meet the needs
 oi most amateurs the starfilte has single-knob bandswitch to select any of five swystal positions with procrision for an external VFO. Controlled carrier modulator permits almost $100 \%$ of the CWH input to be used on AM peaks. Grid-block keyling provides chird-free operation. A full wave sllicon dlode power supply effects extremely low output ripple for cleaner CW transmission, electron-coupled Pierce Osclllator. capacitance bridge neutralization of the final and a three-stage lowpass filter. An illuminated edgewlse D'Arsonval panel meter. Pi-network output provides the correct impedance match between the plate circult and any $50-72$ ohm co-axtal feeder. Easy to follow point-to-point instructions supplied with each set of components. When constructed the Unit is housed in a heavy gauge steel Cabine finished in grey crackle.
SPECIFICATIONS: Power Input- 00 watts peak; Operation: C.W., AM Phone-crystal or VFO Control; Band coverase: $80-10$ metres: Coupling; Pi-network: Valve Line-up: 6146, (2) 6CL6, 12AX7. 6DE7, Low Pass Filter. Size $1341 n$. Wide x $121 n$. deep (Lno. knobs) x 6 Lln . high (inc, rubber feet). Welght 28 lbs . Power Requirements, 200/240 v. 50-60 CPS, 225 watts.
MAy be huidt for 35 Gis. Carriage \& Insurance ib/-

## Sturnergina

MULLARD 2－VALVE PRE－AMPLIFIER TONE CONTROL UNIT
Employing two EF86 valves and designed to operate with the Mullard table for other makes with input up
＊ 5 mi／
＊Equalisation for the latest R I A

characteristics．＊Inputs for Crystal Pickups and variable reluctance magnetic types．$\star$ Input（a）Direct from High Imp．Tape Head．（b） From a Tape Amplifier or Pre－Amplifier，$t$ Sensitive Microphone
 Instruction book and detailed price list（free with kit）available separately

MULLARD 3－VALVE PRE－AMPLIFIER TONE CONTROL UNIT
Destgned mainly for Mullard Range of
Amplifiers，also suitable for any Amplifiers requiring input up to 250 mV ．Incorporates 5 input Channels，including for Tape and Mag－ netic Pickups．Separate Bass and Treble controls．High pass filter 20 to $160 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ ，low pass filter $5-9 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$ ．Totallv enclosed in case Size $11 L^{*} \times 41^{*}$
KIT UFPARTS KIT UF PARTS \＆iN． instruction book and uetatled price list（free u＇th hit）availabte separately

## MULLARD＂5－10＂MAIN AMPLIFIER <br> MULLARD S．O MAIN AMPLJFER


（Carr．\＆Ins．6／6）．
or usc with siULLARD 2 or 3 valve pre－ power ont with which an undistorted SPECIFIED COMPONENTS and MUI LARD VALVES InGIUCIIE PARTRIDGE PARMEKG or PARTRIDG choice of Transiormer COMPLETF KIT Parmeko Output Trans．）
ASSEMBLED AND
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A 6 valve Superhet Radiogram Chassis of outstanding quallty covering MW 200－550 Metres， LW 1200－2000 Metres，VHF 87－ $100 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ．
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Mollil，（lis3／s incorporates the HF／TR3 Mk．II Tape Amplifier（described below）， Twin Track 3 －speed Deck operating at 1 inn．， 3 Hin．．and 71n．speeds．Complete with microphone and $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$ ．tape．
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MoIDEL sTr－1．For use Brth current cruvor． ＂S＇IUDIU＂t and track
 ates Ferrox－cube Oscillator，4－speed Equalisation Sienal Lever Merer and sebarae dain Control．Moludes separate Power Unit．KIT OF E22．0．0（Carr．\＆

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Suitable for most ！track，Mono Tape Decks．Incorporates Ferrox－ cube Push－Pull Oscillator．＇Treble Inductor and j －sp．Equalisation． Includes separate Power Unit．

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 STP－1 Pre－amp with Collaro stunio Tape Deck
Assemblesl with track switch tited． $444.2,0$ ． Aspemblest With track switch nited．E44．2．0．
titted
（1） Type＂C＂Proangy with Collitrontudin Tape Beck．．．．．$£ 24.10 .0$ £30． 0.0 Type＂$c$＂Pre－htul＂with Brenell Mk．今）sirifes I1 Duck． Assembled with deek wired aml matched． 555.3 .0 ． HFTRE with Cnilam stulno Tape Deck． Assembiled with deck wred and matched，＇saili．iz．0． HF＇TR3 with Bramell Mk．⿹\zh26灬 weries If lach £46．11．0 258.1 .0 £24． $3.0 \quad$ ع29．10．0

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## THE TUDOR STEREO HI-F: SYSTEM



Comprising a Self Powered AM/FM Tuner, Stereo Pre-amplifer, 12 wat per channel Stereo Power Amplifier. The Tuner and Pre-amplifer are housed in matching blark crackle finish imetal cabinets for shelf mounting, with silver metal dials and matching knobs. Specifications: Tuner Outstanding quality providing full vif FM long and medium waveband coverage, $522-1630 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$, LW $145-270 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s} 100 \mathrm{mV}$ output mains supply 105/240 A.C. Valve line-up: ECC85, ECH81, EBF39, EB91, EM84, ECC83: Multiplex outlet provided. Pre amplifier-Designed for use with the Tudor Stereo Power Ampilfer with inputs for most types of Pickups, direct play from TaneHeads and ample sensitivity or either civstal or Movine Coll Microplione. Nisk $0.1 \%$. tape outputs 100 mV [rom 90 K . $0.1 \%$. tape outputs 100 mV [rom 00 K . ohm source inputs-Microphone 5 mv . Tape $5.3 \mathrm{mV}, R_{i}$ I. A.A. 4.3 mV flat 250 mV . Tuner 100 mV . Valve line-up: 2-EF86. 4-ECC83. Wowr. watts per channel. sensitivity 1 vol r.m.s. for 14 watts output. fre quency response $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} 20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. - $20 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Speaker 1 mpedance 4,8 or 16 ohms, surplus power available Valve line-up. 2-ECC3. 4-ELB4, l-GZ34.

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Inputs for microphone, crystal or maknetic pick-ups, tuner unit. and in addition offers rull lacilities for tape recording and high fidelity replay. This unique featire means that should you wish to include tape in your hi-fl system at a later date all that $1 s$ required is a sitable for 3 tape speeds equaljued. 'l'ape erase Blas Osclilator elrcuit Incorporating ferrox-cube transformer. Function switch, separate base, treble and volume controls, level control and latest emsimagic eye linish stcel case, and an attracis totally enclosed in a sliver hammer the presentation. and an autracKIT OF PARTS \&13.13.0 READY BUILT $\mathbf{£ 1 9 . 1 9 . 0 ~ C . ~ \& ~ I . ~ 5 / - * ~}$ PRICES: If both above units purchased togother: $C$ \& KIT OF PARTS £23.13.0 READY BUILT 232.0 .0 C. R I I

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 Sultable for Tape Recorders, or monitoring tape recorders, 100 ohm Smpedance magnetic. Complete with lead.imp PRICE
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For the connolsseur who requires nerfection. Each Earphone consists of a frequenoy range, fitted with foam rubber Ear Pads for added comfort to keep out noise and to mantair an excellent bass response. The resistance function box with change-oyer switch provides simple transfer from Phones to Speaker Specificatlons: Frequency Range-25-15,000c.p.s. Input Impedance- 16 ohms. Power rating$\ddagger$ watt. Weight- 18 ozs.
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Specifications. Lensth 10 in. urom tip ol Cartridge. Hoteht in Stereo/Mono Cartridge
Frequency Response: +2.5 dB from 30 cps . to $15 \mathrm{~K} . \mathrm{C}$
Output Voltese: 7 mV per channel at $5 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$. at 1000 cpa .
Separation: 20 dB minimum
DC Resistance: 1250 ohms.
Inductance: 200niH
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Compliance: 5 x $10 \div 6 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{dyne}$ in all directions.
Recommended Load: 47000 ohms.
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PRICE OMLY £15．18．9 COMPLETE Guaranteed 12 Months．


A 12 watt quality amplifier incorporating negative certhack，with a pre－amp for mic，and provision for mic．syran mixing．Frewueney response $\underset{15}{ \pm}-0.000 \mathrm{~dB}$ and hum－go ilB．Beparate Bass，Mutcle and Treble lift controls．Valve line－up．12A 7 ，I2AX7， ELK4．ELSt and EZ81．Push－pull output with
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| I．F．TR INSFURMEIRS 7／6 pair <br> 405 E／a 8lug Tuning Miniature Can， $2 \times 1 \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$ ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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1／350V 2／－ $50 / 350 \mathrm{~V} \quad 5 / 68 / 600 \mathrm{~V}$ TYP
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| WIRE－WOOND | $6 / 6$. | WIRE－WOUND POTS． 3 WATr．Pre－sel Min． TV Types．All values to 10 ohrus to 2h $\mathrm{K} . . \mathrm{3}$－eal WIRE－WOOND 4 WATTS Pots．Long spindle PHILIPS TRIMMERS． $0-10$ pF＇， $3-10 \mathrm{pH}$, ，i／

TRIMMERS，Ceramic．30，et． $70 \mathrm{pF} ., 9 \mathrm{~d} . ; 100 \mathrm{pFr}$ ，
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10 watt $\}$ WIRE－WOUND RESISTORS
10 watt
10 ohms－ 10.000 ohms
12.5 K to 25 K 10 W ．
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}1 / 3 \\ 2 /-\end{array}\right.$
$21-$
$31-$

Yolume Controls Linesar of Log Tracks
Iong apimilles．

 teremiohirim 1m． $\log +1 \mathrm{~m}$ ．A／loz． $7 / 6$

MAINS TRANSFORMERS 200／250 v．A．C． STANDARD Postage 2f each transformer．

```A．c．
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a.

$\qquad$ STapped $4 \mathrm{v}, 4$ a．Rectitier， 60 m ，, 6.3 v ．

 MINATURE L00 v． 20 mA，6．3 v． 1 a． $10 / 6$

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## INTERVALVE TRANSFORMERS

 O．P．TRANSFORMERS．Heavy Duty． $5 / 6$ ．Multi ratio．\％／6．Multratio heavy duty push－pull，10w． 15／6 Battery 4／6．Hub，min．，5／8．10w．O．F．matching trans．，3， $7,15 \Omega, 12 / 8$ ． L．F．CHOKES $15 / 10 \mathrm{H} ., 60 / 65 \mathrm{raA}, 5 \mathrm{f}$ ； $10 \mathrm{H}, 85 \mathrm{~mA}$ ， TINNED COPPER WIRE 16 to 22 swg．，$\ddagger 1 \mathrm{~b}$ ．， $3 /$－ TINNED COPPER WIRE 16 to 22 swg． $41 \mathrm{~b}, 3 /-$
ENAMSL COPPER WIRE $16-422 / 8 ; 24.30,3 / 6$ GNAMEL COPPER WIRE $16-222$ 2／3； FULL WAVE BRIDGE SELENIUM RECIFIER： ＇Harger travsrorvers Tan，a．， 1 ， ChARGER TRANSFORMERS．Tapped input 200 － an anper 17／6； 4 anlp．，22／6．：1， 4 AMP CAB BATTERY CHABGER


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## 4 TRANSISTOR PUSH－PULL AUDIO

 AMPLIFIER$\Delta$ ready huilt miniature push－pullamplifier with Driver and out put，transtormers．\＆transistors． Ideal for use with record players，inturemos．， BABY ALARMS，etc．Complete with tull
$47 / 6$ instruetions and circuit．
Toggle Swiththe．${ }^{\text {s．p．p．} 2 /-;}$ d．p．， $3 / 6$ ．
d．p．d．t．．4／－．Min．Slide d．p．d．t．， $3 / 6$ ．


THREE WAVEBANDS

five valves LatLest mulicalid L．W： 800 m －$-2,000 \mathrm{~m}$
 12 month Ginarante．
A．C．200／250 V．Shotl－Mrdium．Long／Gram．
 size $13 i n$ ． x tim．Ahteel and calibrated．Isulated
 $\$ 9.15 .6$ Carr．\＆Ins $4 / 6$ ．

## BAKERS SELHURST

 LOUDSPEAKERS12in．Baker， 15 m ．Atalwart | 3 or 16 | ohms， | $45 \cdot 13,000$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| c．p．s． | $\ldots$ | .$-58 n s$. | 12in．Sterco，Foam Sus－ pension， 12 c．p．s．

1：in．Btandard H．D
40－14．500 c．p．в．
12in．1ve lure 157 gns．
$17,000 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{p}$ ．s． 8 gise
12in．Bass $25 \mathrm{~m} .20 \cdot 14,000$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { c．p．e } & 12 \mathrm{gns} \text { ．}\end{array}$


15in．Auditorimm 35 W． 20 c．p．s．to 12 ko／a Heak
proofed paxolin coil former． 18 gns.
LOUDSPEAKERS P．M． 3 OHM，21，3．4，5in．； $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$ ．，15／6；612in．Rola，18／6； 81 in ．Plessey，17／6； $9 \times$ Gin．， $8 \times 5$ in．， $21 /-: 10 \times \operatorname{lin}, 22 / 6 ; 10 \mathrm{in}$ ．Rola， $30 /-$ ； 12 in ．R．A．， $30 / \mathrm{F}$ ；EMI double cone， $13 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. ． 45／－．STENTORIAN HF1012， 10 in ． 3 to 15 ohms， 10 w ． 87／6；sin．HF太［2，22／－；Tweeter T359，30／－；Cross－ over CX $3000,30 /$－．EXTENSION SPEAKER CABIN－ ETS．5in．，15／8；6fin．，18／6；8in．，19／6；10in．，20／6； 12in．， $00 \%$ ．

C．R．T．BOOSTER TARANSHORMLEIRS for heater cathode shor＇t circuit，or tubes with failine emission．Full instructions supplied，mains input．

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Vol. XL NO. 688 JUNE, 1964


## Sense of Proportion

1LL manner of interests and aims motivate the amateur radio enthusiast. These stimuli are not so varied as the results of the motivation, but nevertheless the initial interest can be triggered off by a variety of reasons.

For many constructors it is the end product which makes it all worth while-the actual listening on a newly-built receiver or amplifier. Others derive their greatest joy from the actual physical construction, so that when the equipment is finished interest tends to flag until a new building project is under way.

To others, the challenge lies in designing their own new equipment, or in adapting published designs to suit their personal requirements. There are some who just like reading about things!

Thus the stimulus may be materialistic, utilitarian, manipulative, theoretical, and so forth. What drives one constructor on, leaves his companion cold; and vice versa. Basically, this is splendid. It provides contrast, adds spice to the hobby and makes talking points between fellow enthusiasts.

Most constructors have some technical knowledge, albeit only slight, and because of this understanding of why a piece of equipment functions in the way that it does and the realisation of what it could do when working at optimum efficiency, it is inevitable that after completing a new piece of equipment, the enthusiast with an enquiring mind may well find himself dissatisfied.

He may seek to further improve the results obtained-by critical adjustments, by experimenting. This again is commendable for it shows a willingness to learn and to search for better and better results. It is this attitude which leads enthusiasts to squeeze the last microvolt of sensitivity from a communications receiver, to reduce to the smallest degree the distortion in an amplifier, even to tidy up wiring and smarten the physical appearance of a finished unit.
These efforts are quite understandable and the hallmark of the true enthusiast. For inside most radio constructors there is a perfectionist trying to get out. But danger can lurk if we become too hyper-critical! It is one thing to be content with nothing short of the optimum efficiency one can reasonably expect from a given piece of equipment, but quite another to strive for the impossible.

And apart from the frustrations inevitable when failing to realise the limitations in a design, one is always in danger of losing sight of the original objective. We all know of the audiophile so intent on trying to assess the degree of phase distortion that he never hears the music being played. Or the TV enthusiast who sits miserably glowering at a slight frame non-linearity while the family relax with Panorama. Or the dyed-in-the-wool hi-fi fanatic who would rather listen to a frequency test record than a concerto.

Although this is, naturally, only a matter of maintaining a sense of proportion, there must surely be more than a few enthusiasts who, in their preoccupation with the search for perfection have completely lost sight of what they set out to achieve in the first place-the building of a piece of equipment to be enjoyed!



## U.K. 2 Transmits Meteorite Data

NEWS AT HOME AND ABROAD

## RSGB V.H.F./U.H.F. CONVENTION DATE

 THE Radio Society of Great Britain has announced the date of its tenth International v.h.f./u.h.f. Convention as Saturday, May 16 th. The Convention will be divided into three sections; the morning will be devoted to an exhibition of trade and amateur products, the afternoon will consist of a programme of lectures and in the evening there will be a dinner at which a number of prizes will be presented.The venue for this event will be the Kingsley Hotel in London


The window of aluminium foil used in U.K.2's meteorite detector equipment.
and tickets are available for the Convention and dinner or for the Convention only.

## Electronic Navigation Equipment in Trident Airliner

MTUCH of the electronic equipment carried by the Hawker Siddeley Trident airliner, which recently made news by making a successful "hands-off" landing, was supplied by the Marconi Company Limited. In fact the aircrafi's "Autoland" system which was to a large degree responsible for this accomplishment, was fed with primary information provided by Marconi-made navigation and approach guidance equipment, type AD260. This equipment forms part of the well-known Marconi Sixty Series of airline radio equipment.

The very exacting degree of accuracy and stability required of these equipments, has been achieved by employing the latest techniques in electronic circuit design and sealed modalar construction.

Also included in the Trident's radio equipment are Marconi v.h.f. communication and automatic direction finding equipments and an aircraft selective calling system.

o$N$ board the second United Kingdom satellite-U.K.2now circling the earth after its successful launch from Wallops Island, Virginia, is electrical equipment manufactured by Ferranti Limited, and which is being used to transmit data on the concentration and size of micro-neteorites (cosmic dust) in space. After it was decided to include this experiment in the scientific programme of U.K.2, Dr. Jennison of Manchester University evolved a technique for counting and sizing the micrometeorites, to be developed and built subsequently by Ferranti Limited.
In operation an aluminium foil moving across a window in the satellite housing, is punctured by micro-meteorites mecting it, thus allowing sunlight to penetrate the foil for a brief period of time when the rotation of the satellite presents the window towards the sun. Behind the foil is a bank of Ferranti solar cells on which one ray of light for every hole in the foil falls, producing a pulse of electrical energy in the cells in proportion to the size of the hole. A second instrument in the satellite detects finer dust particles and although its mechanics are different. the principle of operation is similar.

The outputs from the solar cells are amplified by equipment designed and developed once again by Dr. Jennison and Ferranti Limited respectively, and these amplified signals are next transmitted back to earth to be picked up by the ground tracking stations.

## BBC REVIEW STEREO BROADGASTS

'I'HE BBC's recognition of the substar.ial public demand which exists for regular stereophonic broadcasts, was illustrated recently by the Corporation's contribution of special stereo
transmissions during London's Audio Fair (see "Audio Fair Comment" page 161). However it has also been recognised that commitments to regular broadcasting cannot be made until a

## New Water Pipes Present Electrical Hazard

RE ECENT discussions between representatives of the Institution of Electrical Engineers and the Institution of Water Engineers has led to the Councils of the two Institutions issuing a joint statement concerning earthing of electrical installations to water pipes. The statement was authorised in consideration of the increasing use of non-metallic water mains and water pipes which presents an electrical hazard by not being able to provide the earthing properties which have become associated with metallic pipes and for which they have been used considerably by consumers for earthing electrical equipment.
The statement explains that most danger exists when part of an existing water pipe installation is altered to incorporate pipes made from non-metallic materials, without allowing for the fact that this may break the continuity of the metallic path to earth and thus leave some electrical equipment, which had previously been adequately earthed by connection to one point in the system, without proper earthing. As efficient earthing is one of the best means of ensuring freedom from fire and shock in a consumer's electrical installation, such a situation would present a very real electrical hazard.

When a new water pipe installation is completed however, the position is somewhat different as, on the advice of the local Electricity Board, a form of electrical earth will be provided which will be independent of the water system and to which electrical equipment will be earthed. If, initially, metallic pipes are installed, equipment may be bonded to them as an extra precaution as any alteration in the water pipe system at a later date which would remove its earthing properties, would still leave the equipment properly earthed.

A consumer who wishes to alter his water supply system can obtain the advice of his Electricity Board concerning its earthing properties.

## Telephone Contract with Portugal

$\mathrm{A}^{\mathrm{S} \text { part of their expansion and }}$ modernisation programme, the Portuguese Department of Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones has placed an order for automatic exchange equipment with Automatica Electrica Portuguesa, SARL, company operated by Plessey Overseas Limited, for the manufacture of telecommunications equipment.

The equipment will be assembled at the Company's Lisbon factory and will be installed in the centres of the national telephone network.

## Museum Marks Pioneer's Centenary

LONDON'S Science Museum currently has on show a special exhibition commemorating the centenary year of the birth of S. $Z$. de Ferranti, pioneer of the use of electric power, and well remembered for his Deptford scheme of 1890 which included a power station destined to become the forerunner of the modern power station. The name of Ferranti has become automatically associated with many other inventions of electrical equipment and the Science Museum exhibition -which was opened during April by his grandson Sebastian Z. de Ferranti-and a specially prepared booklet, provides an interesting account of his life's work. The exhibition will continue until the end of August.
decision on the system to be used has been taken, and this in turn must be influenced by any decision on a common system for use throughout Europe. Although this latter question has already been considered by the CCIR and will probably be considered again early in 1965, final agreement is not expected before the next Plenary Assembly of the CCIR in 1966.

The approval of the Postmaster General is necessary for the introduction of stereophonic broadcasting in this country and, as with the question of adopting an agreed system of colour television transmission, it now seems that a final decision on stereo broadcasts must be deferred pending recommendations from Europe and various official bodies including the Television Advisory Committee.

This whole problem has been the subject of a review made recently by the BBC taking into account, amongst other factors, the results of the experimental work already done and with which it is now proposed to continue until the time of the CCIR meeting in 1966.

## GPO INSTALL NEW EQUIPMENT <br> TRafFIC on International

 Radio-Telegraph circuits is often subject to interference or fading on the radio path which introduces errors into the information being sent. To combat this, the G.P.O. has brought into service a fully electronic automatic error detection and correction installation at Fleet Building, London. Believed to be the first installation of its kind in the world to carry traffic, this equipment-known as ARQ"protects" the circuits by automatically detecting and correcting any errors that have been introduced. These two operations are carried out by ARQ terminal equipments, 50 of which will eventually handle 200 channels terminating at the London Centre.Other equipment at this $A R Q$ Centre permits traffic to be stored on magnetic drums when radio conditions over the protec ted links are poor.


# Designed and Described by David Gibson 

## 7Mc/s <br> TRANSCEIVER

IN the world of wireless, as in any other spheres of technical interest, there will always appear from time to time apparatus which has a "novelty" appeal. There are, no doubt, readers who are essentially very practically minded and who have no time for novelties, whereas some other readers will delight in such circuitry.

Any magazine or editor, is faced with the constant, and very difficult, problem of trying to accommodate all tastes, and in presenting this month's blueprint, it is felt that both these two groups will gain a measure of satisfaction. The novelty enthusiasts, because it is shown how to build an anmateur transmitting station-transmitter, receiver, and frequency meter on a chassis which measures only $3 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{in}, \mathrm{x} 2 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$. $\mathbf{x} \frac{9}{16} \mathrm{in}$. complete with valves. This unit is thus small enough for the overcoat pocket and requires only a very modest power source to get on the air. Indeed, the power supply from the average domestic valve receiver will suffice.

The practically minded or the more serious reader will find this project of interest since it presents a transmitter and receiver which is efficient and will take up hardly any room at all. It can be used as a standby rig and/or a crystal frequency meter to provide accurate calibration from $1-30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. Miscellaneous crystals may be tested with it and if the appropriate crystal and coils are inserted, it could prove most uscful for 160 metres, where there is a maximum of 10 W anyway.

Most QRO rigs for $3.5-28 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ present a problem when trying to use them on top band because a great deal of power has to be lost. If the big rig runs 150 W then some means of "losing" 140 W is required and the usual practice is to construct a separate TX for top band. This article describes the construction of just such a rig with the minimum number of components consistent with reliability together with simple uncomplicated circuitry.

For others, this unit might prove very useful to take on holiday. In such an application as this, a companion midget power unit might be constructed using a TV preamplifier type double wound mains transformer together with a couple of silicon diodes.

## THE TRANSMITTER SECTION

The transmitter consists of a Pierce crystal oscillator operating on $7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. followed by a pentode power amplifier also tuned to $7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. This circuit configuration (see Fig. 1 on Blueprint) is chosen so as to use the mininum number of components consistent with reliable performance.

Now to consider the circuit in some detail. Cl is used mainly to isolate the crystal X1 from the h.t. line. Some constructors may point out that circuits do exist which do not use a capacitor at all in this position, but this would have meant that the crystal socket pins on the front panel were live with respect to the case, and Cll was inchuded to
avoid this. R1 provides the necessary bias for the triode portion of V1 and 1.1 is an r.f. choke anode load.

C2 performs the usual role of coupling capacitor, passing the generated signal to the grid of the p.a. stage, and also serves as a blocking capacitor.

R2 provides the necessary bias for the pentode section and the actual bias voltage is ohtained from the signal itself. Using this method of biasing means that the p.a. must be heyed, otherwise when there is no signal there will be no bias and the p.a. will immediately start to draw excessive current. It would, of course. be possible to place a resistorcapacitor combination in the cathode of the p.a. in order to limit the current under no-drive periods. but this would have meant two extra components plus a slight loss of power.

It was also necessary to key the c.o. otherwise it would block the receiver if left running. Since, however, the h.t. is switched from transmitter to receiver. it would be in order to take the cathode of VI triode directly to earth and key only the pentode section if so desired. Should this be done, it might also be an idea to plug a modulator into the key socket thus using cathode modulation of the p.a. As this form of modulation is in the "efli-

ciency" class. only a very small amount of audio power would be required.

The inductor 1.2 functions as an r.f. choke and C4 as a blocking capacitor to prevent a short between h.t. positive and earth via L.3. VC1 and L3 form a tuned circuit reasonant at the transmitting frequency.

It would have been in order to place the tuned circuit in the anode lead to the p.a. thus eliminating C4. but the spindle of VCI would then be at h.t. potential and this was considered undesirable.

## THE RECEIVER SECTION

There is nothing startling or new about the receiver. indeed one old timer on seeing it remarked that apart from the size it was pretty much the same as his main station receiver back in the 1920's. However, with the use of modern
high gain valves today's $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{V}-1$ circuit can prove lively and efficient. The receiver, thercfore, consists of a triode detector followed by a pentode audio amplifier.

The triode section is a regenerative detector complete with the normal tuned grid circuit and grid leak R3, with VC4 acting as the regeneration control. R4 and R5 are anode load and decoupling resistors. the capacitor $C 8$ passing on the signal to the pentode grid.

C 7 is used to provide an "easy" path to earth for any residual r.f. which may have ventured thus far. R7 and C9 are the usual bias components common to many audio stages and $R 8$ forms the anode load of the pentode. The earphones aro


Fig. 7 (above): Alternative aerial coup/ing circuits.

Fig. 6 (left): The tin plate bracket used wo mount the trimmers, TCI and TC2.
plugged into the jack socket $\mathbf{J} 2$ and the capacitor C 10 provides the necessary isolation from the h.t.

## AERIAL INPUT ARRANGEMENT

The aerial input and tuned circuits may appear a little unusual, especially on the receiving side. One of the shortcomings of a regenerative detector is poor selectivity. The present circuit helps to improve matters by providing an additional tuned circuit ahead of the usual one VC3. L5. These two tuned circuits are top coupled by the small capacitance of C5 and it is very important that this is the only coupling between the two.

If the twin gang capacitor VC2. VC3, is not to hand or proves difficult to obtain. then the circuit will continue to function well by amitting this first tuned circuit, i.e., L4, TC1. VC2 and C5. The antenna input then goes to the spare winding on

L5 which in the present circuit is ignored. (See Fig. 7.)
Some readers may prefer to ignore the coupling windings anyway and tap the aerial on to the grid end of the coil via a trimmer, this being a practical aid to help eliminate "dead spots" and also to offer a much better match to certain types of aerial. Constructors who prefer this may do so with confidence and modify the circuit shown accordingly.
Also, with a regenerative circuit there is always a possibility of radiating interference. With an

This material is used instead of the more usual aluminium because it can be cut to any shape or size with a pair of household scissors and is very easy to bend, while being already tinned, components' requiring to be earthed can be soldered directly to it. If aluminium was used nuts, bolts, and tags would be required for this purpose. Note, do not make the chassis any deeper than sin. If you do, the result will be a midget station with the only minor drawback that it will be impossible to plug in the valves. You have been warned!

The holes for the two B9A valve holders are cut first and a couple of holes drilled to allow leads to come up from below chassis. Next, complete all under chassis wiring prior to its insertion in the case as once this and the variable capacitors above chassis are wired there is no way of getting at under-chassis components again without unsoldering all the variables and removing both them and the valves in order to lift out the chassis.
One interesting and very practical suggestion is that the bottom on the case should be removed and a small base-plate fitted. This would make inspection and servicing very much simpler-not to mention ease of construction. See Fig. 8. This is not done in the prototype and there may be some, who, for various reasons
FIg. 8: Showing how the base of the unit is modified to incorporate a cut-out inspection opening.
extra tuned circuit between the regenerative detector and aerial this would obviously assist in preventing unwanted radiation. Another way of wiring the extra tuned circuit is shown in Fig. 7 and wired in this manner would be similar to having an aerial tuning unit-but with the added advantage of only having one knob to tune.
The main tuning, i.e. bandset, is centred on the band by the trimmers TC1 and TC2, and the variable then acts as a bandspread. This was found very helpful on today's crowded bands. When adjusting the trimmers to centre the tuning. remember to set the bandspread to half mesh first.

## CONSTRUCTION

It is very strongly advised that intending constructors should be in possession of ALL components including chassis and case prior to commencing actual construction. This is very important especially when working to close tolerances as in the present case.
All parts should be measured carefully and holes drilled accordingly. There may well be slight differences between similar components and the drawings and layouts given should be used only as a guide. As an example of the exactness of layout the two capacitors VC1 and VC4 just fit flush in the case specified. There is no room for any error at all since they are already flush up against the sides of the case and thus these components cannot be manipulated either way to correct for inaccuracies in holes already drilled.
The actual chassis was made from a piece of thin tinplate.

Fig. 9: Mounting details of the green coil.
will not wish to cut a panel from the case. For the benefit of those the foilowing tips are offered based on experience gained in wiring the original unit seen in the photograph.
First wire the whole chassis. all leads from below chassis, to an $\mathrm{y}^{-}$ thing above, i.e. p.a. tuning capacitor lead,
 etc., should be wired and a long floating lead pushed through the -appropriate hole. The green coil with reaction winding (Denco Range 4) may either be mounted by drilling a hole and using the plastic locking nut supplied, or the method used in the original may appeal. A small scrap of tinplate is cut roughly to shape shown in Fig. 9. The core of the coil is removed and the thread for the plastic locking nut is cut off. The pointed end of the tinplate is then heated and pressed into the plastic end of the coil and allowed to cool and set. The coil can then be soldered via the piece of tin-

plate to the chassis. Note, the dust cores are removed from both coils.

The crystal holder and the two jack plugs present a problem as once the chassis is in place these three components are inside and have to be fixed from the outside. The jack sockets are "rescued" with a small piece of 18 s. w.g. wire bent as shown in Fig. 10. This was inserted into the hole in the "front panel", hooked on to the jack socket, and pulled. This exposed the threaded collar of the jack socket and the locking nut was then screwed on with the other hand.

The crystal holder was a bigger problem, as there was no fixed threaded part which was itself connected to the component as in the case of the threaded collar on the jack sockets. In order to overcome this difficulty two bolts were inserted in the fixing holes in the crystal socket and were glued in place. When the glue was quite dry (24 hours to be certain) the socket was then wired into circuit and the chassis placed in the case. The jack sockets were then brought out as per the instructions given above. A pair of long-nosed pliers were then inserted into the actual crystal sockets and the whole assembly was pulled gently into position. The two nuts were then screwed on with the free hand. (Fig. 12.)

No definite dimensions are given for the shield and mounting for the variable bandspread capacitor since these will vary depending on the component used. If a single capacitor is used instead of the bandpass arrangement shown, then the screen will not be necessary. In the prototype, the two bandset 300 pF trimmers are mounted on one tinplate shield and the aerial coil on the other. This latter coil is held in position by a piece of 18 s .w.g. wire from pins 1 and 9 and are earthed anyway. This coil and the trimmer or trimmers are wired up complete with tinplate screen. and the bandspread capacitors as one unit, prior to inserting the whole in the case.

## POWER SUPPLY

On the roof of the case is a switch marked transmit/receive. It is either a single-pole two-way or a two-pole two-way.

One pole switches the aerial to either the transmitter p.a. coil or to the receiver in put. the use of the other pole is optional. If a midget power unit is constructed using a TV pre-amplifier type transformer it must be noted that the maximum ratiog of these transformers is somewhere around 30 mA . With both transmitter and receiver nunning, the drain on such a p.u. p.s.u. might well prove too great for the particular transformer. and in such a case the other pole S1b can be used to switch the h.t. to either valve, thus saving power. The power supply used on the original was capable
of supplying 150 mA and the necessity did not arise.
Incidentally, the average domestic valve radio will supply a convenient form of power, if a suitable plug or adaptor is made. It would be even feasible to remove the output valve, plug in the rig in its place, and go on the air.

IMPORTANT. If you do use the power supply of a domestic receiver, first ascertain that the heater voltage is suitable-some radio sets have series connected heaters etc. It is imperative to check that the set is NOT an a.c./d.c. type, i.e. with mains directly connecting to one side of the chassis. It is equally important that if a midget p.s.u. is made that this is not an a.c./d.c. type either. One glance at the blueprint will show that the headphones would then be connected to one side of the mains as would the entire case, and this
 danger alone makes such a p.s.u. us, desirable if not impracticable.

This point is mentioned at some length because in these days of miniaturisation it might prove a temptation to use just one

Fig. 11: The p.a. coil mounting details.


Fig. 12: The method of mounting the crystal socket.
tiny silicon diode in a half wave configuration for the h.t. line and do away with a comparatively bulky h.t. transformer.

## R.F. CHOKES

The two r.f. chokes in the transmitter circuit can be small standard components of any type that will fit in. In the prototype these were, in fact. derived from i.f. coils of the type originally intended for transistor sets, the associated capacitor and dust core being removed in each case. The first r.f. choke in the anode of the triode has one pie removed to avoid the possibility of parasitics. These converted i.f.'s have proved very efficient in this unusual role and stand up to the higher voltages applied to them.

The two midget jack plugs and sockets again originally favourites for transistor work appear to stand up satisfactorily to the tasks allotted them in the present design.

## TRANSMITTER AERIAL CIRCUITS

The p.a. coil will present no problems, being merely a length of wire wound on a $\frac{3}{8}$ in. diameter
former. The actual former used in the prototype was a pill bottle with a plastic top bolted to a piece of tinplate which was soldered directly to the chassis. However 3 in . diameter formers (preferably ceramic) are available, which will save would-be constructors touring chemists shops with a ruler! The method of feeding the aerial from this coil is a matter of choice and will rather depend upon the aerial to be used.
If a dipole is available, then a link winding of some three turns should prove satisfactory, it being only necessary to adjust their position on the tank coil for correct loading and maximum output.

Aerial tuning units and lowpass filters are usually wired to accommodate a low impedance input, and again link coupling will serve.
If, on the other hand a random length of wire, say, end-fed, is to be loaded up then it is possible to achieve this by tapping directly on the p.a. coll. the tap being varied up or down until a good match is secured. Once the correct tap has been located for a particular crystal and length of aerial

> A view of the finished transceiver with the side ponel removed to show the compact method of construction employed.
it will not need to be varied. Thus, if, say, 40 ft . of throw-out wire is loaded up then this could be carried in a small coil as a portable antenna.
A change of frequency, i.e. plugging in another crystal, will mean a change of tapping point on ihe p.a. coil. However, if two or three crystals are to be used and their frequencies are close together, then the same tap might be used with only slight loss of efficiency. The 40 metre band is only $100 \mathrm{ke} / \mathrm{s}$ wide and of this $100 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ only the lower $50 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ are usually used for c.w. Suitable crystals for $7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ are available very cheaply on the exgovernment market and these units are reconmended for the transmitter described here.

## TRANSMITTER TUNING

The transmitter may be tuned in a number of ways. By far the best method is to use a standing wave ratio (s.w.r.) meter to enstire that the last watt goes up the spout! For those not so equipped, the usual method of tuning for a dip on a meter :n the p.a. anode may be used. Here, the mA meter may conveniently be plugged into the jack socket in place of the key for initial tuning up. The power input cannot be exactly calculated from this, because the meter will read not only the p.a. anode current, but p.a. screen and triode current as well. However, with the valve and h.t. used it is doubtful if one could violate the terms of the transmitting licence and exceed the permitted 150 W for 7Mc/s!!

## RECEIVER TUNING

The usual tuning procedure for regenerative circuits is used. For phone signals, the regeneration control is advanced to the point just before the detector starts to oscillate. For c.w. reception the control is adjusted just to the point of oscillation, turning it any further may result io lowered sensitivity.

## FINAL REMARKS

The case is a steel case, and perhaps aluminium would be a more suitable choice. The steel case was a standard line, easily obtainable and was, therefore, chosen. Those who prefer aluminium could, perhaps, get a case made specially to their desired dimensions from any of the firms advertising such a service.
In the prototype, there is no form of ventilation and in view of the bulb temperature attained by

miniature glass valves it is advised that a numler of small holes, grouped in a neat pattern, be drilled in strategic places in the case; at the rear of the valves, low down near their bases, and immediately above them should suffice.
To use the station for other bands the appropriate coils th the Denco range should be used in place of those shown. The p.a. coil in the transmitter would require the number of turns to be varied accordingly. Suggested lines for experiment would be 45 turns for $3 \cdot 5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and 95 turns for $1.8 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ (fine wire). It is not suggested that the station be used on the higher bands due to the efficiency of the receiver decreasing with increased frequency.

## 35W Guitar Amplifier

## FURTHER INFORMATION

An indirectly heated rectifier such as a GZ34 should be used instead of the 5 U 4 , for although the 5U4 will prove satisfactory, it is probable that the reliability of the equipment will be enhanced by substituting a GZ34.

Suitable types of $32+32 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ electrolytics for C 6 and C7 are: Radiospares 450 V , or Hunt's KB716 500 V . It is important ihat the outer ection of these dual units be used as a reservoir capacitor (C7).

Also the width of the cabinet should be $9 \frac{1}{2}$ in. and not 8 in . as given

# TEST GEAR accessories 

## Part 5

IIANY experimenters when they see the words "calibrated attenuator" expect to be confronted with a highly expensive "T" or "H" type instrument using precision components to give matched input and output impedances.

While these are very desirable additions to any den, they are usually well beyond the pocket of the average experimenter.

However, a continuously variable potentiometer (volume control) type of attenuator can be made up and calibrated with quite a high degree of accuracy.

These kind of attenuators also have the added advantage that they can be used as a variable "resistance box" for easily changing the value of a resistor in an experimental set-up. In conjunction with a voltage a.c. source, then can also be used as calibrators for an oscilloscope, valve voltmeter or even a multimeter.

Fig. 16: The ottenuator circuit described in the text.


## BUILDING THE ATTENUATOR

The circuit of this attenuator is very simple and is given in Fig. 16. The volume control used should be of the wirewound type, and it should be of as large a diameter as possible for increased accuracy ( 3 inches diameter at least).


Fig. 17: The method of construction used and recommended by the author, for the two units discussed in this article.

## BY C. MACKAY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 43 OF THE MAY ISSUE

The author originally built two attenuators, one with a low maximum resistance (100』) and one with a large maximum resistance ( $100,000 \Omega$ ). Each control was mounted in a separate metal box (in fact, an old square biscuit tin painted black).

The contacts could be brought out on a tagstrip, spade terminals, or wander plug sockets, or as desired (see Fig. 17).

## CALIBRATING THE ATTENUATORS

Firstly, the wirewound potentiometer must be carefully examined to ascertain the number of degrees through which the control must be turned to go from maximun resistance to zero. This angle is usually $270^{\circ}$ or $300^{\circ}$.

A number of concentric ares are now drawn on a piece of white paper or card (the number depending on the number of scales required).

First, one scale should be calibrated in ohms, and then the others calibrated from the ohms scale. Obviously, the wire must be evenly wound on the control to give accuracy, and, if possible, the actual track should be examined to make sure that the windings of the control have not slipped and bunched. This particularly applies to ex-Government components.

Scales which give the attenuation ratios for these attenuators are given in Fig .18.

## FINAL SETTING UP

Perhaps the main difficulty in making these aftenuators is finally putting the pointer knob on to the spindle at the right piace.

The author finally used a simple brijge methor. In this method, two $2 \%$ resistors. R2 and R3, in Fig. 19 of equal values are attached to points $A$ and $C$ in Fig. 16. and the two free ends are joined. The resistors used for R2 and R3 in Fig. 19 should be of the same order as the value of one-half of R1.

A reasonably sensitive meter is connected across A and C as in Fig. 19 with sonse form of overload protection (R4 in Fig. 19). A d.c. voltage is applied across $B$ and $D$, and $B$ is adjusted until the meter reads zero. R4 is gradually inoreased towards its maximum, and each time R4 is


Fig. 18: Attenuator calibration scales.


Fig. 19: The simple bridge arrangement used for setting up the attenuators.
$2-10 \%$ of maximum resistance. However, the bottom tenth of the scale will not give very good accuracy, but it is useful for comparative indicators.

## USING THE ATTENUATORS

Firstly, it should be clearly said that these attenuators are intended for use only where a negligible current is being taken out of the attenuator. If current is being taken out, it will be necessary to re-calculate the setting of the attenuator under the required conditions.

An example is shown in Fig. 20 (a) where Rab equals $10 \Omega$ and Rbc equals $90 \Omega$. Vab therefore


Fig. 20 (above): (a) allowing for load current;
(b) representing the general principle of (a).

Fig. 21 (below)t The set-up used when measuring the gain of an amplifier.
adjusted, R1 should be readjusted for zero current. When the point of zero current is finally ascertained, the pointer knob is put on the spindle so that it is opposite the mark for one-half of the full resistance of R1.

Other methods may work just as well, and the experimenter is encouraged to try them.

## ACCURACY

The accuracy of the finished attenuator depends on the components used, and the accuracy of the calibration. This may be checked if an accurate bridge is available. In general, however, the calibration may be taken to be accurate within

equals one-tenth of Vac.
If a $10 \Omega$ resistance is connected externally across $A B$, then Rab, the effective resistance across $A B$, becomes $5 \Omega$.
Therefore Vab equals $5 / 95$ Vac, i.e. $1 / 19$ Vac.
-continued on Daņe 136

# Compact One-valve Amplifier 

This has been designed as a companion unit to the "Short Wave One" (published in a recent issue) and, like that receiver, is suitable for the beginner to build.

BY C. J. MITCHELL

TTHIS is a small one-valve audio amplifier designed for use with the "Short Wave One" described in the March issue. The same method of construction is employed and this simple amplifier will bring the radio output up to loudspeaker strength.

## Modifications to Original Receiver

This amplifier, or for that matter any amplifier, cannot be connected directly to the "Short Wave One" as the headphones are in series with the h.t. supply. The simplest and cheapest method of modification (see Fig. 1) is as follow's.

Disconnect both sides of the headphone socket and earth one side. Now remove the r.f. choke 1.2. Solder a $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor to the lead coming from


Fig. 1: The modified circuit of the "Short Wave One" for use with the omplifier.

Fig, 2 (right): The circuit of the amplifier.

## COMPONENTS LIST

Resistors:

| R1 | $8 \cdot 2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| R2 | $2 \cdot 2 M \Omega$ |
| R3 | 470 s 2 |
|  | All $\frac{1}{4} W$ carbon |

VRI 0.5MS potentiometer

## Capacitors:

Cl $\quad 0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ paper or disc ceramic
C2 $50 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ eleccrolytic 12 V
TI Small pentode output transformer (Elstone MP/T)
SI Single pole on/aff switch
VI DL33 or N16 pentode
the anode of the valve. Also from this junction solder a lead to the other side of the headphone socket. Connect the h.t. + lead to the free end of the $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor.

This completes the receiver modification. Now for details of the amplifier.

## Amplifier Construct on

The audio amplifier (see circuit. Fig. 2) is constructed in a similar manner to the "Snort Wave One ". that is, a rectangular 20 tobacco tin forms the chassis and the lid is bolted to one edge, thas forming the front panel (see Fig. 3). It will be seen that only half the tin chassis is ocelupied and a small preamplifier could be built on the other half if so desired.

## The Components

A DL33 valve was chosen due to its cheapness, small size and modest current consumption. It provides an output of about 270 mW which is adequate for many listening requirements.

Other components needed are three resistors, one potentiometer, two capacitors (one a small transistor type electrolytic) and a small pentode output transformer. The construction of this amplifier is even simpler than the radio, and needs really ro explanation. Reference to the diagrams should make this work perfectly clear. The layout of the individual components is not unduly eritical.

It is rather important that the output transformer be securely bolted down on the chassis. Shake-

proof washers should be fitted beneath the nuts.
Due to the small metal "chassis" used, it is possible that "buzz" from the transformer will be somewhat excessive. In such a case the transformer could be installed either on the loudspeaker chassis or inside the cabinet housing this unit.

## Power Supplies

The h.t. current for the DL33 can be derived from the same 90 V battery as used to supply the "Short Wave One". The current consumption of the DL 33 valve is only a little above 10 mA .

to loading effects on the regeneration of the receiver, but this should not complicate operation.

## Headphones

If phone reception is required, a pair of high impedance headphones may be connected between anode and earth via a $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ paper capacitor as shown in dotted lines in the circuit diagram. The output transformer must at all times remain in circuit.

It is possible to mute the loudspeaker by arranging for a "dummy load" resistor to be connected


Fig. $3 a$ (left) and b (right): Above and underchassis views respectively, showing component layout and wiring.

The filament of this valve requires a 1.4 V supply, and a separate U2 or similar type of dry cell will suit for this purpose. The l.t. consumption is 0.1 A . Note especially that the filament requirements of the DL33 are quite different to the heater requirements of the 955 acorn valve employed in the Short Wave One, thus a common source of l.t. current cannot consequently be used.

## Operation

The volume control may have an optimum position about three-quarters along its travel due
across the secondary winding of T 1 in place of the loudspeaker speech coil. This would require the use of a single-pole changeover switch. The rotor of this switch should be connected to one end of the output transformer secondary, one pole connected to the dummy load resistor, the other pole to one end of the loudspeaker coil; the other ends of the resistor, speech coil and T1 secondary are connected together.

The headphones may, of course, be freely connected or disconnected from the circuit without any detrimental effects occurring.

## TEST GEAR ACCESSORIES

-continued from page 134
Thus, the potentiometer must be adjusted to give the correct output.

This can be computed algebraically as follows: Let the ratio of BC to AB be X to Y (see Fig. 20(b)).

Therefore $X+Y=100 \Omega$.
A $10 \Omega$ resistor is in parallel with AB.
Therefore $\mathrm{Rab}=\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\mathrm{Y}}+\frac{1}{10}}$

$$
=\frac{10 Y}{10+Y}
$$

The required ratio of Rbc to Rab is $9: 1$
Therefore X: 10 Y

$$
\frac{10 Y}{10+Y}=9: 1
$$

and $X+Y=1 C O$
By working out these simultaneous equations in the usual way, we get the answer that $Y$ must equal $316 \Omega$.
If this calculation method is thought too complex, Abacs may be used.

## MEASURING THE GAIN OF AN AMPLIFIER

As shown in Fig. 21, some form of indicator is used to measure the level of output of an oscillator. The attenuated output of this oscillator is fed into the amplifier, and the amplifier output level compared with that of the unattenuated oscillator.

The attenuator is adjusted until these two output amplitudes are equal. When this is so. the amount of attenuation produced by the attenuator equals exactly the amount of amplification produced by the amplifier.

The attenuation level is thus read on the scale, and the gain of the amplifier is known.

Next Month fart 6

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## A MINIATURE STABILIZED POWER SUPPLY TO RUN TRANSISTOR PORTABLES FROM THE MAINS

# A Transistor Radio MAINS UNIT 

BY R. LEYLAND

ASMALL radio that has no visible external connections and can be freely moved around is more attractive than the captive set tethered to a mains socket. Nevertheless batteries become run down, and where a set is in constant use, there is something to be said for a mains unit which can be substituted for the battery, so enabling it to be run at negligible cost.

Removal of the mains unit and replacement of the battery power pack, makes the set completely portable again, and the mains unit, not being integral with the receiver, does not add to the weight; but in point of fact the battery may itself be slightly heavier than the mains unit.

## Switch

There is a minor disadvantage of such mains units in the hands of non-technical users. Accustomed to switching off at the volume control of their transistor radio, they may be unaware that this leaves the mains unit still drawing a small current from the mains. It is therefore preferable to switch off at the wall socket. Incorporating a neon indicator as a reminder if possible. On the other hand, the idea of a mains switch on the volume control with a two-pin connector should be rejected because of the proximity of the lowvoltage wiring of the transistor receiver.

Leaving the transformer connected to the mains does not necessarily involve much risk. Bell transformers, for example, are intended for continuous working, the bell-push being on the low-valtage side.

## Centre-tap

Some transistor sets require a centre-tap on the battery. This is the connecting point for the sighimpedance loudspeaker, where the output stages are of the single-ended push-pull type. To avoid the need for a centre tap on the mains power unit. the best plan is to connect a $1.000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor 25 V working) between the loudspeaker and the positive

supply line of the receiver. It must be connected the right way round, negative to the loudspeaker. This capacitor has a reactance of only $1.6 \Omega$ at $100 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, which is negligible compared with the $25 \Omega$ or more of the loudspeaker.

## Transformer

Power requirements of a transistor radio are small and can be adequately met by a power unit built around a miniature bell transformer as shown in Fig. 1 on the blueprint. The bell transformer in this design, delivers up to $8 \mathrm{~V} ; 3,5$, or 8 V being available at 0.5 A for an electric bell, according to the loudness required. This 8 V is the r.m.s. value, and it will be recalled that the peak value is $1.414 \times 8$ or 11.3 V . It is therefore feasible to derive the 9 V direct current supply for a transistor radio without resort to complications such as voltage-multiplying rectifier arrangements.

It is, however necessary (for this particular application) to work the transformer from a mains
voltage of 240 V . Those who have lower mains voltages would find it necessary to modify the transformer. The turns per volt figure is 27 , so 27 turns would have to be removed from the primary for every volt downwards from 240. As the wire of the primary is rather fine, it might be preferred to increase the secondary turns instead. This would involve rewinding the secondary with finer wire. The present winding consists of 216 turns of $28 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. enamelled wire tapped at 135 turns.

If it is found necessary to attempt modification, the greatest care should be taken over insulation, and careful checks should be made on the output voltage before putting the mains unit into service.

## Rectifier

The choice of a rectifier is important. If we use the older types of rectifier, i.e. selenium or copper-oxide; or if we employ a point-contact crystal rectifier, the output voltage will be far too low. It is essential here to use a high-efficiency rectifier of the junction diode type-either germanium or siticon. The latter has the advantage that it can work at much higher temperatures. A silicon junction diode is used in this mains unit, although the temperature remains quite low.

Because of the rapid response of a junction rectifier, it is now standard practice to protect the larger junction rectifiers by means of special auxiliary selenium rectifiers wired across them. At very low voltages this is not however usually considered necessary, and a circuit for reducing possible'voltage spikes has not been included.

## Ripple

The current requirements of a transistor radio may be smaller than that of a valve radio, but as the voltage is very much lower, the consequence is a very low value of load resistance on the power supply. Accordingly a much larger reservoir capacitor is needed to obtain an adequate value of time-constant in order to suppress ripple sufficiently. Fortunately a $1,000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor with a working voltage of 15 V can be quite small in physical size, enabling the dimensions of the power unit to be kept to slightly less than those of the equivalent battery.

Peak-to-peak ripple in the output appears to be a substantial fraction of a volt, but it is not audible in the average transistor radio with pushpull output stage. There is however an audible buzz in the receiver if the connections $A-B$ in the circuit diagram are made the wrong way round. This is because of the stray capacitance between the primary and secondary windings of the mains transformer, which does not of course have an electrostatic screen between the windings. This buzz does not occur if the positive line of the receiver connects to the inner side of the transformer secondary as in the circuit diagram.

## Zener Diode

By comparison with a battery which has a source resistance of about $8 \Omega$, a miniature mains
unit, if no Zener diode were added, would have a source resistance of between 30 and $50 \Omega$. This would correspoind to rather poor regulation; the voltage to the receiver would vary too much. and to avoid too large a fall in voltage at full volume, the voltage at low volume would have to be higher than that of a battery. Better regulation can be secured by incorporating a Zener diode.

These voltage-stabilizers are types of silicon junction diodes connected so as to pass a reverse current-if connected the wrong way, a large and damaging forward current would flow. Note that the two digdes are in senies opposition.

The usual way of employing a Zener diode is to supply it through a series resistance from a well-smoothed d.c. supply. It is, however, also possible to use them as peak limiters even on a.c., again with a series resistance. There must always be a series resistance, but in this mains unit the resistance inherent in the transformer windings will suffice.

## Peak Limiters

When used as a peak limiter, the Zener diode passes a heavy pulse of current on the peak, lasting possibly one millisecond. Simple calculation shows that in this circuit the series resistance present will restrict the pulse to considerably less than 1 A (not to take into account core saturation), and most Zener diodes have pulse ratings equal to or in excess of this. The series resistance also protects the electrolytic capacitor against the switching-on surge.

A 9 V Zener diode of adequate wattage rating should be used. Individual Zener diodes difier in voltage, but a tolerance of $\pm 5 \%$ on a nominal voltage can be obtained.
As shown in the graph, Fig. $X$, the unloaded voltage will be anything from 8.55 to 9.45 V . The average Zener current will vary even more widely-between 30 and 60 mA over this range. The large current taken by the lower voltage diodes when put into this circuit can be reduced by including a series resistance of a few ohms, and this would certainly be necessary if Zener diodes of lower nominal voltages were used.

The transformer secondary has a d.c. resistance of $2.8 \Omega$, the primary $1.350 \Omega$, the latter having the effect of an extra $1.5 \Omega$ in the secondary, making a total of $4 \cdot 3 \Omega$, which is further increased by core losses, etc. A resistor of 2 or $3 \Omega$ could be added with a diode at the lower fringe of the voltage tolerance, but is not really necessary, and none can be added with diodes at the upper fringe.

## Regulation

As the regulation curves with a Zener diode show, there is a considerable improvement over the unregulated supply, and at moderate currents the regulation is riearly equivalent to that of a battery normally used for currents up to 50 mA .

The battery has of course excellent regulation, but at excessive currents polarisation occurs and the voltage begins to sag. The service life may be taken as the period from 9 down to 6 V , reached in about 150 hours intermittent use at 25 mA .


Fig. 5: The assembled Box.

Initially, the voltage of a new battery is somewhat above 9 V .

## Construction

Besides the transformer, the circuit of the mains unit contains only three other components. These are mounted on a small panel fitting vertically in a box under the transformer (Fig. 4).

The box is made from small pieces of $\frac{1}{10} \mathrm{in}$. insulating material glued together with impact adhesive, and is double-sided for robustness. The inner box fits into the transformer base, and the whole power unit is secured together by a pair of 6B.A. bolts $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. long. The various pieces of laminated plastic sheet which go together to make up this box are drawn in detail in Fig. 3. These pieces are marked $A$ to $M$ and the method of assembly is clearly indicated in Fig. 5.

To ensure electrical safety, a cord grip consisting of a curved channel between two shaped pieces of $\frac{1}{8}$ in. hardboard is provided at the end of the transformer where the mains flex is connected, with a removable cover fastened by two small bolis (items I, J and K). This is necessary because the bell transformer is normally intended for permanent installation. whereas in the radio mains unit the flex may be subjected to movement and strain.

At the other end is a connector panel. (G and H) cut to seat a pair of battery connectors which are firmly glued on with impact adhesive. (Use a tube of the adhesive for convenience. Spread thinly. Leave for 15 minutes and then carefully first position and then press the parts together.)
The narrowness of the end of the box does not allow the connectors to be spaced more than $\frac{7}{6}$ in. apart, while on a battery the spacing is $1 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}$., and this means that short-circuits must be guarded against by wrapping with insulation tape the tags on the battery connectors of the radio set used with the power unit. To position the connectors on one of the longer sides of the mains unit instead, though possible, would not give as neat an appearance.

Markings on the transformer case show the proper end to which the mains flex is to be connected. At the other end it is unnecessary to cover the low voltage leads, and by transferring one or the other of the leads to the centre terminal. lower output voltages could be obtained if desired, but these would be unstabilized, as the 9 V Zener diode will then be out of aztion.

In running tests lasting several hours the mains unit has shown no tendency to overheat, and even with a Zener diode at the lower linnit of the voltage tolcrance. remains quite cool. Its performance has been entirely satisfactory in a transistor radio in daily use.

FIRST of all this month let's have a look at conditions on the amateur bands. The 160 m band (the lowest frequency amateur band) can really be considered as a medium wave band. This means that during daylight hours only fairly local stations can be heard. At night the range increases considerably.

Daytime range on the 80 m band is also somewhat limited but at night things improve tremendously. At present really long-distance work is possible, especially on c.w.

Forty metres is by far the most congested band in the United Kingdom. During the day it is crowded with stations from all parts of Great Britain, with the odd North European breaking through. During the night it is the lowest annateur meter band on which really long-distance working is possible regularly at present.

But if you want to hear really long-distance ham stations during daylight hours 20 m is the best band to try. Conditions are still, however, falling off fairly quickly with the advent of darkness.

Fifteen metres should give quite good daylight listening over long distances, although it will not be as consistent as 20 m . After dark the band is useless at present, although things should pick up again very soon.

No long-distance reception is likely at present on 10 m , although very local stations are likely to come in. This band is also a popular one for the mobile hams-that is, those who operate from cars.
Obviously as the ionosphere is continuously changing these can only be average conditions, so don't be surprised if you find stations coming in which are theoretically impossible to hear! Fortunately we are now well over the hump as far as this winter is concerned. Conditions on the higher frequency band are getting better almost weekly.
Newcomers are often at a loss to find sources of news and general information on short-wave happenings. Here are some suggestions:

For amateur band listeners there is probably nothing better than the Radio Society of Great Britain's Bulletin, issued only to members. The society's address is New Ruskin House, Little Russell Street, London, W.C.1. On general bookstall sale is "Short Wave Magazine", intended mainly for transmitting amateurs but containing much data on ham band activities of use to the listener.

Broadcast band listeners have several sources of information. Most comprehensive of these is the "World Radio and Television Handbook". In its 266 pages it gives frequencies and transmission times of just about every short, medium, v.h.f. and TV broadcasting station in the world. A supplement is published in June giving the
summer schedules of the major stations. Both publications can be obtained through bookshops or from Wm. Dawson and Sons Ltd., Cannon House, Macklin Street, London, W.C.2. Prices, excluding postage, are $£ 12 \mathrm{~s}$. for the handbook and 11 s . for the supplement.

Things change so quickly, however, that these two publications can only be used as a base on which to build. A fortnightly bulletin is available direct from the publishers of these handbooks but is probably a bit costly for the ordinary enthusiast.

His best source for follow-up information is the bulletin of one of the numerous short-wave clubs. The two main clubs in this country are the International Short Wave Club, 100 Adams Gardens Estate. London, S.E.16, and the International Short Wave League, 12 Gladwell Road, London, N.8.

Other sources of information are the special bulletins broadcast by the stations themselves. More about these next month. And now for some news of our own.

Radio New York Worldwide (mentioned last month) has made some changes. Full details are not yet available but at 1500 GMT it is using $11875 / 11950 / 15440 / 17760 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and at 1940 GMT is on 15440 and $11900 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.

The Swiss Short Wave Service, Berne, now operates its summer service. The main change is that the emergency winter English transmission to the British Isles in the morning has been dropped. The evening British Isles transmission is now for $1845-2015$ GMT on $7110 / 9665 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Full details of all the changes are contained in a booklet available free of charge from the station.

Kol Zion's summer schedule is now effective. Its English broadcast to Europe is from 20152045 GMT on an out-of-band frequency$9009 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. This station's address is Broadcasting House, Jerusalem, Israel.

Radio Denmark (Radiohuset, Copenhagen V, Denmark) in its summer schedule changes from $9520 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $15165 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ for the $0900-1000$ GMT transmission beamed to the Far East (heard in this country) and for the 2145-2245 GMT transmission to South America.

Test transmissions have been going out from Radio Nederland, Wereldomroaep (P.O. Box 222, Hilversum, Holland) to the Netherland Antilles. Good reception in London at 2130 GMT on $15425 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.

Finally from Argentina, Radio Nacional (Ayacucho 1556, Buenos Aires), transmits to Europe daily from 1900-2300 on 11710/11780/ $6090 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. There are one-hour transmissions in Spanish, German, Italian and French. The English transmission from 2300-0000 is on $11710 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ only.

# A New Build-and-Learn Series-4 

The "JVIVOR" (yystal +1
This series of receivers was designed primarily to give practical aid to students at an Evening Class. The circuits are unusual, but not novel. The final stage receiver described this month is much more sensitive than most two transistor receivers, but is not more difficult to build.

The text is written for the young beginner and naturally more advanced readers will find some of the information superfluous. The author is sure that any beginner will be able to make this radio as a result of this article.

## CONTINUED FROM PAGE 86 OF THE MAY ISSUE

II is now proposed to convert the present receiver to two-band operation by adding a medium wave coil. Full details for winding this coil are given in Fig. 14. The long wave coil already fitted to the ferrite rod is left in place (or the rod slid out temporarily) and the medium wave coils are wound at the other extreme end.

A layer of card is fixed with Sellotape and then, starting with a knotted piece of wire, 66 to 70 turns of $265 . w . g$. enamelled wire is put on, each turn being close up against the previous one. About fing. further towards the end of the rod another similar coil is wound with only 14 turns -this is the feed coupling winding. Over the top of this latter winding is wound about five turns of thin plastic-covered wire for feedback purposes. All coil directions are important and Fig. 14 should make them clear.

## Testing on Medium Waves

Testing the performance on medium waves is best done now by unsoldering the long wave coil from the chassis and connecting the medium wave one in its place. The coils exactly correspond and ends A. B. C, D, E and F correspond to M, L, K. J, G and H.

The ferrite rod is inserted and the receiver tested to make sure reaction is effective at any position of VCl by the use of $\mathrm{VC2}$. If reaction is overeffective, as it will be with a good r.f. transistor. then the feedback coil ( GH ) may be shortened one turn at a time. If feedback is ineffective the coil may be increased, but if the coil directions are correct this will usually be due to a low battery or poor OC44.

The whole of the medium wave band is covered and Luxembourg can be received but tuning for maximum sensitivity on medium waves takes some practise, since the reaction setting is quite critical. Thirty or forty stations should be easily obtainable in the evening on the medium wave band but daytime reception may be limited to the reception of only two or three stations.

When tested the long wave coil is replaced and the receiver tested again on long waves to ensure that its original performance has not been impaired.


Fig. 14: Medium wave coil winding detoils.

## Fitting the Wave Change Switch

The fitting and wiring up of the wave change switch S 2 is perhaps the most tricky part of the wiring for the beginner to handle. However, everything has so far been tested and careful step-by-step testing will ensure success in the fitting of the switch.

## Long Wave Switching

Leave the medium wave coil aside for the moment. The long wave coil is now working on the receiver. Examine the rotary switch carefully and fit it in the vacant hole orientated in the manner shown in Fig. 16. Note carefully that each of the four sections of the switch exactly faces one of the four sides of the receiver. This is very important for the beginner to observe.

1. Remove wite from A to the tuning capacitor VC1 and fix it to tag A of the switch (Fig. 16). Now wire the tuning to centre tag 1 on the switch. Put the switch in the correct position for 1 to contact A and test the receiver.
2. Remove the wire from $F$ to reaction capacitor. VC2 and solder it to F on the switch. Join VC2 to the centre tag 2 on the switch. Test again.
3. Repeat similar procedure with tag. C and centre tag 3. Test again.
4. Repeat with tag D and centre tag 4. Test again.
The receiver should now work exactly as before the switch was fitted provided the switch is fitted in the back of the box and turned to "long waves".


Fig. 16: The wavechange switch connections.

## Fitting Medium Wave Coil

The medium wave coil is now slid on the ferrite rod and the assembly attached to the plastic board with loops of thread. The wires are shortened as necessary and are then soldered to their correct tags.
standard plastic sandwich box (such as sold by many chain stores) will make an ideal case. The spindles of the controls are cut to about $\frac{3}{6}$ in. in length and the chassis applied to the box. Marks are then made for $\frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$. diameter holes for the control spindles.


Fig. 15: the final stage circuit with both medium and long wave coverage

Extra nuts are then obtained for the controls so that they may be placed on the outside and will in fact hold the chassis to the box. Fig. 2(d) in the first article of this series shows the general idea.
In the prototypes the author fitted at small jack plug into the side of the box and wired it to the phone tags.

The battery may be fitted secured with rubber bands or it may simply have plastic adhesive tape fitted over the live connections and be left loose within the box. Such an arrangement will do no harm as space within the case is fairly limited.
The appearance of the set will be improved if the inside is coated with gloss enamel and transfers used on the outside.
There is just room for an $80 \Omega$ or similar reed-type earpiece to be fitted in the back of the box and in some locations the volume given is well worth this addition. A somewhat easier and neater way to fit a small loudspeaker

Tags L and H are joined to tag B. The other tags, M, K, J and G (Fig. 16), are now joined to the corresponding tags on the switch. The wiring is now complete and since the coil has been tested the receiver should now work on either waveband.
Fitting the Receiver into a Case
The size of the receiver chassis is such that a
of this type is to use the slightly longer sandwich box. where there is room for even a 2 in . standard speaker unit. If this is fitted then a special singleended transistor output transformer is required and the high impedance side is connected to tags $Y$ and $Z$ and the low impedance side to the speaker tags.

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| UF/H5 | 5-ELEMENT, HEAD ONLY with CLAMP | 8.25 | 19.5 | 3616 |
| UF/H7 | 7-ELEMENT, HEAD ONLY with CLAMP | 10.5 | 24.5 | 41\% |
| UF/HIO | IO-ELEMENT, HEAD ONLY with CLAMP | $12 \cdot 5$ | 26.0 | $47 \%$ |
| UF/HI2 | 12-ELEMENT, HEAD ONLY with CLAMP | 13.5 | 28.0 | 51\% |
| UF/HI4 | I4-ELEMENT, HEAD ONLY with CLAMP | 15.0 | 29.0 | 55\%. |
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# Adding extra ranges to simple meter movements is one means of making inexpensive multimeters 

TTHE primary aim of many experimenters and constructors is to make working equipmentreceivers, amplifiers, and so on-rather than test equipment.

Unfortunately, it is very difficult to put one's own designs-not to mention other people's-into operation without making measurements. Something usually goes wrong, and without test gear one can only guess at the cause. When this happens. even the crudest test instrument may be invaluable.

These articles will describe how an inexpensive milliammeter can be converted into a multirange instrument capable of making the majority of d.c. measurements the amateur constructor will find necessary.

## Choice of Meter

A multirange meter must, basically, be fairly sensitive. For reasons which need not be repeated here, the only type which is sensitive enough for our purpose is the moving coil variety of instrument. Even then one has to be selective. It is hardly possible to use a meter with a full-scale deflection (f.s.d.) current of more than 5 mA . since a meter which draws even this current from the circuit under test may upset that circuit severely. (A 5 mA movement cannot provide a voltmeter sensitivity of more than $200 \Omega$ per volt. Compare this with the $20,000 \Omega / \mathrm{V}$ of many commercial instruments.) Nevertheless, even a 5 mA meter is vastly better than no meter at all, and one can often think of a way of using it which doesn't upset the circuit under test too much.
The first requirement, then, is an f.s.d. of 5 mA or less. But this doesn't mean that anv meter with the right f.s.d. will be usable. For example. thermo-couple meters, which can be picked up cheaply, may be sensitive enough when the thermocouple is removed. But thermo-couple meters have non-linear scales, and they are always underdamped-the needle wavers back and forth for several seconds before settling down in the final position. Such a meter is useless for our purposes.

## Meter Seales

Then there is the question of scales. A 2 mA meter with a scale 4 in . long is just as sensitive, in terms of pointer movement, as a 1 mA meter with a

2 in . scale. But can it be read with the same precision? If each meter has a scale divided into 100 units, then one division represents $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in the 1 mA meter and $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ on the 2 mA mieter. But if the smaller ( 1 mA ) meter has only 50 divisions, it may not be possible to read to any greater accuracy than the 2 mA meter. Some of the pros and cons of meter scales are illustrated in Fig. 1.


Fig. 1: Good and bad meter scoles

## Voltmeter or Milliammeter?

A moving-coil voltmeter is just a milliammeter with a series resistance. There is no reason why it should not be modified to read current. But how sensitive is it? The scale may tell you. It may be marked with the f.s.d. current or in "ohms per volt". (A $500 \Omega$ per volt meter ( $500 \Omega / \mathrm{V}$ ) has an f.s.d. of $1 \mathrm{~V} \div 500 \Omega=2 \mathrm{~mA}$.)

Many surplus "voltmeters" turn out to be simply milliammeters, designed to be used with an external series resistor ("multiplier"). Again, the scale may tell you this. Look out for cryptic lettering like "Use Ext. Res.", "EXT. MULT.", "Ext. Ser. Res.". (Similarly. current meters may be more sensitive than is implied by their scales. If this is the case, they are usually marked in small print. with the true f.s.d., the meter resistance, and the instruction "Use External Shunt ".)

## Method of Mounting

For most purposes. the flush-mounting type of meter. fixed by three or four bolts or, less frequently, a rear mounting clip. is most useful.
Some specimens are marked "calibrated for use
on a steel panel". If this is not so, and you want to use a steel panel, check the meter calibration in situ. The projecting type of meter is more vulnerable to accidental damage, since it sticks out from the panel, but is sometimes useful because it takes up little space inside the cabinet. Plug-in types cannot be used as such unless you have one of the special sockets, but since they can also be clipmounted this is no great drawback.

## Meter Repairs

Generally speaking, meter repairs are too difficult for amateurs. The aim should always be to obtain a sound working instrument in the first instance. The following hints may prove helpful in some cases, but remember to treat these instruments with great carc.

It is a good rule never to open up a meter unless it is absolutely necessary. It only lets in dirt, or worse still, magnetic particles-iron filings from the work bench.

If the pointer sticks at one place it may be because magnetic particles have already been picked up by the magnet and have entered between the magnet and the moving coil. In this case there is no help for it but to take out the meter and prod them out with a finc wirc, a piece of plasticine also is a useful aid for extracting and collecting extraneous particles.


Fig. 2: An extension to a soldering iron bit for meter movement repairs.

An open-circuit meter can sometimes be repaired by going over the joints at each end of the moving coil with a soldering iron. Use some thick copper wire wrapped round the bit as a slim extension bit (Fig. 2). Be very carcful not to apply pressure, which may damage the bearings.

A broken pointer can sometimes be replaced by a thin dried grass stalk pushed over the stub.

## Vital Statistics

Assuming we have obtained a suitable meter (f.s.d. 5 mA , elcarly calibrated scale, and suitable mounting), how can the range be extended? One can do nothing without knowing the vital statistics of the instrument. These are:

Coil resistance,
Damping resistance,
True f.s.d. current.
The f.s.d. current should always be measured, because the true value may differ from the nominal value. The coil resistance, if marked on the scalc, can be taken as accurate.

What is the damping resistance? Well. some meter movements are inadequately damped-the pointer takes so long to come to rest that measurements become tedious. The damping can be improved-at the expense of sensitivity-by connecting a low resistance across the meter coil.

If the unshunted meter is inadequately damped, the amount of additional shunt resistance necded
must be determined by experiment before the design of the multirange instrument can proceed. It follows from this that, if we set 5 mA f.s.d. as a lower limit of usable sensitivity, then a 5 mA meter must be satisfactorily damped without any additional shunt resistance, since adding a damping resistor would reduce the sensitivity to an unacceptable level.

The intending purchaser may make a rough check on damping by twisting the meter suddenly so that the pointer swings. A well-damped pointer will swing forward slowly and return gently. A badly damped one will swing forward violently and return to the end-stop with a bang. Note. however. that meters are sometimes fitted with a shorting wire across the terminals, to damp the movenent to avoid damage during transport, and this may mislead you into thinking the damping is better than it really is.

## Damping Resistance

The first thing to do is to get the damping right. Many milliammeters already have a shunt resistor inside the meter itself. The purpose of such a resistor is mainly to bring the f.s.d. to the correct value, but it often provides sufficient damping as well.

If external damping is needed, determine the greatest shunt resistance which will provide adequate damping by experiment. The precise value is not critical. Just connect ordinary lowvalue carbon resistors across the terminals and see how the needle reacts to a sudden increase or decrease in current. When a satisfactory value of resistance is found, make a note of it.

## Coil Resistance

The coil resistance must be known if current ranges are to be added (although voltage ranges can be added without knowing the coil resistance).

If the resistance is not marked on the dial, measure it. What, you have no ohmmeter? Never mind, you can't use an ohmmeter anyway, because it would pass far too much current through the meter. (An indirect method which enables one to use an ohmmeter will be deseribed in the next article.) Here is a technique which requires only a


Fig. 3: The set-up used to determine meter coil resistance.
constant current (which need not be precisely known) and a known fixed resistor. NB: This method only works if the meter has a linear scale; i.e., a scale graduated in equal-length divisions.

Refer to Fig. 3. R1 is chosen so that with the availabic battery voltage and the switch $S$ open, the meter takes a current large cnough to be read easily-half scale at least. Closing the switch puts R2 across the meter. Try various values of R2
until you find one that causes the meter reading to fall to about half the original value. Then obtain an accurate resistor ( $\pm 1 \%$ of this value), and make the following measurements:

1. Meter deflection with S open .... D1.
2. Meter deflection with S closed . . . . D2.

Then meter resistance $\mathrm{rm}=\mathrm{R} 2\left(\frac{\mathrm{D} 1}{\mathrm{D} 2}-1\right)$
In practice, no switch is needed-it is easy enough to hold resistors across the meter terminals for the rough work, and to fix R2 for the final measurement.
Now, this method only works if the current taken from the battery is the same in both measurements-or virtually the same. There is bound to be a slight increase in current when R2 is in circuit, but if R1 is much greater than the meter resistance (say 100 times as large) then the current will be constant within $1 \%$, which is near enough. If the rough measurements show that the meter resistance is more than, say, a twentieth of R1, then use a higher voltage and a higher R1.

## F.S.D.

The constant-current technique can be used to check the f.s.d.
We need a known voltage and a known resictance, high enough to swamp the effect of the meter resistance. If the meter scale is linear, we can check at less than full scale. For instance, assume we have a " 1 mA " meter with a coil resistance of $80 \Omega$. If we use a 9 V battery and a $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega( \pm 1 \%)$ resistor we get 0.9 mA , and this is what the meter should read.
Suppose, in fact it reads 0.92 mA . Then the true f.s.d. must be $1 \mathrm{~mA} \times \frac{.92}{9}=1.02 \mathrm{~mA}$. It is then up to the user to decide whether this $2 \%$ error can be ignored. (One would be well advised to ignore it. The battery will give more than 9 V : one particular " 9 V " grid bias battery produced 9.35 V at a room temperature of $62^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. This would more than account for the $2 \%$ "error" but it would not have accounted for, say, a $10 \%$ error.)

## Practical Applications

Once the "vital statistics" of a meter are known one is in a position to turn it into a multirange instrument by adding current shunts and voltage "multipliers". A practical example will be given in the next article, but let us first consider a typical case.

Suppose one has a meter of nominal f.s.d. 1 mA , scaled 0-250. with a coil resistance of $80 \Omega$. Suppose the measured f.s.d. is 1.1 mA and that this discrepancy is too large to be accounted for by errors in the test voltage and test resistance. We must assume that $1 \cdot 1 \mathrm{~mA}$ is the true f.s.d. current.
Let us suppose further that the meter is not very well damped and needs a damping shunt of $70 \Omega$. The net resistance of meter and shunt is then

$$
\frac{70 \times 80}{70+80}=37.3 \Omega
$$

What is the new f.s.d.? Well, the voltage across
the meter coil at f.s.d. is a constant. It is, in fact, $1.1 \mathrm{~mA} \times 80 \Omega=88 \mathrm{mV}$. The new f.s.d. is thus $88 \mathrm{mV} / 37.3 \Omega=2.36 \mathrm{~mA}$. Now our meter is scaled $0-250$, so if we make the lowest current range 2.5 mA we can use this scale easily. And since 2.5 mA will call for a lower shunt resistance than $70 \Omega$ we know that damping will be satisfactory.
But we also need good damping on the voltage ranges. The obvious tactics are to connect a shunt permanently across the meter so as to make the f.s.d. $2 \cdot 5 \mathrm{~mA}$ and then go on to design the voltage multipliers using this new f.s.d. Thus a $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ multiplier will give a range of 2.5 V (ignoring the meter resistance), $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ will give 25 V and so on.

If we want a lower range than 2.5 V , say 0.25 V , we cannot ignore the meter resistance. The net meter resistance with the 2.5 mA shunt will be 88 mV
2.5 mA

The total resistance for f.s.d. $=0.25 \mathrm{~V}$ is $\frac{0.25 \mathrm{~V}}{2.5 \mathrm{~mA}}=100 \Omega$, so the actual multiplier must be $100-35 \cdot 3=64 \cdot 7 \Omega$. One might feel justified in using a $68 \Omega$ close tolerance resistor, though two $33 \Omega$ resistors in scries would be closer and $18 \Omega+47 \Omega$ closer still.

But the general strategy is quite clear. We design voltage multipliers on the basis of 2.5 mA f.s.d. $(400 \Omega / \mathrm{V})$ and arrange our current shunts to give $2.5 \mathrm{~mA} .25 \mathrm{~mA}, 250 \mathrm{~mA}$, etc.
Next month we shall consider how to apply this kind of design strategy to an actual meter of a type which can sometimes be obtained on the " surplus" market.

## "JUNIOR" CRYSTAL +2 -continued from page 14

## Miniature Ear Plugs

Crystal-type ear inserts will work well on the diode receiver without any alteration or special wiring. On the one-transistor receiver the phone terminals may be shorted and the insert connected across the $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ collector load resistor or alternatively connected as detailed below.

When two transistors have been added a crystaltype inser: will not work without special provision. The phone terminals must in this case be bypassed by a low-value resistor of about $330 \Omega$. The insert is then connected across this resistor. The author found that $300 \Omega$ generally gave optimum results but some inserts worked better with values between $100 \Omega$ and $1.000 \Omega$. No harm can come by experimenting with this resistor and crystal inserts.

Although reed-type low-resistance phones undoubtedly give best results the author often uses miniature inserts for convenience. It is possible that $200 \Omega$ inserts will wark satisfactorily with the two-transistor version but not otherwise.
Thi, brings the "Junior" series to an end and it is hoped that any readers who have built the various stages have learnt from the experience and now have a useful portable receiver.

## PERSPEX

## and the constructor

A guide to the use of this versatile material in radio construction.

BY J. HUGHES

PERSPEX and similar forms of acrylic resin sheet can be of great assistance to the amateur constructor and, surprisingly enough, use of this extremely adaptable material does not appear to be as widespread as one might expect.

Most retailers of plastic sheeting, tubing and Formica and some handyman's stores sell offcuts of Perspex sheet in many varied colours, sizes and thicknesses at very reasonable prices. Thicknesses vary from one twenty-fifth of an inch upwards but our chief interest is in material having a thickness of $\frac{1}{16}$ in. to $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{in}$.

When buying offcuts a point to bear in mind for most of us is that the price is usually related to weight and it doubles with the thickness purchased,


Fig. 1: Anchoring a component to a Perspex board.
i.e. on a square foot basis. Five shillings a pound is a typical price to pay. However, as our principal interest lies in the use of quite small quantities for the construction of chassis, tagboards and small cases, even buying from stock sheets need not be prohibitive. Messrs Vogue Plastics Ltd., 63 Paradise Street, Liverpool 1, retail Perspex and other plastics from large stocks.

## Tagboards and Chassis

To the writer, the use of a Perspex strip instead of a conventional tagboard or other form of
chassis forms the ideal method of providing anchorage for components in any form of layout. This is especially true for transistor circuitry. With Perspex the often encountered disadvantage of not having a tag just where it is needed never occurswe just make one.

All that is required to secure, say, a resistor, to the board is a pair of long-nosed pliers, or for finer work a pair of tweezers and a soldering iron.

The resistor wires are bent down to a right angle, gripped with the pliers and placed over the selected point on the Perspex board, the bit of the iron is applied and as the wire heats a little downward pressure sinks it into the Perspex.


A three-stage i.f. strip built on a clear Perspex panel.

If only top surface wiring is required the wire end need only just dimple the under-side of the board for a sufficiently firm grip. A short pause to allow the Perspex to set after the iron is removed and the job is done-see Fig. 1.

A little practice will soon make perfect. The aim should be to get heat quickly on to the wire and a light tinning helps. Of course the thicker the Perspex and the stouter the gauge of wire the longer the iron will need to be applied for the drive in.

If wiring is to be carried out on both sides of the board the component being placed can have its lead pushed right through to provide a soldering point on the underneath face. For wiring on the same side as the component, especially if more than one lead is to be jointed, it helps if the tail of the component is doubled back on itself as shown in Fig. 2.

Fig. 2: Connections can be made to a component mounted as shown from either side of the boord.


Tags may be provided at any position to receive transistors (the thinness of the average transistor lead and the length of time heat has to be applied make it inadvisable to secure direct by the method described) or to provide points for other leads simply by driving in a fairly stout short stub of wire-cut off ends of resistors come in well here.
It will be found that a very neat and compact layout can be readily obtained and long trailing wires become a rarity as in most cases one component can link directly with its neighbour, all of which assists in circuit stability.
Where metal screened components are mounted on the board one must remember to wire up the screening cans to an earth point, as there is no metal chassis to maintain earthing.
Coloured or clear Perspex can be used according to the constructor's choice. Opaque coloured boards look very clean and attractive but clear


Fig. 3: Forming a mitre joint between two sheets of Perspex.
sheet enables wiring to be visible from either face which can help servicing. For boards up to 2 in . $x$ $5 \mathrm{in} . \frac{3}{32}$ sheet is suitable, but larger boards require to be thicker or, alternatively, thinner sheet can be stiffened by ribs cemented on.

## Cases and Boxes

Due to the ease with which Perspex can be sawn, drilled, tapped, filed, bent, cemented and polished the amateur is able to make cases for receivers which can be as attractive as commercial products.

Methods of construction depend to some extent on the style of the case required. In general flat sides are cut out, each side being separate. So that joints on the abutments are invisible the meeting edges are filed to a $45^{\circ}$ mitre and glue blocks inserted to ensure a stiff joint on the corners of the case (Fig. 3).

There is no need to hesitate in forming joints in Perspex as good Perspex cement actually welds the surfaces together, no other agent, such as rubber, being employed in the cement.

## Perspex Cement

Perspex cement may be bought already made up or the constructor can make his own by dissolving clear Perspex chippings in trichloroethylene (" Trico" can usually be obtained from the
chemists in small quantities. It is an excellent degreasing agent, switch cleaner and very nearly a universal solvent-very useful for removing grease from one's clothing!)

When making up cement be careful not to introduce too much Perspex otherwise you will find you have a bottle full of interesting looking jelly which just will not be coaxed out of the bottle.

This form of cement dries more quickly. To use, apply cement to each face of the joint and ensure that close contact is maintained between faces for about fifteen minutes, after which time the joint should hold itself together prior to ultimate hardening. True faces produce the strongest joints and no great pressure need be applied. Glue blocks are simply strips of Perspex dipped in the cement and laid in the internal angle of the joint

## Other Fixing Methods

The reader is no doubt aware that holes can be readily drilled in Perspex and circuit boards can be easily bolted to the case.

Removable backs are best fitted inside the perimeter of the case and secured on one edge by pins driven hot into the edge of the back piece, and locating holes are drilled in the case to coincide.
A chromium-plated 6B.A. bolt through the case on the opposite side can locate into a $\frac{1 i n}{}$. thick block of Perspex cemented to the inside face of the back by drilling and tapping.


A Perspex cabinet for a portable receiver.
If a suitable tap is not to hand a nut sunk in by heat and doped in cement holds quite well. A hole for the nut should be drilled undersize to help it to penetrate. It is also advisable to cut slots in the faces of the nut to assist the Pers pex and cement to key to the metal.

For those who prefer a case with rounded corners, the outer perimeter of the case can bo formed in one length to the width required making a butt joint on the bottom reinforced with a glue block. The Perspex strip should be heated where the bend is to be formed in front of an electric or gas fire etc., until softening takes place sufficiently for the strip to be bent into an angle incorporating the round required. (When heating do not
-continued on page I74

# VHF 

1$T$ is thought that this receiving unit might prove of interest to beginners and newcomers to v.h.f. work since it does make possible a means of exploring the " 2 " and " 4 " metre amateur bands for a ridiculously small cash outlay. In amateur circles higher and higher frequency working has always been a challenge and this trend will undoubtedly continue for a long time to come: because of this "Two" and "Four" are unlikely to become less densely populated!

This unit can be used to receive transmissions over a frequency range of about $45-180 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ merely by choosing appropriate coils: this range embraces all BBC-1 TV, BBC v.h.f./f.m. transmissions and, of course, the $70 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $144 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ amateur bands.

The specified detector valve is supposedly able to function up to about $300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in some applications, but the specimen used in the test model, although new, could only be coaxed into action up to about $200 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ and thereby set a limit. Incidentally, at the present time both valves used can be purchased for the inclusive sum of 4 s .6 d .!

## Circuitry

The circuit of the receiver is given in Fig. 1, where it will be seen that V1 functions as a predetector amplifier/buffer stage and V 2 as a selfquenching super-regenerative detector.

The circuitry is by no means unique and will be familiar to many. Uniqueness is not the most important consideration, however, for although it is comparatively simple to draw a circuit diagram for such a unit, it is considerably less easy to lay, it out well physically since if it is not "leadless" (has no leads in its signal-carrying circuits) it will tend not to function at all. In the prototype no signal lead is longer than $\frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$.

The "heart" of the unit lies in the circuitry around V2, which is allowed to oscillate at a supersonic frequency due to valve action and the externally connected items in the anode-grid network. Periodic interruption of the oscillations is effected by choosing suitable items for R5 and C6. together with C8, the result of which is that a strong hiss is heard when a pair of headphones is connected to the output at "X". The oscillating condition is largely dependent upon r.f. choke L2 and the setting chosen for VR1. R6 is
the output load resistor. The electrolytic capacitor C 9 acts as a reservoir whilst also helping to reduce noise from VR1 slider as this is adjusted.

L 1 is fixed tuned by C1. L3, on the other hand, is tuned by a split-stator capacitor VC1, VC2 driven by a panel-mounted reduction drive mechanism. Although there is no "sharp" tuning present there is always a point where maximum signal response occurs. Detectors of this kind are notoriously unselective, although this can be advantageous if wide-band TV signals are desired. Regenerative detectors are also efficient radiators and for this reason the circuit must on no account be used (1) without VI buffer stage or (2) without being contained in a metal box of the type to be described later.

Briefly then, signals are picked up at the acrial socket, amplified by V1 and fed to V2, where detection and audio amplification occur to permit them to be heard at point " $X$ " via phones. Power for the unit is taken from any suitable power pack via a threc-core cable.

## The Valves

The 954 acorn pentode has seven lead-out wires, each about $\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Direct soldered connections can be made to these lead-outs provided a heat shunt is used during the process.

The DET 20 valve is on the international octal base but only three of its pins are used (heaters and cathode), whilst at the top of the envelope two "top caps" are fitted to grid and anode respectively. The grid is the one that on inspection shows an internal connection going to a central electrode. Since L3 is associated with these two electrodes very short wiring results. The heaters of both valves are fed from a standard 6.3 V source via chokes L5, L6.

## The Chokes

All the r.f. chokes are home-made items.
L2 and L4 each consist of some 100 turns of fine enamelled copper wire wound random fashion on $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~W}$ resistors of, say, $500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (or higher values), the lead-out wires being used to anchor the winding endings.

L5 and L6 are each made by taking some 26 in. of reasonably thick enamelled copper wire and close winding it on a $\frac{3}{8} \mathrm{in}$. diameter former. After

"doping" the winding, the former is removed when a suitable time has elapsed.

## Constructional Notes

The simplest assembly method is to purchase a ready-made six-piece chassis comprising of four sides and two top plates made of 16s.w.g. aluminium.

Only one of the top plates is initially required, for by fitting to it a 2 in .- wide aluminium shelf the whole unit can be rapidly built. On completion the "shell" of sides can be placed around the construction and the remaining top plate affixed to the underside to form a complete screening box of size $7 \mathrm{in} . x 5 \mathrm{in} . x 2 \mathrm{in}$.

As may be seen at Fig. 2. the box face carries the controls and outlets. If preferred, a jack

## COMPONENTS LIST

Resistors:

| Resistors |  | R4 $180 \Omega$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R1 | $8 \cdot 2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R4 |
| R2 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R5 $2 \cdot 2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| R3 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | R6 $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  | All $\pm 10 \%, \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~W}$ carbon |  |
| VR1 | $500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | potentiometer |

## Capacitors:

$\mathrm{Cl} \quad 10 \mathrm{pF}$ ceramic or silver mica
C2 $\quad 0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic
C3 $\quad 0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic
C. $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic

C5 5 pF silver mica
C6 $\quad 100 \mathrm{pF}$ silver mica
$\mathrm{C} 7 \quad 0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic
C8 $5,000 \mathrm{pF}$ ceramic
C9 $\quad 8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ electrolytic 350 V
ClO $2,000 \mathrm{pF}$ ceramic
CII $2,000 \mathrm{pF}$ ceramic
VC1, $230+30 \mathrm{pF}$ split stator variable (Jackson) Inductors:
$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { L1 } & \text { Aerial coil } \\ \text { L2 } & \text { R.F. choke } \\ \text { L3 } & \text { Detector coil } \\ \text { L4 } & \text { R.F. choke } \\ \text { L5 } & \text { R.F. choke } \\ \text { L6 } & \text { R.F. choke } \\ \text { Valves: } \\ \text { V1 } \\ \text { V2 } & \text { 954 acorn pentode } \\ \text { DET20 triode }\end{array}\right\}$ (see text)

## Miscellaneous:

Chassis $7 \mathrm{in} . \times 5 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \mathrm{in}$. (in six secrions-Home Radio). Dial and drive (see text). Panel lens and lamp 6.3V 0.15A (LPI). Coaxial socket (SKI). Valveholder, I.O. Stand-off insulators, tag strips. Phone socket strip (SK2). Spine clip, paxolin, aluminium, copper wire, solder, tags, nuts and bolts.



Fig. 2: The layout of controls on the front panel.
socket may be used in lieu of the two-way socket strip shown.

The dial and reduction mechanism is a Muirhead unit pruned from an ex-Government surplus RF27 unit, but other specimens may be used equally well-for example, types available from Jackson Bros., Eddystone, or Eagle products.

The inside of the front panel is shown at Fig. 3, where the 2 in.-wide shelf used to carry the bulk of the assembly is clearly shown.

The split-stator unit VC1, VC2 occupies the whole width of the shelf and is held securely at the rear by a simply constructed L-shaped bracket of aluminium. Care is necessary to ensure that this bracket does not foul either of the split-stator "live" connectors in any way or the unit will not function, and to this end it is advisable to fit thin paxolin washers prior to inserting the fixing bolts.

## Mounting the valves

V1 is mounted through the shelf as shown and its input and output circuits are thereby automatically screened from each other.

V2 is "dropped through " also to about the depth of its bakelite base by mounting its holder on $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. spacers; this brings the top caps close to VC1, VC2 and assists in keeping leads short. The holder for V2 should also be.orientated in such a way that its top caps lie in the plane shown and close to the appropriate tags on VC1, VC2. Note how easy it is to change L3 or adjust the turns spacing.

To anchor the small components a couple of simple tag strips are required and these should, of course, be isolated from the chassis.

The under-shelf wiring may be seen at Fig. 4, and here it should be noted that a rectangle of thin paxolin is required to insulate the various electrodes of V1 lest they foul the chassis. When preparing this piece of insulant, drill it only just large enough for the valve body to pass through, for if a tight fit is aimed at, this together with the
stiff wiring employed, will ensure the necessary rigidity.
In wiring the unit do not hesitate to cut off all component lead-out wires to their minimum length. Solder C5 directly between V1 anode and VC2. Use a heat shunt when soldering to the valve lead-outs.

## Testing

Immediately the assembly is finished the shell of sides should be placed in position and secured from outside by self-tapping screws. Conventional safety tests using an ohmmeter should then be made prior to switch-on and a power source and headphones connected.

Coils now need to be made and for these use the thickest copper wire available, but in any case not thinner than 28 s.w.g. Initially, L1 can be made up of, say, five turns wound around a $\frac{3}{3}$ in. diameter rod and the rod then removed. A tap for the aerial should be made at one turn from the chassis-connected end.

Coil L3 is the most critical of the pair and it is recommended that several samples be prepared using stretched copper wire of the thickest size


Fig. 3: Wiring ond connections to the rear of the front panel and to the components on top of the chossis.
available. This wire should be wound on a $\frac{3}{8}$ in. former and the latter afterwards removed. These trial coils can be of three, four, seven and nine full turns each and they should have the shortest possible lead-outs, whilst the turns should be spaced from one another by the wire thickness. Each coil is centre-tapped, of course, and this may be done cither by applying a blob of solder to the central point when the wire is out straight or by making the connection afterwards.

In the prototype the nine-turn coil enabled BBC-TV Channel 5 signals to be heard, whilst for
(Normally a steady but strong hiss will be heard under no-signal conditions, but this will cease immediately a signal is tuned in. If no hiss is present at any time VR1 will need adjusting or the value of C 8 may require slight amendment.) The wand will indicate that the coil does not possess sufficient inductance for the particular signal frequency being received and a coil with one more turn and no wand will urdoubtedly do the trick.

Alternatively, the tuning capacitor vanes may be fully disengaged and the brass end of the wand $144 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ the four-turn specimen was needed. Between these extremes lie the BBC v.h.f./f.m. and $70 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ amateur bands.

Fig. 4: The underchassis wiring diagram. Note the rectangle of paxolin ensuring VI pins do not meet the chassis.

## A Dipole Aerial

In the absence of a suitable v.h.f. aerial an experimental dipole can be constructed from wire flex, metal rod or cable along the lines depicted in Fig. 5. Normal long-wire domestic acrials are not very good for use at v.h.f. and a simple resonant dipole, even if used indoors, can often be satisfactory.

If no special band is being aimed at the overall length $l$ may initially be about 7 ft 6 in . The coaxial cable running from the dipole to the unit may be any length. The dipole should be mounted as high as possible and it can be arranged vertically to receive TV signals and horizontally for others.

If, however, a particular band is desired the required aerial length, $l$, may be found from the

Fig. 5: A dipole aerial, suitable for experimental purposes.
simple formula:
Length $(l)=\frac{468}{f(\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s})}$ feet, or $\frac{5616}{f(\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s})}$ inches.
For a frequency of $145 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ therefore

$$
l=\frac{5616}{145}=38.73 \text { inches. }
$$

In the absence of measuring gear, some patience is required to locate a band, particularly in poor signal areas, but a "tuning wand "will be found most useful. This is merely a sliver of wood (a wooden meat skewer, for example) fitted at one end with a section of brass rod and at the other with a dust iron core.

If when the tuning dial is fully rotated no signals are heard, do not immediately exchange L3 but instead set the dial so that the capacitor vanes are fully enmeshed. Now slowly introduce the dust iron cored end of the wand into the coil and if signals are heard adjust VR1 carefully.

introduced. If signals are now heard the indication is that the coil requires a turn less for the particular frequency received. The inductance of the coils can also be altered slightly by compressing or expanding the turns-spacing, the latter operation causing the inductance value to be decreased.

As a point of interest L2 can be made a hairpin loop of about $2 \frac{7}{8}$ in. long and spaced about $1 \frac{1}{4}$ in. for $144 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$. The ends of the hairpin are

connected to grid and anode circuits, whilst L4 is connected to the centre of the loop. Oddments of coaxial cable can also be ultilised as high "Q " resonators, but the h.t. tap is not easily arranged.

## Conclusion

Once the desired band is found L1 can be adjusted for optimum results, and using L3 as a guide allow one extra turn. This coil will tend to tune flatly due to the aerial (which may be tapped in at one turn from the chassis end) but once again the tuning wand will prove useful.

The aerial can also be made to resonate more closely to the selected frequency as deseribed earlier. When all the adjustments alte complete, signals should be receivable clear of background hiss.

# A Transistorised <br> Inverter <br> A COMPACT UNIT TO PROVIDE 230V A.C. FROM A 12 V D.C.SUPPLY <br> <br> for Electric <br> <br> for Electric Shavers 

 Shavers}

NOW that electric shavers are so widely used it comes as something of a shock when we find ourselves in a locality bereft of mains electricity. There is, however, no reason why the usual electric shave should not be indulged in where a 12 V d.c. supply is available, such as in a car, boat, caravan or cottage.

This article describes a simple, cheap, and very effective 12 V d.c. to 230 V a.c. inverter. The unit operates from a normal 12 V accumulator or car battery. The output, while not being a pure sine wave, is an alternating supply of approximately 230 V at a frequency of $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, which will adequately drive the normal mains voltage electric shaver.

The basic circuit is shown in Fig. 1. The principle of operation is that two transistors are connected in a push-pull arrangement, so that when one is conducting the other is cut off. The circuit is so arranged that as the conducting transistor reaches a peak, voltages are induced through the transformer into the other transistor circuit. The second transistor is thus caused to conduct and


Fig. 2: The standard aluminium chassis used to house the unit.
voltages are induced which tend to reduce the current of the first transistor, thus producing a cycling effect. The frequency of this effect is determined by the capacity of Cl and the inductance of the primary winding.

A satisfactory transformer to suit this circuit is made by Repanco Ltd., and the lay-out chosen is


Fig. It The inverter circuit.

## COMPONENTS LIST

Resistors:
RI $100 \Omega 3 \mathrm{~W}$ ww
R2 $3 \Omega 3 \mathrm{WWw}$
R3 $1 \Omega$ low ww

## Capacitors:

C1 $0.25 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ paper 150 V
C2 $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ paper 500 V
Miscellaneous:
TI Transformer (Repanco Type TT51)
Tr 1, 2 OC25 with insulating bushes and mica washers.
FSI 2A fuse cartridge
SKI 5A mains socket, surface type fuseholder. Rubber grommer, $\frac{3}{\mathrm{~g}} \mathrm{in}$. Aluminium chassis 6 in. $\times 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. Nuts and boits, wire, sleeving, adhesive, plastic fabric.

and bracket. Similarly, the insulating bushes for the soldering connections must be pushed into the appropriate heles before the fixing screws are inserted.

For readers not familiar with the button type of transistor it is easy to locate which pin is which if it is noted that the connection spills are not set symmetrically in the base. Reference to key diagram under Fig. 1 will make the connections clear.

Having assembled the transistors, take the " three tag" strip and wire up the components as shown in Fig. 5a, then the transformer as indicated in the same figure.

A view of the prototype unit completed.


Fig. 3a (left), b (right): Drilling dimensions for the two aluminium mounting brackets.
designed round this and two Mullard OC25 transistors.

## Constructional Details

The inverter is housed in a normal aluminium chassis measuring 6 in $\times 4 i n . x 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$, which should be drilled as shown in diagram Fig. 2

Two right-angled aluminium brackets are required, one to carry the transistors and primary components, and the other the output socket and capacitor C2. The brackets are made from aluminium sheet cut and drilled according to Fig. 3 a and 3 b .

The clamp to keep the transformer in position is shown in Fig. 4.

## Wiring and Assembling

First mount the transistors on the right-angled bracket made according to Fig. 3a. This bracket acts as a heat sink to keep the transistors cool. The mica washer supplied with each OC25 must be carefully placed in position between the transistor

The resistance R3 can best be made from approximately 2 ft . of radiator element wire coiled round a pencil into a short "spring". One word of warning, make sure that the wire you choose solders casily; some resistance wire does not.

Assemble the two-


Fig. 41 The transformer clamp. way 5A Dutput socket on the other rightangled bracket made according to Fig. 3b, with two $\frac{1}{2}$ in. 4B.A. screws, and connect to the tag-strip with two pieces of tinned wire suitably sleeved as shown in Fig. 5b. Similarly wire capacitor C2.

## Assembly into Chassis

Position the rubber grommet and the fuse holder in the appropriate holes. Connect the black or negative battery lead to the tag on the fuse holder. Wire from the other side of the fuse to right hand
tag of the three way tag strip.
Now assemble the bracket carrying the transistors to the chassis with the three $\frac{4}{4}$ in. 6B.A. screws. The tag-strip should be anchored by the centre screw. To facilitate assembly the transformer may be turned upside down and rested on the corner of the chassis whilst the screws are being tightened.

Next assemble the other rightangled bracket to the chassis using three $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. 6B.A. screws. Finally, fit the transformer clamp (Fig. 4) securing by two $\frac{1}{2}$ in. 6 B.A. screws.


Fig. 5a (above): Wiring the "three tag" strip and the transformer.

All that is left to do now is to connect the output leads of the transformer (numbered 1 and 2) to the outer tags on the tag strip shown in Fig. 5b.

## Testing

When the unit has been completed and checked, connect a 12 V battery being careful to see that the red lead goes to the positive or red terminal and the black to the negative. Note that a reversed connection will cause components to be burned out and the unit to fail. If 50 cycles is being generated, a very slight hum can be heard from the transformer if held close to the ear.

Next check the voltage on no load. It should be of the order of 260 V which drops to 230 when the shaver is connected.

Fig. $5 b$ (below): Wiring the two-way output socket.



Fig. 6: A general view of the unit, indicating the remaining wiring to be carried out extra to that shown in Figs. $5 a$ and $b$.

To improve the appearance of the unit it can be covered with contact adhesive plastic which is readily available; about a shilling's worth. being required. There are several designs in a polished wood. pattern which enable the unit to be fitted under the dashboard of even the smartest car quite unobtrusively. Before applying the plastic adhesive fabric it is essential to see that the aluminium chassis is clean and free from grease.

## Fitting in a Car

The unit can be permanently wired to a suitable point in the electrical system of any car which

The circuit as it stands, if correctly assembled and wired, will be quite suitable for driving the majority of electric shavers and no further adjustments should be necessary.

## External Details

When the unit is complete and working, a base plate of 16 gauge aluminium measuring sinin. $x$ $4 \frac{3}{3} i n$. can be made and fixed to the corner supports of the chassis by nylon press grips obtainable from a car accessory dealer.
has a 12 V battery, provided that an on/off switch is included. The switch can be mounted on the dashboard or on the unit itself and should be connected in the non-earthed lead.

When making the connections care must be taken to see that the red lead goes to the positive side of the battery which is usually connected to the chassis. In older cars and some originating from the Continent it will be found that the negative side of the battery is connected to the chassis and not the positive, but this will in no way effect the unit.


The SKYROVER
Controls: Wavebind Selector, Switch Tuning Control onfof plastic cabinet. size $10 \times 6 \frac{1}{} \times 34$ in. with metal trim and carrying handle. Can be $510.19 .6 . \quad$ P. \& F . H.P. Terms: 22/- deposit and 11 months at $21 /$.

## THE <br> SKYROVER and SKYROVER DE LUXE

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7 transistor plus 2 diode superhet, 6 waveband portable The SKYROVER and SKYROVER DE LUSXE batteries. full Medium Waveband and Short Waveband $31-94 \mathrm{M}$ and also 4 separate switched band-spread ranges. 13 M $16 \mathrm{M}, 19 \mathrm{M}$ and 25 M . with Band sprcad Tuning for accurate station selection. The coil pack and taning heart is completely factory wsembled, wired and tested. The remaining assembly can be completed in under
three hours from our easy to follow, stage by stage inseructions
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Superhet, $470 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. All Mullard Transistors and Dlode. Uses 4-U2 batteries. Sin. Ceramic Magnet P.M. Speaker. Easy to read Dial Scale. Band Sbread Tuning. W00MW Output. ferescopic Aerial \& Ferrite Roa Aerlal Band Spread on 13, 16, 19 and 25 metre Bands.

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chase the parcel. Four U2 batteries included FREE All Components Available Separately


## The "Sixteen" Multirange METER KIT

Thts ontstanding meter was featured by Practical Wureless in the Jan. "64 issue. Lasky's are now able to offer the compiete kit of parts as specified by the designer. The "Sixteen" Multirange offers the home constructor and serviceman an instrument that will meet most of his requirements for voltage, current and resistance measurement. There are 16 switched ranges: 9 for voltage measurement, 4 current ranges and 3 The instrument case is supplied with the meter movement built-in. The two scales are clearly printed in black on whtte InA NGE NPLCDEIC Tion at 20,000 D/V A CICATION: D.C. volts: $0-2.5-25-50-250-500$ at 20,000 oiv. A.C. Volts: 0-25-50-250-500 at 1,000 日/V. D.C. current: 0-50uA, 0-2.5-50-250 mA. Resistance: 0-2,000 $0,0-200 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. $0-20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. Basic movement: 40pA $\mathrm{m} . \mathrm{d}$ moving coil. With
universal shunt full scale deflection current is $50 u \mathrm{~A}$. Size/ fnisersal shunt rull scale defection current is sopa. Size/ range switch: separate slide switch for A.C. volts -D.C. ohms; ohms zero adjustment pot, meter; sockets for test lead plugs. Power requirements: One 15 V . and one 1.5 V , batterjes. Complete with all parts and full construction details.

## LASKY'S PRICE

 \&5.19.6 ${ }_{\mathrm{P}_{i-} \text { \& } \mathrm{P} .}$ Data and circuit avail, separately $2 / 6$, refundedH.P. Terms: 21/- deposit and if all parts bought. Palr of Batts. $2 / 5$ extra,

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# $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star$ AUDIO FAIR COMMENT $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star$ 

A Report from the International Festival and Fair held at the Russell Hotel in London from 2nd to 5th April<br>by Henry Maxwell

"INITIATION" was the theme of the 1964 International Audio Festival and Fair, we were told by the director, C. RexHassan.
Initiation ceremonies tend to be painful. Certainly it seemed that half the 40,000 -plus visitors to this year's fair at the Russell Hotel, London, trod on your correspondent's toes as he jostled to view some of the exhibits on the cramped stands in the main body of the hall. Upstairs was little better: leaning against a corridor wall for a welcome respite and chat to a colleague was an invitation for a queue to form. There is surely a case for a more roomy venue now that enthusiasm for audio matters has grown.

## MULTIPLEX STEREO

Despite this there was no depreciation of standards. This was a specialists' show, attracting 30 or so foreign exhibitors, some of them unveiling their new treasures for the first time anywhere. In addition the BBC had been forced into awarcness of the audio enthusiast's existence. The result was recorded stereo programmes using the ZenithGE Multiplex system, broadcast from Wrotham, using the Third Programme transmitter, outside its normal broadeasting hours on its normal $91.3 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ frequency. Although international politics befog the issue and a regular service in this country awaits CCIR decisions-the next plenary meeting will not take place until 1966the BBC made a brave effort to demonstrate to potential listeners the quality that could be obtained in home listening.
Several firms have been ready for the innovation of stereo multiplex broadcasting for some time and were ouick to take advantage of this link. Acoustical Manufacturing Co., for example. with the well-proven Quad range, were showing for the first public time their prototype decoder unit, fully transistorised and matching the established range of equipment.
Armstrong also took advantage of the transmissions to show their multiplex decoder, while Pioneer Electronic Corporation of Japan, under the aegis of C. E. Hammond, who are also distributors of Revox tape recorders, demonstrated some interesting a.m./f.m. tuners with multiplex circuits as well as the complete SM-G 205
integrated stereo tuner-amplifier with variable i.f. bandwidth. switchable a.f.c. and built-in ferrite acrial. Price 85 gns. (Multiplex adaptor at 16 gns.).

## AMPLIFIERS

The transistor invasion goes on: advantages of smaller construction, less heat dissipation, better noise figures and a general improvement in quality are claimed by most manufacturers. Messrs. Leak and Truvox pressed the point with the literature displayed with their fully integrated transistorised sterco amplifiers, giving 10 W from each channel into $15 \Omega$ loads. Prices: Leak Sterco $30, £ 49$ 10s., and Truvox TSA100. 49 gns.

That word "integrated" has become the cult word of this year's Fair; just as grey, black and silver appear to have crept in as the colour scheme of the most recent releases. By "integrated" the manufacturers imply that the power supplies, main amplifiers and control sections are all incorporated on a single chassis.

Derritron Ultrasonics with the Chapman range. Armstrong Audio, Sherwood Electroric Laboratories, Elektroimpex Hungarian Trading Co., with the Qualiton stereo integrated amplifier (valves and silicon rectifiers) and even Grundig had very impressive equipment to unveil.

The last-mentioned company aroused great interest with the SV50 Stereo Amplifier and the RT50 Tuner Unit. The SV50 has 27 transistors and two semiconductor rectifiers with $2 \times 20 \mathrm{~W}$ output, while the RT50 is a medium and v.h.f. tuner unit of hybrid design with switchable a.f.c., noise suppression and stereo decoding for stereo f.m. reception, completely matching the SV50. In tasteful slim walnut cases $11 \frac{1}{2} \times 10^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 6 \mathrm{in}$.

In contrast to this paring down into bookcase, shelf-mounting dimensions the loudspeaker assemblies into which this tuner and amplifier were fed were of ambitious construction. The Box 70 has one 12 in . bass and three mid-range/ treble speakers. while the Box 100 has a 12 in . bass, two mid-range and no less than six treble speakers.

## LOUDSPEAKERS

Loudspeakers generally followed established lines with various improvements and changes in
enclosure design. Four new products were shown on the Goodman stand. Most noteworthy for the average domestic listener was the New Maxim. In an enclosure only $10 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \times 7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. there are two direct radiators with a reputed frequency range (at minimal deviation) from $45-20.000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, giving 8 W , fully loaded, at $15 \Omega$. Price: $£ 15$, plus $£ 2$ 10s. 6d. purchase tax. Demonstrations indicated that this small unit gave forth all it claimed-and, what is equally important, no more!

Also on show was the now-famous Eleganzia, improved into a Mark II version with an improved overall performance but no increase from the super-slim dimensions. For the chap who hates his neighbour or, more realistically, the P.A. dealer, the New Audiom 91, replacing the Audiom 90 , was shown. This is an 18in., single-cone unit handling 50 W in standard and bass versions. Ideal for the would-be Beatles. Another newcomer to this range is the Triaxiom 1220C, a three-unit, $12 \mathrm{in} . .20 \mathrm{~W}$ design which sells at $£ 1810 \mathrm{~s}$.

Other first-timers were shown by Fane Acoustics. Of especial interest was the Fanfare with a fourspeaker design, using rear horn-loading for the bass unit, stated to be effective down to $17 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ and it felt like it, what's more.
Making more of their claim to "threedimensional sound" were Lansing, well known in the U.S.A., showing for the first time in England. A wide range of transducers with some unusual magnet systems and edge-wound ribbon speech coils were shown. There was also the Paragon cabinet system, almost 9 ft long, weighing more than 6 cwt , with two theatre speaker assemblies-a " sooper-woofer".

Other exhibitors stood upon their established reputations, Messrs. Wharfedale, Whiteley Lowther, Leak and Kelly need no explanation and gave the impression that in appearing at the Russell Hotel they were welcoming old friends rather than dispensing publicity.

But we noted a departure from convention on the Lowther stand, where a high-quality broadcast receiver with transistorised f.m. tuner and preamplifier and valve output giving 12 W was to be seen. And visitors to Leak, who had not seen or heard the Sandwich speaker before, would have been pleasurably surprised.

Leave cannot be taken of the subject of loudspeakers without mentioning the Jordan-Watts square module with acoustic damping on the Boosey and Hawkes stand. The speaker is reputed to be weather and insect (Beatle?) proof and is almost entirely of metal. Popular form of employment is as a "building brick" with assemblies capable of providing a high-fidelity output at almost any power rating that is wanted. Shelf and wall mounting units were also on show as well as reflex enclosures.

Quality equipment of rugged design could be seen, too, on the K.E.F. stand from the miniature Celeste to the LS5 monitor. This firm also held an interesting ambistereophony demonstration with the Radford pre-amplifier and Grampian reverberation unit.

This last is a mechanical spring line device employed to liven a dead acoustic studio condition by using two signal paths, one direct, unmodified,
the other via the reverberation unit, adjustable from zero to one-to-one. Battery and mains operation is now provided.
Most unusual loudspeaker enclosure this year must surely be the Sound-Globe arrangement on the Clairtone Project $G$ stereogram, seen in all its grandeur on the Argelane stand. The loudspeakers are mounted in 18 in . spun aluminium globes, painted a forbidding black and rotatable on shockproof ball bearings through $340^{\circ}$.
Mounted at the ends of the rosewood cabinet, they gave a definitely "space-age" look to the Audio scene. Not so obvious was the completely solid-state circuitry, four-speed transcription turntable with Elac cartridge and f.m. tuner unit ready for stereo transmissions of quite ambitious specifications.

## TAPE RECORDERS

Tape recorders included both the household names, the British "steadies" and a number of freshly imported foreign models. From Japan both Sony and Akai had good things to offer. The former, imported by Tellux, showed a complete new range which included a 79 gns. two-speed, four-track stereo-mono system and a stereo deck and amplifier for the constructor.
Pullin Optical Co., who import the Akai products, were at pains to point out that their most opulent model was not just a "show model" but a practical professional machine with some unique features. Among these is the repeat device and the Instantaneous Resettable Automatic Protection circuit which guards against damage to the transistors by ambient heat, etc. Remote control facilities are included and the reel limit has been increased to $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. by extension arms. The price? A mere $£ 208$ 19s.

More within the range of the average pocket is the Butoba MT5, reduced from its original price to 59 gns. on opening day, and the very adaptable MT7, recently reduced to 38 gns. The same importers, Denham and Morley, handle the Siemens range, whose models 10 and 14 are now 69 gns.

Making a world debut was the Dual TG12A four-track stereo tape recorder with multi-play and multi-track facilities and a claimed frequency response at the highest speed of $40-20.000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Also exhibited by Celsa was the new Dual 1009 steren record player, which is said to have the lowest tracking pressure, approximately $\cdot \frac{1}{2}$ gram, of any on the market.

In fact this pick-up arm is so delicately balanced that the deck can be tilted up to 45 deg. and still played. No more spirit-level installation. did I hear someone comment?

Another first-timer was the improved version of the Planet U1 tape deck and a complete assembly of this deck with stereo recording and playback amplifiers in a wood plinth sells at about $£ 120$. A high-quality British product of uncompromising design.
As staunchly British, both Ferrograph and Brenell had their well-known and well-respected machines on show and the other important "home product", the Truvox 90 series, featured improved key control, a magnet for many fingers.

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All components used in our receivers may be pur. chased separately if desired. Parts price lists and easy build plans supplied free with sets of parts or available separately at fixed prices stated.


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SKYROVER De Luxe
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More remote and of interest academically was the professional equipment demonstrated by E.M.I. This included the well-known TRS2, the RE301, a two-channel system for special studio use and the high-quality broadcasting job, the 311. Not far away was the Clarke and Smith demonstration, where the transistorised models, 634 (Wright and Weaire deck) and 635 (Truvox deck) were to be seen. These have had a great success in the educational field and it is only lately that they have become available to the general public.

Fi-cord, one of the pioneers of portability, showed that playback from Model 202 was equal to the high-quality sounds emanating from nearby rooms with banks of massive equipment. All from a combination of the handy-sized portable and a bookshelf-sized battery powered amplifier speaker. This must surely be the best money"s worth, sound-for-size, on the market. To widen the scope of this machine even further, Fi-Cord International were showing a battery powered, transistorised mixer unit with high and low impedance outputs.

Of the foreign machines mention should be made of the Philips EL3548, unveiled here at the very competitive price of 39 gns. (although by this time we should perhaps regard Philips as a naturalised British member of the tape-recording fraternity). A double dose was possible by visiting Peto Scott, where a comprehensive range of Philips sound studio equipment was exhibited, including the EL3566 transportable (sic) tape recorder as used by the BBC and the EL3624 Console record player based on a BBC design.
Telefunken were showing their existing range and included the Magnetophon 300, an 81b battery-mains model with several novel features. Among these a one-thumb operation, leaving the hand free for microphone; very stable tape drive mechanism, allowing the machine to be swung without noticeable speed variation, and a profile said to be the slimmest on the market. Price: 59 gns., including microphone. The styling was a distinct break from the Continental look.

1t was perhaps the old-fashioned appearance of buff and gold and fluted plastic that drew us to the Stuzzi Tricorder, but there were other interesting things to see such as the Disc-Corder (someone should have warned the firm that DISCORDER is an unfortunate way of displaying the title!)-a battery operated portable machine with all three facilities: tape recorder, radio receiver and recorder, and turnover to make it into a record player. Other machines on display featured the radio addition which has become a Stuzzi speciality.

## MICROPHONES

Microphones were abundant with new or improved models from almost every maker. STC had no less than four additions to their established range, including the remarkably low priced 4114. This is an omni-directional moving-coil microphone of $200 \Omega$ impedance selling at $£ 313 \mathrm{~s}$. 6d. There were also the 4113 with breath noise reduction a special feature, the 4118 of lightweight tubular design, and the close-talking ribbon-type for public address applications, type 4115 .

In the Grampian range the well-proven DP4 was sumounded by GR1 and GR2 ribbon microphones and a complete range of accessorics, including booms and the bird fancier's secret weapon, the parabolic reflector.
Beyer microphones were shown and demonstrated by Fi-Cord, including two new models. The M69 is a $200 \Omega 2$ moving coil microphone with good front-to-back discrimination at all frequencies, a cardioid pattern and $50-16,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ frequency response. The M88 is a studio type with a wider frequency response and a greater useful signal output, also at $200 \Omega$ impedance.

Lustraphone showed for the first time the Radio-Mic. Since its approval by the G.P.O. this combined microphone-transmitter has been in great demand. 'The designer informs us that the problem of "body noise" and clothes rustle has been virtually eliminated. It has been developed in combination with several receivers for cableless operation and should be a boon to our modern, highly mobile " pop" performers.

On the Reslosound stand there were two additions to the already wide range. One, a pencil dynamic-type PD, has a miniature dynamic insert in a lightweight, tapered housing, and the other is an even smaller version, the MDP.
A.K.G. went to town with a vocalist and small orchestra to show off the Echo Microphone DX11. This has a built-in reverberation element, a transistorised amplifier, control unit and battery-total weight 1 lb . Other new models were the dynamic cardioid microphone with integral windshield and the condenser microphone C12A, which has a preamplifier circuit based on a Nuvistor in place of the valve design previously employed.
S. G. Brown displayed a device called the Personal Auditorium consisting of a two-channel mixing unit with user controls applied to the famous Diplomat ceramic transducers. The listener is enabled by judicious adjustment to " position" himself aurally. Highly effective, and as attractive as the usual Brown products, in a zipped case.

## RECORD PLAYERS

Record playing units continue to improve. The principal innovations are better motors and pick-up arms with some very original features. Garrard were exhibiting an improved version of the popular AT6 unit, calling it the 3000 -we shall hear much more of this deck. There was also a battery operated version of the Autaslim with a new drive motor taking less curirent than a flashIamp.

Goldring displayed a pick-up arm which could be balanced in all planes no matter what cartridge was fitted. This firm also showed the wide range of replacement cartridges, attractively packaged as usual, and three transcription units of high quality.

The well-known name of Thorens was adequately represented by a new model, the Masterpiece transcription record changer unit. It
handles the records individually-which is perhaps the answer to the purist's criticism of the autochanger.

Among the cartridges on show were the new ADC-3 universal stereo moving magnet cartridge from Audio Dynamics Corporation, which adapts to most tone arms; the Sonotone 9TA high compliance dual stylus ceramic unit; and, it almost goes without saying. both the Shure Dynetic Cartridge and a very fine Decca contribution to hi-fi listening in the Mark lll pick-up head with ellintical diamond.
Ortofon also had the elliptical stylus with their stereo SPU/GT cartridge and, the range of fine arms by this company included type RMG212, a shortened version of the 309 . This was fitted with the Ortofon Hi-jack, a spring-loaded friction system which gives air-cushioned lowering of the manual pick-up arm and a positive vertical lift. The lowering speed can be adjusted by a thumbscrew. The simplicity of this device and its singlehole fixing should make it a temptation to the audiophile who is aware of his own clumsiness.

## MIXERS

Mixers were well to the fore not only from the regular firms but also from the Truvox. Grampian and a newcomer to the Fair, Elcom, of Northampton, with units which included a ten-channel monostereo mixer available in either table-top or twin pedestal desk style. Principal feature here was an electronic fader system, said to be a great improvement on resistive types.

## TAPE

Tape, quite naturally, was well to the fore. In addition to their display of various tapes M.S.S. offered a tilm showing the production of tape from raw oxide to deck. Zonal tapes had several new specialities. including coloured leader and timing, tapes, splicing tape and metallic foil "autostop" tape, in 100 ft . lengths. B.A.S.F., as usual, had a novel demonstration. Pre-recorded talks on "Historical Interest", "Sound Effects", "Slide Synchronisation" and other matters of interest to audio enthusiasts. The subject is selected by the listener and he could then take a copy tape, free of charge. Kodak, 100, had a fine display. The new. high-quality $\frac{1}{d}$ in. tape, in four types to suit both amateur and professional, was very colourfully displayed.

As for the other bits and pieces essential for the audio enthusiast many could be found on the Metrosound stand, and a fine range of plugs, sockets. jacks, etc., were shown by Ferrograph under the Rendar trademark. It was perhaps unfortunate that neither of these companies had a catalogue available when the Fair opened.

This tour around has not included such wellknown names as Luxor, Loewe-Opta, Celestion, Revox, Rogers, Tandberg, Tannoy and Vortexion. Space prevents a detailed discussion-and one can only say thank you to the Audio Fair organisers who were able to solve most of their space problems and present such a comprehensive exhibition.

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 phones. There is no examination in such cases but when applying for a licence the intending user must satisfy the authorities that he has a genuine need for the facilities requested and only G.P.O.type approved equipment is permitted to be used.
No, upon reflection I don't think many of us really want "freedom" on the radio waves. The prevailing congestion on many bands is fair warning of the wonderful chaos that would certainly ensue if existing restrictions were relaxed.

## North Sea Pirate

Having just written this admonifory piece for the benefit (1 hope) of the amateur fraternity I have been somewhat chastened by the news that a pirate broadcasting station is being operated by a commercial concern from a ship anchored just outside the three-mile limit off Felixstowe Bay. Really, we expect a better example from the professionals!
According to the G.P.O. this station has been interfering with local ship-to-shore radio services, but as it is moored outside territorial waters no action can be taken. The final outcome of this interesting situation involving international law is anyone's guess. it will anyhow be a decision of some importance, since there are ominous hints that other ships are being fitted out as broadcasting stations with the intention that they also should take up off-shore positions along the east coast.
I say a plague on these maritime juke boxes! The medium wave band is already seriously overpopulated with legitimate broadcasters without these interlopers with their gratuitous "service" of commercials interspersed with pop records.

Should this sort of activity be declared "legal" and the programme fare served up prove acceptable to a large mass of the listening public, I fear this will be prejudicial to the BBC's hopes of an additional 5 s. on the sound licence to finance the proposed extension of broadeasting hours. And, of course, goodbye to any early prospect of a stereophonic broadcasting service.
A final comment on this subject : what a pity the Postmaster-General is unable to devise a system to catch these mean or thoughtless listeners and viewers who avoid paying for their entertainment. It is estimated that there are three million of these pirates and this represents a loss in revenue of $£ 12 \mathrm{~m}$. per year!

# mechanical repairs to TAPE RECORDERS 

BY R. J. BARRETT

TWHE purpose of this article is to assist the owner of a tape recorder to make simple mechanical adjustments and repairs to his machine, thus keeping it in good working order. It does not propose to deal with complex electrical faults, which obviously need the attention of a skilled service engineer, but a number of mechanical faults can be cured with a few tools, providing the following instructions are carefully followed.

It should be appreciated that a tape recorder is a somewhat complicated device, mechanically and electrically, and care should be exercised in all adjustments that are made.

## HOW A TAPE RECORDER WORKS

A brief description of how a tape recorder works may be of interest to some readers, and perhaps help to clear up one or two points which the normal Instruction Manual issued with the machine may not include.

The recording tape is covered with a magnetic material (iron oxide) which is capable of being magnetised by a varying current in the record head. The tape is drawn at a constant speed across the surface of the record bead and the magnetic field in the head is varied by means of a high gain anrplifier proceeded by the microphone. A high frequency alternating current, considerably higher than the highest audio frequency, is also fed to the record head: the purpose of this is to provide bias on the tape in order to improve the recording characteristics of the tape.

In order to play back the recording, the tape is drawn across the playback head at the same speed as that at which the recording was made (in most machines the same head is used for record and playback). The magnetised surface of the tape induces a varying current in the playback head, which in turn is amplified and finally passed to the loudspeaker.

Erasing a recording from the tape is effected by superimposing an alternating magnetic field on to it from the erase head, this latter head generally being positioned by the side of the record/ playback head. The erase head is normally in operation when the instrument is switched to record. thereby automatically wiping the tape clean before the new recording is superimposed upon the tape.
Mixing is accomplished by merely turning off the erase head. A separate switch is normally provided for this purpose, marked "Mixer" or "Erase off".
The tape is only capable of being magnetised on one side, but in a twin track machine half the
width of the tape is used initially, after which the tape may be turned over. and a recording made on the remaining half of the same side of the tape. Many instruments are four track tape recorders. In this case only a quarter of the width of the tape is used at any one time. On such instruments very careful alignment of record and erase heads is essential. otherwise recordings will become superimposed on the wrong tracks or wanted recordings may be erased.

For recordings of music it is advisable that the faster tape speeds be used. as some loss of quality will result on the slowest speed, although this is usually quite adequate for voice recordings.

## REMOVING THE TOP COVER

Access to the tape deck itself may be obtained in the majority of cases by removal of the top cover. In order to do this, control knobs and switch levers must first be removed. These are normally held in place by small grub screws, but if carefu! inspection does not reveal a screw, they are probably of the push-on type held in place by a spring clip. This type of knob should be grasped firmly and pulled straight off, care being taken to retain the spring clip which may fall out as the knob is removed.

It is a good plan to place all small parts such as knobs. screws etc., in the removable lid of the instrument. or they should be kept in a small bor. as they can be easily mislaid. Any fixing screws should now be removed and then the top cover can be gently eased off. It may be necessary to depress keys on the instrument in order to free the cover. and care should be exercised here. because some of the plastic mouldings are quite fragile and easily broken.

## CLEANING THE RECORD/PLAYBACK HEAD AND ERASE HEAD

The heads should be frequently examined to ensure that no particles of oxide from the tape have adhered to them. This will show up as a thick brown deposit on the surface of the heads. and will result in recordings being considerably reduced in volume.

The heads should be carefully rubbed with a match-stick moistened in methylated spirits. or a piece of string first dipped in methylated spirits can be drawn over the surface of the heads. At the same time the tape guides. shown in Fig. 1. should be examined for oxide particles as these can cause friction as the tape passes over them, giving rise to uneven tape speed and squeaking noises. The guides should be cleaned in the same manner as



## "a short cut"' for everybody wishing to obtain a quick acquaintance with modern electronics...


the heads; probably the string method will be found the more convenient.

The tape is held on to the surface of the record/ playback head in many instances by a pressure pad of felt. This pad only moves into position when the machine is switched to record or playback and is disengaged in the rewind position. The felt should be examined for oxide particles, and


Fig. 1/ The arrangement of erase and record/piayback heads on a domestic recorder.
this can be cleaned with a rag moistened in methylated spirits. If it has become hardened, the surface of the pad can be roughened with a small file or piece of sandpaper.

## WARNING

A word of warning is appropriate at this point. On no account should any cleaning fluid other than methylated spirits be used for these operations. Cleaners which contain carbon tetrachloride act as solvents to the plastics that are used in the construction of the heads and permanent damage will result if these are used.

## DRIVE BELTS

It is often found that a tape recorder performs quite well when recording and playing, but slows down when in the rewind position. This can be due in many cases to faulty drive belts on the machine. If your machine is fitted with belts, examine them closely and see if they have become hard.

In bad cases quite a large kink will appear in the belt generally where it has been round a small pulley. This type of belt will often harden like this when the machine is stored in a cold place, and sometimes a complete cure can be effected by running the machine in the fast rewind position for about half an hour. This softens the belt and returns it to the original shape and size. If this does not cure the trouble then heat will have to be applied to the belt in some other way.

Before removing the belt, it is worth trying the effect of blowing warm air from a hair dryer upon it. This often does the trick, but if it still appears slack and slips, it will have to come off.
Some belts come off quite easily. Inspection will show that they can be merely eased off the pulleys. But the main drive belt often appears to be covered by a mass of switchgear and seems almost inaccessible. A point to remember is that the manufar turer got it in there in the first place, and so it shouldn't be too difficult to get out. In many cases the removal of three or four screws supporting the bracket on which the record head and its control mechanism are situated will enable the bracket to be
lifted clear without unsoldering any wires, and the belt can then be removed.

Any grease on the belt should be wiped off with a clean dry cloth, and it should be immersed in very hot water for a few moments. In most circumstances the belt will rapidly regain its natural shape and softness. It should be wiped perfectly dry before refitting.
If all these methods have proved unsuccessful. then the belt will require replacement. Many manufacturers are providing belts of greater elasticity to overcome the stretching and hardening problems, and it is worth enquiring if one of these is available for your machine.

One or two machines use metal spring belts and these are joined by means of a small plastic insert as shown in Fig. 2. Should they break they can be rejoined by giving both ends of the belt a slight anticlockwise twist, placing the plastic joining piece in each end. and allowing the spring to screw itself on to the joining piece.


Fig. 21 Spring belts used on some machines are jomec by a plastic insert.

## IDLER WHEELS AND PULLEYS

An idler wheel is used on many models to transmit power from the motor pulley to the main flywheel. Oil or grease on a rubber idler wheel can cause incorrect running speeds. Quite often these idler wheels can be cleaned. without removing them from the machine, with a piece of clean rag pressed against the driving surface whilst the wheel is rotated by hand.
If the machine runs at a different speed than that indicated by the speed control knob, it is pc sible that the stepped pulley normally fitted to the motor spindle has slipped out of position. These are frequently held in position by two grub screws, and both should be securely tightened if it is necessary to move the pulley along the motor spindle.

## CLUTCHES

To prevent the spools from free-wheeling and to ensure a smooth take up on the rewind spool. clutches are employed, and these usually take the form of rotating felt rings attached to the spool 1. Iders, which engage with stationary plastic or metal surfaces.
Any jerkiness in the take-up spool can generally be attributed to clutch trouble, and they should be carefully dismantled and the clutch surfaces examined. The clutch felt should be clean and soft, and its surface may be slightly roughened with fine sandpaper if necessary. The surfaces on which the felts rotate should be clean and dry and free of oil. No attempt should be made to score or roughen these surfaces, as the clutch must have a certain amount of slip to work correctly.
Clutch assemblies take many forms. and to describe all types would be impossible. Most of them can be dismstitled, after careful inspection. from


Fig. 3: A typical clutch assembly.
the top of the tape deck. They are usually held together by means of circlips and spring retaining rings, both of which can be prised off with a small screwdriver or a pair of long-nosed pliers. Fig. 3 shows a typical clutch assembly, as is used on very many machines. Care should always be taken to re-assemble the clutch in the correct order. A diagram should be made when the clutch is dismantled or the parts may be laid down in the correct order for re-assembly.

## FUSES

Should the tape recorder not function at all when switched on, the fuses should not be overlooked. Generally these are fitted at the rear of the machine, but some manufacturers fit them
underneath the top cover. The point about fuses is that if one has blown there is generally a reason for it, and an electrical fault beyond the scope of this article should be suspected. If you do not feel competent to carry out the appropriate tests and checks of the circuitry, you should consult your local dealer.

However, if you wish to try a new fuse, one of the correct type and rating should be used. Fuses are often of the anti-surge type designed to stand momentary overload. Care should be taken to see that this type is fitted should it be required.

## MAGIC-EYE INDICATOR

Most types of tape recorders are fitted with a magic eye to assist the operator to record at the correct level. This occasionally becomes knocked off centre, and can easily be returned to the correct position, merely by sliding it along in the spring clip, or adjusting the small bracket which supports it.

## GENERAL REMARKS

Tape recorders should be stored in a warm dry place. Cold and damp are both enemies to the instrument. It should be kept clean from oxide, particularly the area around the record head, a soft brush being useful for this purpose. The microphone should be kept in a box, and tapes should be stored in a cool place to avoid print-through, which produces echos when played back. Care of your instrument will repay you both in the performance obtained and in prolonging the life of the recorder.

## PERSPEX

## and the constructor

## -continued from page 151

hold too near a flame or the sheet may blister.)
To maintain equal bends on all corners the strip may be formed around a piece of wood dowel or a broom handle. When bending be sure that you do not attempt to force when the strip starts to cool and stiffen. If this starts to happen hold the strip into the angle so far obtained and heat again before continuing. There is quite a degree of latitude in the amount of heat required for bending, but over-heating tends to form streakiness in the texture of the sheet.

Surface scratches, filing marks and the like can be readily removed with emery and metal polish and a high sheen may be obtained. Hinges and catches for Perspex boxes made to hold components may be obtained from handyman's stores and are known as "cigar box fittings".

## Other Applications and Suggestions

Having the fortune to have the use of a lathe, the writer found it simple to turn up various knobs and tuning dials. It is a little more difficult to cut out a circle by hand but by scribing deep with a pair of sharp engineering dividers a reasonable dise can be produced. A cursor line can be ruled on the back face of a dial and the line filled in with drawing ink or paint. The disc can be screwed or stuck on to the back of a small knob which contains a
grubscrew. Some rich effects can be obtained by gluing pearly plastic furniture knobs on to dials.

Pilot light covers and the like can be moulded by the use of a stiff alloy plate holed to the size required. A timber dolly is made by rounding off the end of a piece of square section batten to form half a sphere (Fig. 4). This has to fit into the hole in the plate and allow sufficient room for the thickness of the Perspex sheet (which should be not more than one-sixteenth of an inch). The Perspex is heated until soft, placed over the hole and pressed through by downward pressure on the dolly. When sufficiently cool remove the dolly. cut out the bubble and clean up with a file. Warming the metal die is advised to maintain the heat during the actual moulding.

Fig, 4: Pressing out a pilot light cover.


Perhaps a word of advice might be offered here for those inexperienced in cutting Perspex. Use a fairly fine toothed saw and hold the sheet firmly, preferably in a vice with cardboard inserts to protect from marking. Saw gently with a raking cut. If the blade jams it usually means a split in the sheet.

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ACTON, BRENTFORD AND CHISWICK RADIO CLUB Hon. Sec.: W. G. Dyer, 188 Gunnersbury Avenue, Acton, London W.3.
Preparations for the Club's participation in National Field Day are to be discussed at the next meeting on 12th May.

## BRADFORD RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: E. G. Barker, G30T0, 63 Woodcot Avenue, Baildon, Shipley, Yorkshire,
"Simple Transmitters" was the title of a lecture given by D. M. Pratt at a meeting of this Society on April 7th. At the end of the month, a number of members made a visit to the Emley Moor television station of the I.T.A.
CHESTER AND DISTRICT AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY Hon. Sec.: P. J, Holland, "Field House," 19 Kingsley Road, Gt. Boughton, Chester, Cheshire.

The HRO receiver was the subject of the talk given by G3JAZ on April 14th. At the next meeting-April 21 st-Norman Kendricks (G3CSG) judged the construction contest.
G3EWZ's lecture entitled "Getting Going on ' 2 ' " ended the $!$ month's accivities on the 28 ch .

## FLINTSHIRE RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: A. Antley, "Fairholme," Fairfield Avenue, Rhyl, Flintshire.
Members who attended the meeting on April 14th, took part in a discussion on "Standardisation in Amateur Radio." Two weeks later, members enjoyed the interesting demonstration of amateur television given by GW3JGA/T and GW3PCZ/T.

## MELTON MOWBRAY AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY

 Hon. Sec.: D. W. Lilley, G3FDF, 23 Melton Road, Asfordby Hill, Melton Mowbray, Leicestershire.1 The evening's activities for 23 rd April were provided by a visit of a group of members to the shack of G4MK.

## MID-WARWICKSHIRE AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY

 Hon. Sec.: T. Inkester, 13 Dormer Place, Leamington Spa, Warwickshire.At the April meeting of this Society members heard a talk given by Mr. John Royce (G3PZA); his subject being 'coils.'
NORTHERN HEIGHTS AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY Hon. Sec.: A. Robinson, G3MDW, Candy Cabin, Ogden, Halifax.
The approaching summer months have caused increased activity among members busy with the preparation of /A stations. Although not quite a summer month, April saw its share of activity with the Society's Annual General Meeting, held on the 15 th. Lacer in the same month, members heard a lecture on "Medium Wave DXing" by D. Howell.

## PADDINGTON AND DISTRICT AMATEUR RADIO

## SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: G3JEA, Beauchamp Lodge, 2 Warwick Crescent, London, W.2.

Prospective members are welcomed to meetings of this Society which are held every Wednesday evening, beginning at 7.30 p.m. Among a variety of other events, meetings of this Society include morse instruction for beginners, and members under the age of 18 years will not be required to pay club fees.

Activities for April included talks by G8PL and G3MHQ on "Certificates and Awards" and "Detection and Suppression of Spurious Harmonics" respectively. April meerings also included film shows and a talk presented by G3AWS.

## PLYMOUTH RADIO CLUB

Hon. Sec,: R. Hooper, G3SCW, 2 Chestnut Road, Peverell, Plymouth, Devon.

Judging for the " G 5 ZT " trophy was the main event at the meeting for April 7th. A fortnight later, the Club met to hear a talk given by G3BRJ on "Safety in the Shack.
On May 5th, the Annual General Meeting of the Club was held.

## RADIO CLUB OF SCOTLAND

Hon. Sec.: A. Barnes, GM3LTB, 7 South Park Terrace, Glasgow W.2.

This society allocates to each day of the week, one parcicular topic coform the basis of each meetıng, and anyone whoisinterested

in these subjects can be sure to be welcomed and evening. The topics dealt with are as follows: Monday, tape recording; Tuesday, hi-fi/stereo; Wednesday, television; Thursday, radio; Friday. radio amateurs; Saturday, radio control and Sunday, radio astronomy.
READING AMATEUR RADIO CLUB
Hon. Sec.: R. G. Nash, G3EJA, "Peacehaven," 9 Holybrook Road, Reading, Berkshire.

The centre of interest at the meeting for Apri1 25th was the short wave listener and SWL members of the Club had the chance of discussing their subject and equipment.

## REIGATE AMATEUR TRANSMITTING SOEIETY

Hon. Sec.: F. D. Thom, G3NKT, 12 Willow Road, Redhill, Surrey.

On April 18th, this Society met for the first tume in its new headquarters, The George and Dragon in Cromwell Road, Redhill. At this meeting, members were entertained by a selection of films supplied oy the library of the Electrical Development Associar. tion.
SCARBOROUGH AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: P. B. Briscombe, G8KU, HRostacre", Irton, Scarborough, Yorkshire.

G3PEJ's talk on the HRO receiver on April 9tia was followed a week later by one entitled "Light", given by GSVO.

At the meeting on the 23 rd of the month, members began planning in preparation for National Field Day. Activities for April ended with visits to local amateur stations on the 30 th.
SOUTH YORKSHIRE AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Soc.: . M. Heath, 235 Thorne Road, Wheatley Hilla, Doncaster, Yorkshire.

Much of the Society's recent activity has benin devoted to lectures and demonstrations for the benefit of members preparing to take the next R.A.E.
SPEN VALLEY AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY
Hon. Sec.: N. Pride, 100 Raikes Lane, Birstall, Leeds.
Members of this Society enjoyed a month of much activity during April, beginning with a visit to the Leeds-Bradford airport on the 9ch. On the following Wednesday, a number of members were guests at a meeting of the Leeds Radio Clab.

On the 16 th , the club met to hear an interesting tecture entitled "Telstar", delivered by Mr. H. Tomlinson. On the 25 th the Society's Annual Dinner was held and on the 30th Mr. T. H. Withers provided the last event for the month with this talik on "Amateur Radio Gear."

## STOCKPORT RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: R. T. Diamond, G3SFN, 102 Chataworth Road, Hazel Grove, Cheshire.

Under the leadership of Bert Smith (G3AYT) ariangements for V.H.F. Field Day were discussed at the meeting on 8th April. Members who attended the next meeting, two weeks later, heard a lecture on first aid, when special attention was given to the treatment of electric shock.

## STRATFORD-UPON-AVON AND DISTRICT RADIO

## CLUB

Hon. Sec.: H. W. Gannicott, 17 Highfield Road, Stratiord-upon-Avon, Warwickshire.

During the commemorative Festival begun in April to mark the 400th Anniversary of the birth of William Shakespeare, this Club participated by operating a demonstration station with the callsign GB2WS which was specially authorised by the Postmaster General. Operating on the 20, 40 and 80 m . bands, the station exchanged greetings with radio amateurs the world over. A unique QSL card was issued for the occasion.

## THANET RADIO SOCIETY

Hon. Sec.: J. Barnes, G3BKT, I8 Grange Road, Ramsgate, Kent.

This Society is to hold its fifth Mobile Rally on Sunday, May lOth. A cliff-top site has been chosen at Pegweil Bay, Ramsgate, and talk-in stations will be G3DOE on 160 m . and G3EAC on 2 m .

## WEST KENT AMATEUR RADIO SOCIETY

R. Trevitt, 28 Dales Avenule. Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

The Annual General Meeting of this Sociecy was held on Anril Oth when past activities where reviewed and future events discussed, and club officials for the next twelve months were elected.


## Construction Board

ANEW product from R. \& E. Lamb of London will be of interest to anyone who read the article in the May issue of P.W., " Unit Construcion Boards". Their product takes the form of a laminated construction board perforated by 200 holes. The board, known as Eyelet-Board, is approximately $\frac{1}{16}$ in. thick and measures $4 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $x$ $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. It can be supplied with eyelets for inserting into the board to provide electrical contact with components and connecting wires which are soldered to them. The eyelets may be fitted in any of the 200 holes, so that component layout may be as straightforward as desired and, once in place, the eyelets cannot come out.
The cost of a perforated board is 2 s ., and packets of 40 eyelets cost 6d. each. Plain board for insulating or backing material is also available at 9 d . a sheet. R. \& E. Lamb, 17 Queens Road, Lev. tonstone, London, E.11.

## Valve Voltmeter Kit

NEW from Heathkit is the model IM-13U valve voltmeter available either as a kit or ready assembled. This mains operated instrument employs a two-valve circuit built on a printed board and even those not experienced in construction should find building the IM-13U possible with the aid of the instruction manual which accompanies each kit.

A function switch on the front panel of the instrument selects a.c. volts (r.m.s.), d.c. volts, resistance or decibels and another main switch selects the range. There are seven volts ranges from $0-1.5$ to $0-1.500$ and seven ohms ranges.

High quality components are used throughout with $1 \%$ precision resistors in the multiplier circuits and a 6 in. $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ meter movement. A 1.5 V battery for the ohmmeter section of the circuit is included in the cost. of the kit, as are the test leads and prods.

This new Heathkit model is made hy Daystrom Limited, Gloucester, and is sold for $\mathrm{f} 18 \mathrm{18s}$.


Sinclair's new miniature amplifier

## Miniature Amplifier

ACOMPANION unit to the Sinclair "MicroSix" receiver has been announced (Trade News, March issue) which will amplify the output of this receiver (or of any other suitable source) for feeding into any standard 25 to $35 \Omega$ loudspeaker.

The TR.750-as the amplifier is known-is available either ready-assembled or in kit form. The two-transistor circuit is built on to a printed circuit board and incorporates its own volume control and on/off switch.
When assembled, the TR. 750 measures 2 in . $x$ $1 \frac{1}{8}$ in. $\mathrm{x} \frac{s}{8}$ in. and provides an undistorted output of 750 mW . A frequency response of 30 to $20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ is claimed for its transformerless output stage.
The TR. 750 kit-price 39s. 6d.-is available from Sinclair Radionics Limited, 69 Histon Road, Cambridge.


A stereo tape recorder made by Celsa Electric Co. Ltd.

## Stereo Tape Recorder

'THE TG12A stereo tape recorder is new from the Dual Division of Celsa Electric Company Limited, who exhibited this model recently at their stand at the. Audio Festival and Fair held in London.

The recorder operates at three speeds and will record on four tracks, which allows the facility of superimposition. For stereo, the twin loudspeaker continued on page 182


The demand for good Electronic Engineers is increasing almost daily throughout the world. Electronics is now the most rapidly expanding of all industries with its applications reaching into almost every sphere of human activity. If you are looking for a new career with new opportunities then now is the time to chooseElectronics. If you are already employed in this fieidthen now is the moment to seek high qualifications to secure the top jobs which are waiting to be filled. Most of all, the great potential of electronic development means untimited scope for the future and will ensure a secure occupation for you-unlikely to be affected by possible future recessions in other industries.

The British National Radio School has had 25 years' experience of HOME STUDY coaching for students wishing to master the fascinating subjects of Elec-tronics- Whether the object be career or as a hobby or new interest. The School is entirely independent and specialises ONLY in the teaching of electronic subjects. It employs only fully qualified staff to conduct and supervise each individuai course taken by a student and it is this close and personal contact between Tutor and Student which we believe makes possible the successful completion of course of study.
A special feature of our system is that all courses start right rom the beginning and no previous know. ledge or experience is necessary or expected. Training is carried out in easy step-by-step stages using the most modern methods of tuition. The great advantage of the home study method is that it provides a complete self-contained course giving everything needed for the subject concerned and enabling work to be done in the comfort of one's own home and over any period of time desired.

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## OTHER COURSES

## MATHEMATICS <br> TELEVISION <br> TRANSISTORS <br> - SERVO-MECHANISMS <br> COMPUTERS <br> - RADAR \& NAVIGATIONAL AIDS

## TRANSISTOR COILS

The P50 series remain the most popular and widely used components for Medium and Long-wave Transistor Superhets:-
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Our individual "H" type iron-cored coils are without equal for the construction of a wide range of receivers. For the simplest T.R.F. sets covering one or more wave-bands the Aerial and H.F. Transformer coils are ideal. The standard superhet circuit using the ever-popular triode-hexode frequency changer layout would employ the Aerial and Oscillator coils and the coverage can be selected from 7 different bands ranging from 12.5 to 2,000 metres. For a really high-performance receiver an R.F. stage can be added by using the Aerial, H.F. Transformer and Oscillator Coils and a circuit is provided illustrating such a layout.

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|  | battery. | SPEAKERS. 7/9, fin Ex. mfd, Salvage. I |  |
| ${ }_{4} \mathrm{P}$. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tetings } \\ & \hline \text { P. } \end{aligned}$ |


\section*{SAVE £££'S | on Those |
| :---: |
| intruis |} NOW YOU CAN RUN YOURTRANSISTOR RADIO ETC. SAFELY OFF A.C. MAINS FOR 1/6 A YEAR These Battery Eliminators are the Ideal economical and safe way of running gny TikANSISTOR RADIO, RECORI? PLAYER. TAPE: RECORDER, AMPLIFIER, etc. requiring voltaxes shown.

Types Available: 9 volt. 6 volt. ${ }^{4} \frac{1}{2}$ volt, (singie output). Size $31 \times 3 \times$ inn. PRICE $35 /$ each. P. \&P. $2 / 9$.
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> ALso AVAITABIE NAIN UNITS supplying elther 12 v. or 18 v, output as required for BBC2, 625 T.V. Booster Units. PRICE $40 /$ - each. P. \& P. $2 / 9$.

LISTEN TO THE WORLD on TELSTAR our I-VALVE
 SHORT WAVE RADIO
Recejves speeoh and music from all over the world. Price includes valve and one coll be extended to cover $10-100$ metres. Can be converted to 2 metres. Can be converted to 3 or $\begin{aligned} & \text { valve and all-mains } \\ & \text { ape rotal Building }\end{aligned}$ Costs $35 /=$ P. \& P. 2/-.


THE R.C.S. PERSONAL SET

## For Private Listening

 An amazing little set. with built-in ferrite rod aerial bringing in medium wave Size only $24 \times$ volume. Sturdy case. palm of the hand Drdled chassis colour coded for easy assembly. Total Building ousts (including earplece) $30 / P$ \& $P$

## R.C.S. PRODUCTS (RADIO) LTD.

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## A NEW WAY OF THINKING

S IR,-For some while I have been training myself to misread English. When I see the word "positive" I say "e-negative"; likewise e-positive, e-volts, e-current and e-charge. In short, 1 have inverted the incorrect + and signs so that my reading corresponds with the real direction of electron pressures and fluxions. During the experimental period I have lived in "cuckoo land"; now I have got used to it. It was well worth while. It makes things clear and simple. For example, consider the story of the multivibrator as follows:

The zinc pole of the cell charges the power line et (sce diagram). Through R2 e-current (el)


The explanotory diagram for Mr. Hilton's letter.
nows to the base of $\operatorname{Tr} 2$. which is therefore conducting and is bottomed. Through R4, collector cl is flowing. and the recent drop of eV at point B has empticd (2) of e-charge (eQ). This has dropped the cV at point $A$ and an enhanced el is flowing down R 3 and is replacing the cQ in C 2 . Because of the low eV at point A (Trl base) cI is below cut-off and it is not conducting. Meanwhile C2 is filling up. Finally its eV rises and the flow of base el into Trl is resumed. At once 'Trl conducts. Its collector eV falls sharply; eQ is drawn out of C1. Tr2 at once cuts off. The half-cycle is then complete, to be resumed when eQ returns to Cl via R2.

When read several times, this account will appear simple and clear. The reason for its simplicity and clarity is that it describes what actually happens. Note how the action of a capacitor is described: eQ is drawn out from one side of it and cQ flows in at the other to make good. That is how a capacitor actually works. Some eQ is sucked out: the proton matrix remains; it drags

Whilst we are always pleased to assist readers with their technical difficulties, we regret that we are unable to supply diagrams or provide instructions for modifying commercial or surplus equipment. We cannot supply alternative details for receivers described in these pages. WE CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO ANSWER QUERIES OVER THE TELEPHONE. If a postal reply is required a stamped and addressed envelope must be enclosed with the coupon from page iii of the cover.

The Editor does not necessarily agree with the opinions expressed by his correspondents
some cQ back on to the other side. This e-system shows that process clearly. A conventional description would not.

Some day, somehow, a change has to be made. Students time and effort has to be saved by straightforward thinking. It would he noteworthy if the change began in the pages of Practical Wireless. It would be practical indeed.-Frank Hilton (Yarmouth, Isle of Wight).

## TONE DEAF bUT STILL APPRECIATIVE

SIR,-Although made lightheartedly I would disagree with Mr. Jameson's crinticisms-made in a letter in the April issuc-of P.W.'s turn to the field of music. I feel that I am eminently suited to speak because there can be few of your readers that are as tone deaf as myself.

Will I ever build a tremolo unit $\mathrm{o}^{-}$an electronic organ for my own use? Not I: but I huilt the metronome published in the February, 1963, issue for a musically minded friend. I have thoroughly enjoyed reading the articles to which Mr. Jameson referred, building them not with aluminium and solder but with pen and paper. What I feel your correspondent forgets is that although the average readers of P.W. have not the time, inclination or finance to build everything that appears in your magazine, it does not mean that pleasure is lost. If it did your magazine would have bcen readerless long ago. - Geddes Reid (Barton-on-Trent, Stafiordshire).

## A DEARTH OF INFORMATION

$S^{1 R}$
IR,-Although not an "aspiring Beatle" I do derive great pleasure both from playing an electric guitar and from building radio and electronic equipment. Until the recent spate of "musical" articles in P.W. there has been a singular dearth of information available about the construction of electric guitars and their associated equipment, and with a risk of boring your correspondent, Mr. Jameson, I look forward to more such articles.

However, I agree with his remark that other musical instruments could benefit from the application of electronics. Since it is easy to fit pick-ups to string instruments, 1 amsurprised that nobody has produced an electric pizno. However, the construction and effective usc of pick-ups for wind instruments is a problem which I believe has not yet been tachled, although if a few P.W.
readers were to put their thinking-caps on we might soon have that electric bagpipe amplifier. R. WilliamSon (Walton-on-Thames, Surrey).

SIr-I would be grateful if any reader could sell or loan me...

- Bend . . the March, April and May 1961 issues of P.W. -L Beadpord, 17 Seymour Avenue, Morden Park, Surrey. . . the circuit or valve line-up of an Eddystone 659.-D. C. Thomas, 66 Bridge Street, Llandaff, Cardiff, Glamor6anshire.
receiver.-J. J. Stevenircuit or any information on the R. 1355 Bolfast 14.
. the issue of P.W giving modification details of the No. 19 set,-C. Richardson. 27 Cauldwell Lane, Monkreaton, Whitley Bay, Northumberland.
.. circuits of the R.1155A and the Pye P.M, 121.V. D. Tennant, High Park, Stanhoe, King's Lymn, Norfolk.
. the circuit and wiring details of the Hallicrafters S.38B short wave receiver.-P. AbRAM, 31 Third Avenue, Fazakeriey, Liverpool 9 ,
"Kentmere", $\dot{\text { Crag }}$ - the Mank Lane, Carnforth, Wancen. A. Marinn,


## TRADE NEWS

-continued from page 178
units may be positioned for best effect. The TG12A has a frequency response of 40 to $20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$.

The Dual Division of Celsa Electric Company Limited, Celsa House, Kelway Place, London, W.14, are the makers of this new recorder.

A
TUBULAR steel mast for aerial erection has
been made available recently by John Smith \& Co. (London) Ltd. This new mast has been designed for use by radio amateurs and is construc-
. any information on the 62B Admiralty receiver. manufactured by Murphy.-A. McRoberts, 12 Banner Road, Knightswood, Glasgow W. 3.
. . the April 1958 issue of P.W.-B. Hrtchen, 36 Inkerman Street, Blackburn, Lancashire.
. . the circuit and any other details of the Kolster Brandes superhei receiver KB 885.-J. Swarbrick, 107 Garstang Road, Preston, Lancashire.
. . the issues of P.W. from .anuary to April 1963 inclusive, and the June, July, September and October 1963 issues of Practical Television.-M. G. Robinson, 24 High Park Road, Kew Gardens, Surrey.
the circuit and component values for the type BC-454B receiver.-K. France, 36 Carteret Road, Luton, Bedfordshire.
. . . a circuit diagram of a Mk. III "A-Z" f.m. tuner unit made by Sound Sales Ltd.-P. R. Johnstone, 36 Upper East Hayes, Bath, Somerset.
$\rightarrow$ the February 1958 issue of P.W.-C. Funnfll, 43 Theydon Park Road, Theydon Bois, Essex.
. . circuit diagram or service sheet for the H.M.V. television-radio receiver, model 905.-P. P. Skivingion, 16. Howood Road, Enfield, Middlesex.
. . the circuit of the R. 206 receiver.-B. Atkinson, "Brada," Beadwell, Chathill, Northumberland.
ted in two sections; an upper tube section sliding up or down between twin tubes of the lower section.

When fully extended, the top of the mast reaches a height of 30 ft . and at the extreme top a spindle is fitted to take either a rotator unit or a pulley. Two sets of three guy lines hold the mast steady on its heavy galvanised steel base plate, and a rope and pulley system is incorporated to raise and lower the upper section.
The price of the mast complete is $£ 25$ and the manufacturers are John Smith \& Co. (London) Lid., Hainault Works, Hainault Road, Chadwell Heath, Romford, Essex.

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No. 2
MAY/JUNE 1964

## AND NOW AN AMPLIFIER FOR THE MICRO-6

This month, we announce a new design for construc-tors-the Sinclair TR.750. Basically, it is intended as a companion design to the Micro-6, but whocver builds this amplifier will find it useful for many more applications also. The TR. 750 is a micro-miniature instrument with enormous power. It is so small, that you could put it with the Micro-6 into an empty 20-cigarette packet, and have room to spare: yet the TR. 750 incorporates its own volume control and onoff switch, and has an undistorted output of threequarters of a watt. Using the TR. 750 with the Micro-6 enables you to have a first-class car radio, a uniupe two-unit portable or home receiver with loudspeaker. High-fidelity standards are casily obtained. Two TR. 750 s can be used in stereo, In fact, wherever extreme compactness is required together with power and quality, you will find the Sinclaif TR. 750 the very job for you.

## AFTER THE LAUNCHING, THE DELUGE

The Micro-6 has met with an even more enthusiastic response from set builders than did our original Slimline, which nevertheless continues to be very popular, particularly with newcomers to transistor building. It will come as no surprise therefore, to constructors who already know what Sinclair stands for, to learn that letters of praise and appreciation are now pouring in daily as more and more buikders make and use the smallest radio set in the world. Here's a typical cross-section of what they tell us:
F.W., Luton writes-"Am very pleased with the quite remarkable results obtained."
J.C.F.M., London W. 14 says: "The set worked very well indeed and I congratulate you on its perlormance." Similarly, D.F. of Monkseaton, Northumberland, congratulated us on the design and continues, "The performance is quite unbelievable, I have shown it to a number of my friends and they have all been very impressed."
From Abingdon, Berks., S.H.L. recalls difficulties he had with a set from another supplier three years

## MICRO-6 A SENSATION IN 1964 PARIS ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS SHOW

[^3]ago and states, "Not only was I able to build your set straight off, but the initial price was a pound less, and in sensitivity, selectivity and indeed every other way was fantastically better." From G.J.v Notiligham: "I very much enjoyed the four or five hours" work necessary to complete it (The Micra-6) which was accomplished almost without swearing, unlike most other sets I have made. It was in fact easier to make than many bigger sets and when finished, worked at once. I consider the conception brilliant and am very pleased with it. It has aroused much interest amongst my friends."
As with all letters from which we quote, the originals may always be seen at our offices.

## NEVER ANYTHUNG LIKE IT

Now with longer days to look forward to, the Micro-6 is going to be yout constant companion, outdoors as much as in. For unobtrusive, private listening, there has never been anything like it. If you want others to share in its stupendous performance, all you require is our new TR. 750 power amplificr with speaker suitably arranged, and you have a first rate car, portable or table radio.

## TWO-WAY PROTECTION

Remember, when vou buy a Sinclair design, you are filly protected ty our mitue gutamber whredy s?ombla you mot be immediately satistied wilt vour purchuse, inur moncy is refunded without question. For those nhrase building mray need wone servicing, our own technical scrvice depantment can quickly put fhings right for you.



## THE WORLD'S SMALLEST RADIO

A.G.C.
A.G.C.


Ist A.F.
Amp. $\rightarrow \begin{gathered}\text { 2nd A.F. } \\ \text { Amp. }\end{gathered} \rightarrow \begin{gathered}\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { 3rd A.F. } \\ \text { Amp. }\end{array}\right]\end{gathered}$

## 6-STAGE POWER AND SELECTIVITY

The Miero-6 uses Micro-Alloy Transistors in a completely new circuit as follows:- Two stages of R.F. amplification aro followed by an efficient double-diode detector which drives a high-gain 3-stage A.F. amplifier. Powerful A.G.C. applied to the first R.F. stage ensures fade-free reception from the most distant stations tuned in. Everyshing including ferrite-rod aerial and batteries is contained within the elegant tiny case.

## ACTUAL SIZE

When you have built your Micro-6, you will find it a constant companion everywhereindoors and out-in car, bus, train-wherever you want to listen. Its power and sensitivity. are such that it ensures good reception under the severest listening conditions, yet this amazing receiver measures only $14 / \mathrm{s} \times 18 / 10 \times \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. and WEIGHS LESS THAN ONE OUNCE complete with batteries. Tuning covers the entire medium waveband with band spread over the high frequency end for better separation of Continental stations. You listen with the lightweight high-quality earpiece provided, which switches the set on when plugged in. Now constructors at every lovel of experience are enthusiastically building and using this British designed set, acelaimed by all as the smallest and most efficient receiver of its kind on earth.

WEIGHS LESS THAN AN OUNCE WITH CASE AND BATTERIES!


## BUILD IT IN A SINGLE EVENING!

The Miero-6 is simplicity itself to build when you follow the meticulously detailed instructions. All parts including MAT transistors, case, lightweight earpjece and instructions come to

Chassis
View-
Actual Size

MALLORY MERCURY CELL TYPE ZM312-1/11 EACH.

# SINGLAIR MIGRO-6 

WORLD BEATING BRITISH DESIGNS BY
SINCLAIR RADIONICS LTD., 69 HISTON ROAD, CAMBRIDGE.

# SUMMER <br>  



ACTUAL SIZE

## ... AND A NEW SINGLAIR POWER AMPLIFIER TO MATCH THE MICRO-6

This is a high-quality power amplifier contained within extremely compact dimensions ( $2^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \times \frac{1}{2^{\prime \prime}}$ ), having sufficient output to drive a full-size loudspeaker with more than enough volume for all possible requirements. It includes combined finger-tip operated volume coneral with on-off switch, and is easily mounted in whichever way is most convenient. Together with the Micro-6, it makes a thoroughly efficient car radio or portable loudspeaker set. Other applications will readily suggest themselves to the keen constructor, ranging from record players, hi-fi installations and intercom systems to baby alarms.

Performance characteristics are brilliant- watt transformerless ourpart with frequency response within $\pm I \mathrm{~dB}$ from 30 to $20,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$-hi-fi by any standards! Input- 10 mV into 2 K ohms for 750 milliwatts output for any standard 25 to 35 ohms loudspeaker. Operating requirements from 9 to 12 volts. Full building instructions are supplied with parts for the TR.750, which include latest type Miero-Alloy driver and our exciting new "Magnagain" output transistor, microminiature components volume control and on-off switch, printed cirzuit board and input plug for connecting to Micra-6.

* OTHER SINCLAIR CONSTRUCTIONAL DESIGNS

Sinclair Micro-injector
Using two
MATS it generates and injects a test signal into any part of equipment at any frequency from $1 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ to $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ to locate faults rapidly.
$14 / 5 \times 13 / 10 \times \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$, excluding probe. All parts with instructions come to $27 / 6$
Ready built and tested $32 / 6$



Smaller than a 3d. piece. Frequency response 30 to $50,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s} \pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$, power gain 60dB (1,000,000 times)makes a superb broadband R.F. amplifier also a subminiature hi-fi ampl. with an output suitable for any earpiece or even loudspeaker, With MAT transistors and all parts. 2816
 Great power and quality. blue and gold Buildings is par- case, earpiece, cicularly easy, and instructions All parts in-come $49 / 6$

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NOTICES

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RESISTOAS! You can't Fesist this! tW, 1W, 2W Polythene wrapped on cards of 10 . Mixed values and wattages. £2 $2 / 10 \%$ per 1,000 . Your selection $10 \%$ per 100 G F MLLWARD. 17 Peel Close, Drayton Bassett. Staffs.


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R.F. and L.F. Gains Tuning Meter. R.F. and L.F. Gains Tuning Meter. :5/- Matching 230 V a.c. power unit, £2/5/-, cartiage 10/- Receiver Section of Walkie-Talkie $68 \mathrm{~T}, 3-6 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, contains 4 valves, 3 of ARP12, 1 AR8, $25 /$ e each, post paid. Spare valves 1/each, post 3 d . Part-stripped matching transmitter chassis, contains many useful parts, coils. condensers. switches, resistors, etc., $10 / \mathrm{post}$ paid. is set power units, Mk. 2 (Canadian), vibrator/rotary type, 45/: carriage 5/-. 22 Eet vibrator pack, 17/6, post 5/-.

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RECEIVERS \& COMPONENTS
(continued)
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CO-AX, semi-airspaced. solid conductor, brown, 6d. per yard, 40 yards $\therefore 7 / 6,100$ yards 39/6. Better quality stranded conductor, brown or white. 9 d . per yard, 40 yards $27 / 6,100$ yards 48/6. Outlet Boxes, white. $3 / 9$ : Splitters $8 / 6$; Personal Ear Pieces, Xtal, $5 / 6$; Magnetic 7/6; Xtal Mtcrophones, $14 / 6$; Moving-coil Microphones, 26/-. All מew goods. Cash pliones 26/- All new goods. Cash With order no C.O.D. please. Cash
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## SUPER BREAKDOWN UNIT

Remote Control Unit Type F. New in sealed cartons, containing P.O. Relay 2,000 ohms Resistance, 100 volt Plessey Hand Generator. Telephone Ringing Bell A.C. 8 amp Morse Key on base, 2 D.P. D.T. Key Switches, Double Phone Jack, moulded, 5 position 6 pole Yaxley Switch, Induction Coil tapped 1-17-33 ohms, 7 Brass Screw Terminals on panels, plus Resistors, Condensers, Pointer Knobs. All in a handy metal box with hinged lid and side fasteners. Also web carry strap. Size $10 \frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 10 i n . x$ 7in., 25 l-, post free. Or items may be purchased separately. Relay 5\%. Hand Generator 7/6, Bell 5\%, Morse Key 4/6, Key Switches $5^{\prime}$ - pair, Double Phone Jack 2/6, Yaxley Switch $2 \%$-, Ind Coil $2 \%$, Terminals 7 for $2 \%$, all post free.

> Also available Key 5 witches. 4 pole 2 throw $3 / 6$ each or 3 position D.P. plus D.P. centre off $5 \%$ or rotary switch 6 pole 3 way $3 /$.

Bank of 4 Pye Sockets with plugs and leads 51- set. Ever Ready Batteries, 90 volts plus $4 \frac{1}{2}$ volts $4 / 6$ each.
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| 1A7GT |  | 6K\％＇GT 4／6 | 2072 | 9／6 | DL82 9／m | EY86 5／6 | S U2150 | 4／6 |
| 105GT |  | 6X8G $6 /-$ | 20 LL | 15／－ | DLY2 5／4 | EY88 8／－ | T41 | 8／8 |
| 1 D 5 |  | \％K8GT 8／3 | 20P1 | $9 / 6$ | DL94 6／t | EZ40 5／6 | TDD4 | 715 |
| 156 | 819 | 6K約 8／6 | 2013 | 11／－ | DLY6 6／． | EZ41 5／9 | 014 | 7／6 |
| 1HbGT |  |  | 20P4 | 15／－ | ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ A50 1／8 | EZ80 5／6 | U18 | 7／6 |
| 1 L 4 |  |  |  | 11／6 | EABC80 6／－ | 5281 4／6 | U22 | 6／0 |
| 1LD5 |  |  | 25A6G | 81－ | EACY1 4／－ |  |  | 12／6 |
| 12N5 |  | $4 \mathrm{LL} 3 \quad 19$ | 25L UGT | 81－ | EAF41 6／9 | FW4／50\％\％／－ | U25 | $8 \%$ |
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| 1R5 |  | 6LD20 7／8 | 25244 | 71－ | EB34 9 | GZ32 10／－ | U31 | $71-$ |
| 105 |  |  | 2525 | 8／－ | EB41 5／－ | G234 9／－ | U33 | 13／－ |
| 154 |  |  | 25266 | 8／－ | E8G1 2／－ | HK90 9／8 | U35 | 12／6 |
| 185 |  | －${ }^{51}$ | 2\％s0 | 1716 | EBC3a $4 / 9$ | HL41DII 8／－ | U87 | $28 / 5$ |
| $1{ }^{19} 4$ |  | OP28 818 | 30 Cl | $6{ }^{6}-$ | EHC41 6／－ | NH309 19／． | U50 | $4 / 9$ |
| 3021 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 6P－8 } & 8 / 8 \\ 607 & 4 / \mathrm{l}\end{array}$ | 30 Cl 5 | $8 / 8$ | EBC81 $5 / 6$ | HVR2 8／－ | U58 | $4 / 9$ |
| 3A4 |  |  | 3055 | 1016 | E日F80 6／6 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { KT32 } & 6 / 9 \\ \text { KT33C } & 3 / 6\end{array}$ | U76 | 4／－ |
| 3D8 |  | 6R7G $91-$ | 30 FLl | 10／6 | ESF83 \％／6 | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { KT33C } & 3 / 6 \\ \text { KT36 } & 14 /\end{array}$ | U78 U107 | $4 / 6$ $19 / 6$ |
| $3 \mathrm{Q4}$ |  | 65A7 5／6 | 30 LL | 5／6 | EBE821 11／ | KT44 B／－ | U191 | 9／－ |
| 354 |  | USC7 418 | 30 L 15 30 P | $12 / 6$ | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { EBL21 } \\ \text { EBL31 } & 11 / 6\end{array}$ | KT55－7／6 | U281 | 8／6 |
| 3 V 4 |  | 6SG7 $4 / 5$ | 30 P 12 | 7／－ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { EOSi } & 4 / 9\end{array}$ | WT61 818 | U282 | 14／－ |
| $5 \mathrm{R4GY}$ |  | 6SE7 3／－ | 30 P 19 | 14／． | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { E062 } & 4 / 9 \\ \text { Ec91 } & 4 / 6\end{array}$ | KT63 8／6 | U301 | 12／－ |
| 5 T 4 |  | 6SJ7\％ $51-$ | $30 \mathrm{PLL}$ | 1016 | Ec92 816 | ET06 12／－ | U809 | 8／6 |
| 5U4G |  | USK7 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 30 PL 13 | 12／3 | Ecged \％／6 | KT76 8／6 | U329 | 8／－ |
| 5V4G |  | USL7GT $51 /$ | 30 PL 14 | $12 / 3$ | ECC31 ECC3 | KT88 1\％／ | U839 | 11／6 |
| 0Y3G |  | 8SNTGT 4／6 | 380 CL 14 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { ECC32 } & 4 /- \\ \text { ECC33 } & 4 / 6\end{array}$ | ETW61 5／9 | U404 | 6／－ |
| 5Y3GT |  | 6S97 5／9 |  | $8 / 6$ | ECC33 $4 / 6$ | KTWBE $\quad$ \％ | U801 | $7 / 6$ |
| 5Y4G |  | 6SS7 3／6 | 35 L 6 GT | 71 | ECC34 9／－ | ETW63 5／－ | $\bigcirc \mathrm{AB}$ | 6／－ |
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[^2]:    This Ball Drive Dial is used in the 3 transistor S.W. converter together with the type E. 3 gang 310 pF , price 1913. C.801, 25 pF at 6/9. C.801, 15 pF at 6/9. C.808, 25 pF at $11 / \mathrm{l}$.

[^3]:    When exhibited at the 1964 Paris Electronic Components Exhibition, the Micro-6 created an instant sensation amongst all who saw it. Nothing like is had ever beenseen or heard in Europe before, and now demand for this amazing receiver is growing rapidly on the Continent too. Later it is expected that the world's smallest radio will be on show at the New York World Fair.

