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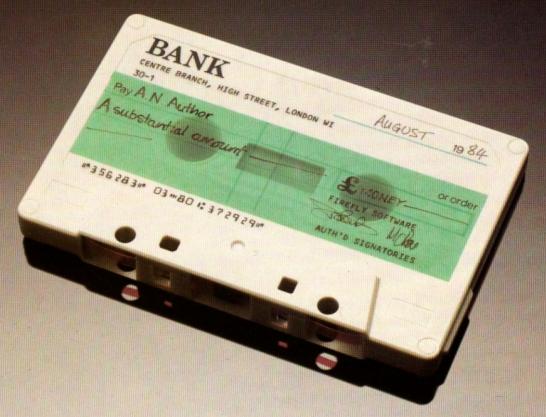
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Plus 1 games snag

GAMES fans who buy Acorn's Plus 1 add-on for their Electrons may be in for a rude shock.

It looks as if most non-Acornsoft games will refuse to run while the Plus 1 is attached to the micro.

The problem is that a specific joystick routine has to be included in the game software — and Acorn did not release details of this to other software houses.

So the independent games publishers simply went ahead and standardised on the joystick interface made by First Byte, who had sent them examples of this hardware in advance.

Electron User reader Bill Wales bought a Plus 1 for his children in June. But he soon discovered that he could not run two of the kids' favourite games — "Moonraider" and "Sea Wolf".

Contacted by Electron User, the games publishers — Micro Power and Optima Software — said they were still waiting for Acorn to send them Plus 1 units for evaluation.

But an Acorn spokesman said: "The Plus 1 cannot tell one piece of software from another. So there is no reason why it should affect the games".

High Street sales ACORN has hit back at rumours that all may not be well with Electron sales by ramping up production to 25,000 mach ACORN has hit back at rumours that all may not be well with are booming

"The truth of the matter is that we are selling just as many as we can produce", a company spokesman told Electron User.

A survey of the lead-

ines a month.

A survey of the leading High Street computer retailing chains — W.H. Smith, Boots and Dixons — has served to support Acorn's claim. For it revealed that to date the machine is enjoying healthy — if so far not spectacular — sales. But, more importantly, the big three all predict a boom in Electron sales before the end of the year.

Such is Boots confidence in the machine that it is soon to increase the number of branches where it is sold from 40 to 180.

"It is selling better than the Commodore 64 even now at a time of the year when the market is generally flat", says a company spokesman.

Over at W.H. Smith, marketing manager John Rowland announced that the company was selling one Electron for every two Sinclair Spectrums.

"Considering the machine began to arrive in any real quantity at a time when market demand overall was slow, it has done well", he said.

At Dixons head office, it was also good news for the Electron.

"It's going quite nicely, thanks very much", commented computer buyer Howard Smith. "Once the software problem has been ironed out, we believe the prospects will be very good.

"After all, it's software that sells hardware at the end of the day", he said.

Exit BBC Model A

AT long last, Acorn have confirmed presistent rumours about the future of the BBC Micro Model A.

From September they will produce no more of the cheaper, lower specification version of the Model B. The disapperance of the Model A has been forecast ever since the launch of the Electron last September.

Despite official denials, it was obvious that the Electron - especially when supplied with expansion

units – would steal the market from the Model A

As it is, the death of the Model A can only be good news for Electron users. More than anything else it confirms the strength of the Electron market.

Major boost from add-on

THE world of Electron peripherals looks set to be revolutionised with the arrival of an as-yet nameless add-on.

Produced by Northern Computers of Frodsham and due for release in early September, it promises to take the Electron further along the road to full BBC Micro status than any other peripheral.

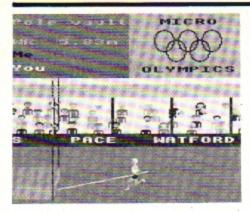
Priced at £99, the unit contains the analogue to digital converter and parallel printer port that are becoming standard for Electron peripherals.

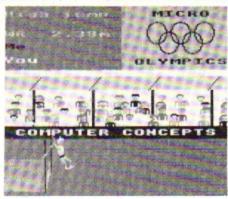
More importantly, it

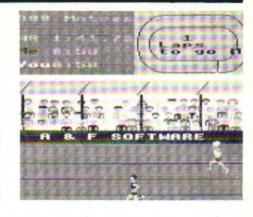
has the 1MHz bus and user port beloved of BBC Micro hardware enthusiasts. It also has a speech interface with a speech chip and four spare ROM sockets.

As a spokesman for Northern Computers said, "The interface contains nearly everything the Electron needs to give it the stature of a BBC Micro".

The unit will also have a connector which will allow a disc interface to be attached. The firm would not say when this would be available but hinted at a pre-Christmas launch.







MICRO Olympics, a new best selling computer game for the Electron and the BBC Micro, has a chieved a media breakthrough by being the first software program to carry paid-for advertising.

A number of leading computer companies who saw the program being written asked if they could buy space on the hoardings that surround the track featured in the game.

Developed by Database Publications, it allows the computer to

Micro Olympics is making the running

simulate the world's top athletes in 11 of the main Olympic track and field events.

In all cases – allowing for a slight random element – the computer achieves the current world record.

Ranging from the

100 metres to the hammer throw, it is accurate in all details from times to distances.

Players attempt to beat the computer and so establish a world record of their own.

"We were a little surprised when companies approached us to advertise in the game", admits Mike Cowley, a spokesman for Database. "But the more we thought about it, the more it was obviously a good idea.

"After all, it's the norm these days to see arenas for major sporting events carrying huge posters promoting companies.

"So we decided to allow them to buy space on our micro hoardings. And in doing so, we realised we had come in first ourselves".

Taking another Byte

FOLLOWING hot on the heels of the First Byte joystick interface comes a new printer interface from the same company.

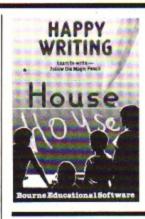
Housed in a small plastic box that matches the Electron, it slots onto the rear edge connector at the back of the micro.

It does not interfere with normal working, so can be left plugged in all the time.

"It's a bit cheaper than comparable interfaces", says First Byte's Ray Threadgold. "And it works with any printer".

He added that the £35 price tag was achieved through standardisation of parts.

"This means we can bulk-buy the parts and pass the saving on to the customer".



WRITING AID FOR TOTS

A PROGRAM for the Electron, "Happy Writing" from Bourne Educational Software, helps children in their first steps to writing, especially in forming letters.

A "Magic Pencil" helps children to understand where to start and which direction to take. Sound is used as an additional guide.

"Happy Writing" has been tried out in schools, where it has been shown to hold childrens' interest.

The package can be used to practise lower case or capital letters, or a set of words.

The word list can be readily changed, and the program features proportional spacing of words on the screen.

The program, aimed at 3 to 6-year-olds, costs £8.95 (cassette).

A BBC Micro version is available on disc.

Owners' Club extends Electron

guarantee

BROADWAY Electronics has launched an Electron Owners' Club giving members priority servicing, discounts on accessories, and other benefits.

The move follows the success of their BBC Owners' Club 18 months ago, which now has 1,000 members.

Members of the new club will be able to extend their Electron's guarantee for a full year. This covers all parts, labour and servicing.

Work will be com-

pleted "while you wait" if possible. But if Broadway keep the machine more than two days, they will loan a replacement.

Other benefits of the club include 10 per cent off hardware and accessories, apart from micros, 15 per cent off software, 20 per cent off blank tapes, a club newsletter and special offers.

Membership is £28.75 for Electrons purchased from Broadway. For Micros bought elsewhere, membership costs £40.25.

Managing director Paul Vaughan said:
''Many Acorn guarantees will be expiring soon and this is a very economical way to extend the cover.

"It can run either from the date the original warranty runs out, or from the date of membership. The discounts cover our range of Mushroom add-ons".

Already available is a combined printer and user port card. Complete with manual and software, including a screen dump routine, it allows the use of printers and joysticks.

On the way are an analogue port and an extension ROM card, opening the door to word processors and advanced graphics.

Northern success

THE Electron and BBC Micro User Show to be held in Manchester from August 31 to September 2 is already reported to be a runaway success.

As early as the end of June, virtually all the 90 stands available in the Renold Building at UMIST had been snapped up.

Acorn itself has booked an island of eight stands for its official display during the three day spectacular.

Micro Show is set to THE July Electron smash records

THE July Electron and BBC Micro User Show – the first to be held at Alexandra Palace, London – is set to smash all previous records.

Exhibitors have been clamouring to book space, and the final number of standholders is forecast to pass the 140 mark – some 20 more than the previous best.

Demand for advance tickets has also been heavy, running way ahead of previous preshow sales figures.

"It looks as though we are going to have a bonanza", says Mike Cowley, spokesman for Database Publications, the show organisers.

"This is particularly pleasing as some people reckoned we had bitten off more than we could chew with such an enormous venue as the Alexandra Palace Pavilion".

Even before its open-

ing three years ago, the building was being described by the architectural press as "a palace of light".

With an area of 4,600 square metres, a translucent roof 15 metres high spanning 36 metres, it is the largest fabric-covered building in Britain.

Due to this innovative design, it provides 3,620 square metres of clear floor space free from columns or other obstacles.

Set in 200 acres of parkland overlooking London, the Palace has ample parking facilities.

For those who want to leave their cars at home, the Palace can be reached easily by train.

Average journey time from Piccadilly Circus is 30 minutes.

On the underground the Victoria Line provides fast access to and from the West End and British Rail mainline stations — King's Cross, St. Pancras, Euston and Victoria.

Visitors travelling on the Victoria Line should change at Highbury and Islington for the BR suburban service.

Alexandra Palace can be reached by the Piccadilly Line from Heathrow Airport, West End and King's Cross mainline station.

The line serves Finsbury Park and Wood Green underground stations, which are also linked to the Palace by the London Transport W3 bus service. These run every seven to ten minutes, seven days a week and extra buses will be provided during the show.

The nearest station to Alexandra Palace is the British Rail Alexandra Palace on the main and suburban line from King's Cross and Moorgate.

Hare gets top security A MAJOR security operation is to be mounted at the Electron and BBC Micro trop and BBC Micro trop and BBC Micro

A MAJOR security operation is to be mounted at the Electron and BBC Micro User Show in London when an internationally famed gold artefact goes on display.

Known as the "Jewelled Hare of Masquerade", it has recently been acquired by a London software house which has agreed to loan it for the duration of the three day event.

Valued at £30,000, it will be under round-the-clock guard at Alexandra Palace, where it will provide a feature attraction for visitors.

Set with precious stones, the "Jewelled Hare" was originally the subject of a book called "Masquerade" written by Kit Williams in 1979.

It was the subject of an international treasure hunt undertaken by the book's readers around the world.

For "Masquerade" contained all the clues to find the hare which had been sealed in an earthenware jar and buried in a secret location by the author and television personality Bamber Gasgoigne. A man called

Ken Thomas finally solved all the clues and dug it up in 1982.

When buried, it was valued by the author at £5,000. Three years later, when it was unearthed, its estimated worth had soared to more than £20,000.

Earlier this year, the precious item was bought by Haresoft Ltd. to launch a world-wide computer competition, with the hare as the prize.

A team of six programmers and two graphic designers has spent three months producing a find-the-treasure program, which they claim is not a game but a mind bending puzzle.

To give an equal chance to youngsters who cannot travel freely, the hare has not been buried this time. All the winner will have to do is solve the clues contained in the program to pinpoint its exact location.

Haresoft has produced the program in two parts – each costing £8.95 – and they will be released three months apart.

The first tape — Hareraiser Prelude became available in the middle of June, with part two — Hareraiser



Finale - due in mid-September.

Both tapes will be needed to find the location of the treasure.

To scupper the pirates the tapes include information that the average computer owner will not be able to reproduce. Should copies be taken, the user will not be aware that all data is not present.

PLUS 1 IS IN THE PIPELINE

YOU may have to wait a little longer to get your hands on a Plus 1, Acorn's long-awaited hardware expansion unit for the Electron.

Dealers are reporting considerable delays in meeting the demand. But Tom Hohenberg, Acorn's marketing director, brushes aside suggestions that there are production snags.

"We only launched the Plus 1 at the end of May", he told *Electron User*. "All the distributors and major retail chains have ordered it, and thousands of Plus 1s are now coming off the production lines".

And he added that 2,800 Plus 1s were ordered in advance of the launch

Meanwhile, a spokesman for W.H. Smith said they had placed an order for around 500 units – enough to put two in each of their computer shops.

Part six of PETE BIBBY's introduction to programming

WE'LL be taking a further look here at the FOR... NEXT loops which we learnt about last time. First, however, let's recap on what we've covered in the first five articles in the series.

We started on Page 10 of the February edition where we made the acquaintance of the PRINT command which we've been using to good effect ever since.

We saw how we could use it to add two numbers together and also to get the Electron to say "Hello" to us.

We learnt that the Electron uses an asterisk * as the multiplication sign and the diagonal / as the division sign.

All this was in command mode, the Electron responding immediately to whatever we typed in.

Page 10 of the March issue took us into the world of simple programs. We saw that a computer program was a series of numbered commands which the Electron obeyed in order when we entered RUN.

We found out how to LIST them and how to wipe them from the micro's memory by typing NEW.

New lines could be added to programs by simply typing them in, while whole lines could be deleted by entering that particular line number and pressing the Return key.

We learnt the reason for numbering the lines in steps of 10 – so we could slip new lines in between them. We also found out how to use the Delete key to alter program lines before we'd actually entered them into the Electron's memory by pressing Return.

Finally, we saw how CLS could be used to clear the screen.

Not content with all this knowledge, Page 8 of the April issue saw us pressing on. We covered the REM statement, which allowed us to make remarks that the Electron ignored.

We did a little more work with strings, combinations of letters and numbers that we put inside inverted commas and that the Electron treats as

Control your loops - one STEP at a time!

one lump.

We added to our knowledge of the PRINT command, seeing how the punctuation that follows it affects the screen display it produces.

And it was this month that we learnt how to use the LET command to assign variable names to strings.

Having dealt with that, it then turned out that we didn't need to use LET – the Electron assumed it was there anyway.

Those who persevered until Page 10 of the May issue were rewarded with the secrets of assigning values to numeric variables.

There was also a demonstration of how to use numeric variables for simple maths. The concept of using meaningful variable names was raised and we explored the rules that the Electron requires for variable names.

Page 10 of the June issue introduced the very powerful INPUT statement, which is used to enter values into programs while they are actually running.

We explored the way it works and saw how it is always wise to print a message explaining clearly which input a program requires.

Finally July, Page 10, saw us going round in circles following the workings of simple FOR... NEXT loops.

We explored the way that these loops and the INPUT statement combine as a powerful programming tool, and I left you with two problems.

The first is shown by Program I, July's Program X. Why, I asked, was *loop* equal to 6 and not 5, as we might have expected?

10 REM PROGRAM I
20 REM OLD PROGRAM X
30 FOR loop=1 TO 5
40 PRINT*Pass number*;loop
50 NEXT loop
60 PRINT *Final loop is *;
loop

The answer is that the NEXT statement adds one to the value of *loop* each time around and the Electron then compares this with the upper limit of the loop.

This upper limit is the value that follows the TO in line 30. If the value is less than or equal to this limit (in this case if the value is 5 or less) the program goes round the loop again.

So when the value of *loop* gets to 5, after having been 1, then 2, 3 and 4, the loop is repeated once more. Now when the program gets to the NEXT, *loop* is increased by one and so *loop* is equal to 6.

The Electron then compares this value with the upper limit that has been set for the FOR... NEXT loop. In this case *loop* now has the value 6, while the upper limit of the loop is given as 5.

Since this is the case the Electron knows that it has finished going round the loop and so it goes on to the following line, line 60, which prints out the unexpected value for loop.

Work it out on a piece of paper if you can't follow that. It's one of those things that can be difficult to understand until you grasp it and then it's suddenly obvious and you can't see how you ever had any difficulty.

In fact that could be said about most things in program-

Program II is a lot easier to sort out.

10 REM PROGRAM II
20 REM OLD PROGRAM XI
30 FOR loop=5 TO 1
40 PRINT "Something's wrong here!"
50 NEXT loop

Here the limits that I've given to the loop are the wrong way round. There's no way that the loop variable loop can go from 5 to 1 in steps of one at a time.

When the program enters the loop the value of *loop* was set to 5 by line 30. It then went on to line 40 which PRINTed out the message and line 50 added one to the value of *loop*, which thus became 6.

Since 6 is greater than the upper limit of the loop variable (which line 30 set to 1) the program stopped going round the loop and, since there are no other lines, it stopped



completely.

This may seem a stupid mistake but it can happen, especially when one or both of the limits of the loop control variable are given as variables rather than figures.

Program III is an example of using a variable to control the limits of a loop.

- 10 REM PROGRAM III
- 20 INPUT "How many numbers are there", how many
- 30 total=0
- 40 FOR loop=1 TO how many
- 50 INPUT "Enter number",n
- 60 total=total+number
- 70 NEXT loop
- 80 PRINT "The total of the ";how_many;" numbers is ";total

This is a modification of the July program which added together 10 numbers. There's no reason why it should be limited to only ten, it could be used to add together any number of numbers.

This is achieved by using a variable how_many after the TO that defines the limits of the FOR ... NEXT loop.

Before the program reaches the loop it makes the Electron ask us how many numbers we are going to type in.

It then gives this value to the variable how_many and this sets up the loop for that number of entries. Try it and you'll see how using variables to define the limits of FOR . . . NEXT loops makes programs much more flexible.

Now take a look at Program

IV.

- 10 REM PROGRAM IV
- 20 FOR count = 1 TO 9
- 30 PRINT count
- 40 NEXT count

Not exactly rivetting is it? All it does is produce a sequence of numbers from 1 to 9.

However suppose that you didn't want the series 1, 2, 3 and so on to 9 but wanted only the odd numbers, 1, 3, 5 and so on. Can you do it with a FOR... NEXT loop? The answer is yes, as Program V shows.

- 10 REM PROGRAM V
- 20 FOR count= 1 TO 9 STEP 2
- 30 PRINT count
- 40 NEXT count

This prints out the required series, doing it by using the keyword STEP to modify the way that the loop control variable is increased.

Up until now we've been used to FOR... NEXT loops where the loop control variable is increased by one every time round the loop.

However, as Program V showed, we're not stuck with this. By using STEP we can tell the Electron how much to increase the control variable by each time round the loop.

In Program V the STEP was

followed by the figure 2 and so the loop control variable count was increased by two every time around.

The FOR... NEXT loop works in exactly the same way as before, repeating over and over until the loop control variable exceeds its upper limit.

In fact you could say that our FOR... NEXT loops have always had a step factor, STEP 1, which the Electron assumes and so we haven't had to type it in.

In Program V all that's different is that we wanted increments of two so we used STEP to achieve this.

Try putting different numbers after the STEP of line 20 and see how it works in practice. Like most things in the world of micros, until you've done it for yourself it won't really sink in.

The steps that the control variable is increased by don't have to be whole numbers, as Program VI shows.

- 10 REM PROGRAM VI
- 20 FOR count= 1 TO 9 STEP 0
 - .5
- 30 PRINT count
- 40 NEXT count

Here the increment is fractional, yet the loop still works in the normal manner. Again, try it out with your own fractional values after the STEP and see how count varies.

As Program VII demon-

strates, the step can even be negative. In this case the loop repeats until the final value of the loop variable count is less than the final limit of 1.

Notice that the limits are from 9 to 1. See what happens if you put the limits in the other way around, by mistake.

- 10 REM PROGRAM VII
- 20 FOR count= 9 TO 1 STEP -
 - 1
- 30 PRINT count
- 40 NEXT count

So far the examples of the use of STEP have been fairly academic. Program VIII shows the use of STEP in a more realistic situation. It's the kind of use you'll find for it in your own programs.

- 10 REM PROGRAM VIII
- 20 MODE 2
- 30 FOR line=0 TO 1279 STEP
 - 64
- 40 MOVE line,0
- 50 DRAW line, 1023
- 60 NEXT line

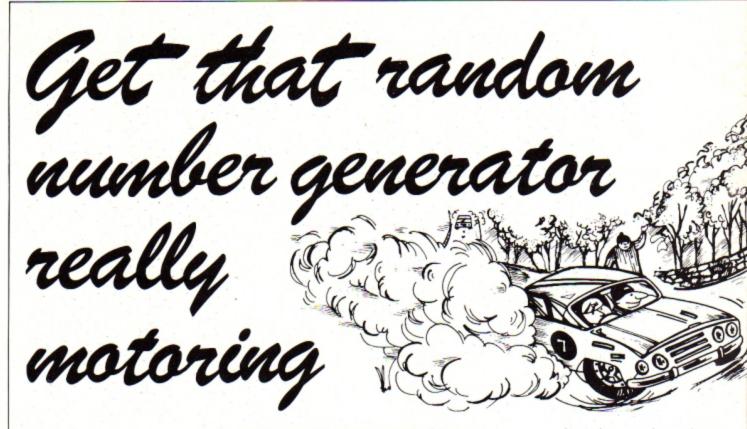
Here the value of step is chosen in order to space the lines. Try out different values and see the results.

This is where the STEP facility comes into its own, allowing values to be increased or decreased by a specified amount each time round a loop. As you gain more programming experience you'll realise how useful it can be.

And that's all for this month. Next time we'll be moving onto a new aspect of FOR... NEXT loops. For a preview take a look at Program IX.

- 10 REM PROGRAM IX
- 20 FOR outer=1 TO 3
- 30 PRINT *Outer loop number *:outer
- 40 FOR inner=1 TO 3
- 50 PRINT "Inner loop ";inne
 - 1
- 60 NEXT inner
- 70 NEXT outer

Loops within loops. Can you figure out what's happening? We'll go into it in the next article.



SOONER or later when writing programs there is a need to generate a series of numbers, all different and in a random order.

At first thought this would seem straightforward using the RND facility and Program I would seem to fit the bill:

10REM PROGRAM I
20DIM number(10)
30FDR I=1 TO 10
40number(I)=RND(10)
50NEXT I
60REM Print out numbers s
elected.
70FOR I=1 TO 10
80PRINT number(I)
90NEXT I

Unfortunately, if you run Program I, you will find that the RND function on line 40 will quite happily choose the

By DAVE ROBINSON

same number more than once
 in the range of 1 to 10.

What is needed is a check routine to stop this happening. Program II will do this

checking.

The FOR . . . NEXT loop — lines 90 to 110 — checks back through all the previous numbers to see if the new number, from line 60 has been selected before

If it has, then the flag match is set to TRUE. The REPEAT... UNTIL loop – lines 60 to 120 – is then repeated until a new number is found that has not been used before.

The TIME variable – line 30 – is set to zero to find the time the program takes to select 10 random numbers, using the routine in Program II.

The actual time will vary each time the program is run depending on how many times the repeat loop is called. Typical times are around one second.

This time is probably acceptable if only 10 numbers are needed. But if 100 or more are required, the time becomes quite long.

It takes Program II nearly three minutes to do 100 numbers – how can we improve this?

One method would be to keep a record of each number used. This makes it possible to quickly check each new number chosen by the RND function against those previously stored. This saves doing comparisons against all previous numbers.

Program III does this.

This time a "used" array records whether or not a particular number has been chosen.

It does this by being initialised to FALSE (the number 0) at the beginning of the program – lines 40 to 60 – and reset to TRUE (the number –1) each time a random number is stored in the number array – line 10.

The REPEAT... UNTIL loop – lines 80 to 100 – will check each subsequent random number chosen before allowing it to be added to the number array.

The FOR . . . NEXT loop -

10REM PROGRAM II
20DIM number(10)
30TIME=0
40number(1)=RND(10)
50FOR I=2 TO 10
60REPEAT
70match=FALSE
80number(I)=RND(10)
90FOR J=1 TO I-1
100IF number(I)=number(J)

120UNTIL match=FALSE 130NEXT I 140PRINT TIME/100; "seconds" 150REM Print out numbers s elected. 160FOR I=1 TO 10 170PRINT number(I) 180NEXT I

110NEXT J

10REM PROGRAM III
20DIM number(100) ,used(1
00)
30TIME=0
40FOR I=1 TO 100
50used(I)=FALSE
60NEXT I
70FOR I=1 TO 99
BOREPEAT
90number(I)=RND(100)
100UNTIL used(number(I))=F
ALSE
110used(number(I))=TRUE
120NEXT I

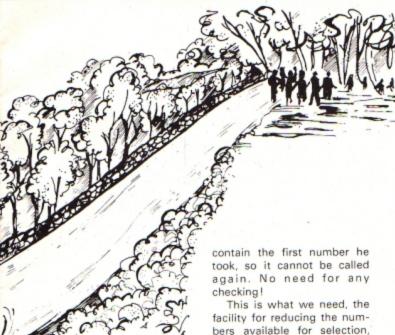
140REPEAT 150I=I+1 160UNTIL used(I)=FALSE 170number(100)=I 180PRINT TIME/100; "seconds" 190REM Print out numbers s elected. 200ex=4 210FOR I=1 TO 100 220PRINT number(I);

1301=0

230NEXT I

Program III

THEN match=TRUE



lines 70 to 120 - is set to the total less one because the last number can only have one value, and it is more efficient to check through the "used" array to see which subscript is still FALSE rather than wait for the RND function - line 90 - to find it.

If you run Program III, you will find the speed has increased considerably, 100 numbers taking around four seconds and 10 numbers 0.35 seconds

I say around because the two repeat loops will be called a different number of times depending on the random numbers chosen.

The variable @% on line 200 is used to space out the numbers across the screen. See the User Guide for more details.

You can see that the improvement in time for 10 numbers is probably not worth the extra programming or memory used. For 100 numbers or more it may be considered.

Once on the pursuit of speed I realised that the one stumbling block was having any kind of check routine each time a new number is chosen by the RND function. What was needed was a method that made this checking unnecessary.

Consider, for a moment, what a bingo caller does. He takes a number from a random generating machine calls it out and then puts it on a board.

After this he takes another number from his machine but now the machine does not after every time we choose

Program IV was the first attempt:

10REM PROGRAM IV 20DIM number (100) ,select 30TIME=0 40FDR I=1 TO 100 50select(I)=I SONEXT I 70FOR I=100 TO 2 STEP-1 80choose=RND(I) 90number (I) = select (choose 100select (choose) =select (I 110NEXT I 120number (I) =select (I) 130PRINT TIME/100; "seconds 140REM Print out numbers s elected. 1508%=4 150FOR I=1 TO 100 170PRINT number (I); 180NEXT I

This time the numbers available for selection are first initialised into a select array lines 40 to 60. The FOR . . . NEXT loop - lines 70 to 110 then transfers these numbers. in a random order, into the

number array.

The secret lies in reducing the maximum value of the RND function on line 80 each time the FOR . . . NEXT loop is called.

This means that the variable choose can be any number between one and 100 on the first pass; between one and 99 on the second pass and so on, down to between one and two on the last pass.

So, if after the transfer has occurred - line 80 - we overwrite the contents of the select array, subscript number stored in choose, with the contents from the same select array but subscript stored in the loop counter 1 (100 on the first pass, 99 on the second pass etc.).

This means that even if the variable choose was the same value in any subsequent pass, the contents of the select array being transferred would be different.

The FOR . . . NEXT loop lines 70 to 110 - stops at I=2 because you must avoid letting choose=RND(1).

Otherwise choose would equal a decimal number less than one, and anyway there is only one number left in the select array. Line 120 transfers this to the number array.

Further thought showed that this technique can be modified to use a single array for both selection and storage of numbers. This saves considerably on memory if a lot of random numbers are required.

This is done by using a single variable, temp, to hold the chosen number while the transfer - line 110, Program V takes place. The chosen number can then be put into the end of the array. Look at

10REM PROGRAM V
20DIM number%(100)
30TIME=0
40FOR IX=1 TO 100
50number %(I%)=I%
60NEXT IX
70FOR I%=100 TO 2 STEP-1
80choose%=RND(I%)
90temp%=number%(choose%)
100number%(choose%)=number
7(17)
110number%(I%)=temp%
120NEXT IX
130PRINT TIME/100; "seconds
•
140REM Print out numbers s
elected.
1500%=4
160FOR IX=1 TO 100
170PRINT number%(I%);
180NEXT IX

WATHS workout

Program V and you will notice that I've used integer variables with the % sign. This will by itself increase the speed of any program.

If you wish to go to the limits of the machine efficiency, then the answer is to use single letter integer variables and put all of the program on one statement line separated by colons with no unnecessary spaces.

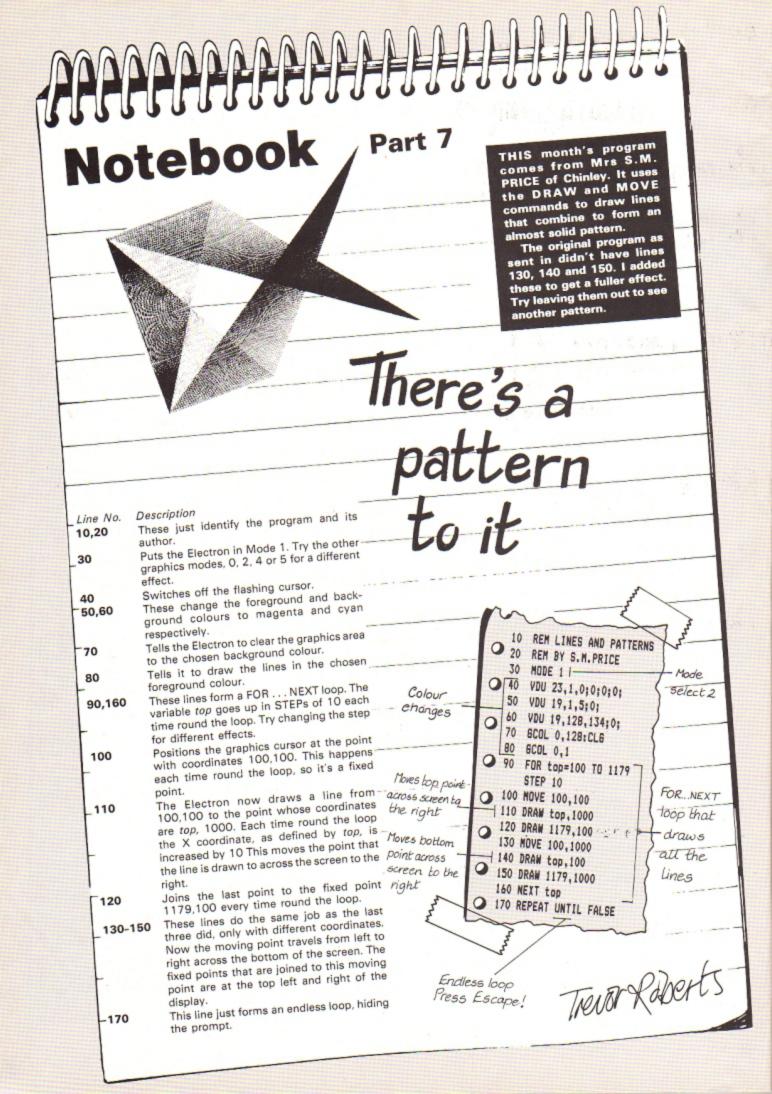
See Program VI. The program is now difficult to read but essentially is the same as Program V.

0.00	10REM PROGRAM VI
	20TIME=0
	30DIMNX (100): FORIX=1T0100
: N	X(IX)=IX:NEXT:FORIX=100T02
STE	EP-1: CX=RND (IX): TX=NX (CX):
N7	(CX) = NX (IX) : NX (IX) = TX: NEXT
	40PRINT TIME/100; "seconds
	SOREM Print out numbers s
el	ected.
	60@X=4
	70FORIX=1 TO 100
	80PRINT NZ(IZ);
100	90NEXT IX

 Program running times are shown in Figure 1.

	NUMBERS SELECTED			
PROGRAM	10	100	1000	
11	1-2sec	2-3min		
111	.23sec	4-6sec	1-1.5min	
IV	.17sec	1.62sec	16.9sec	
V	.13sec	1.3sec	13.15sec	
VI	.11sec	1.06sec	10.74sec	

Figure I: Running times



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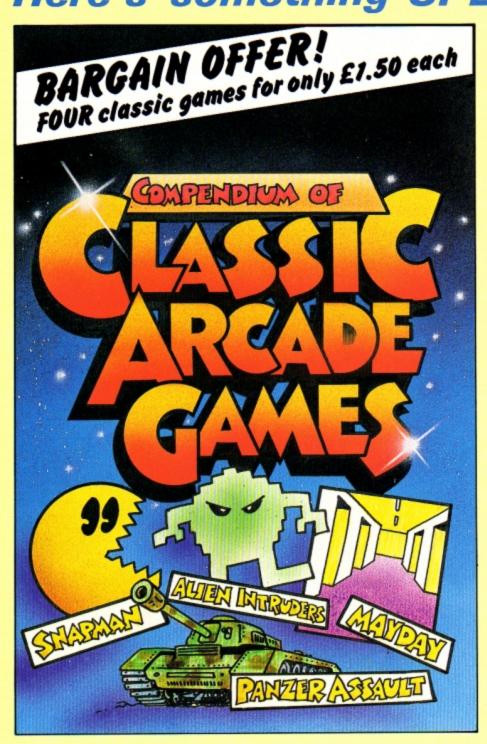
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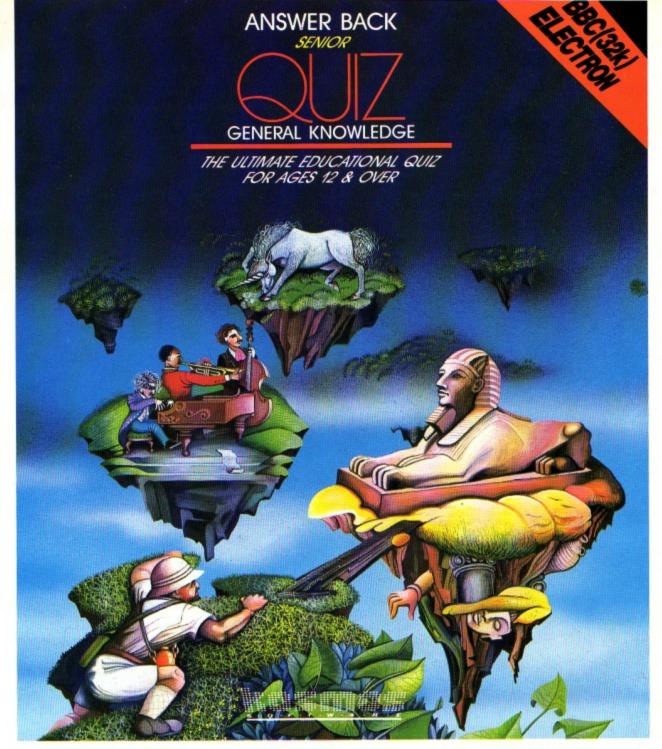
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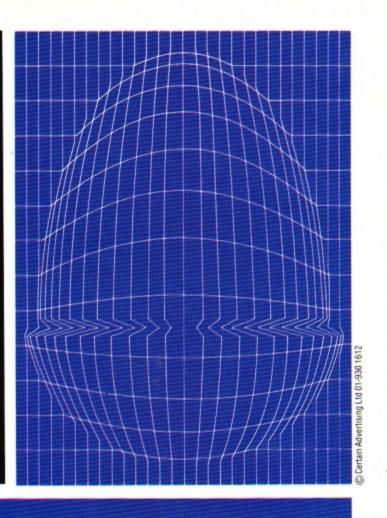
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JOHN WOOLLARD shows how to make your text...

THIS article explains the development of a routine to make any computer character appear as large as the screen. The routine will allow the height of the characters to be 8, 16, 24 or 32 screen lines high.

I was first given the incentive to solve the problem when a colleague attempted to draw (PLOT) a series of numbers.

Each number had to be read from a standard TV screen by pupils at the back of a large classroom and had to be at least eight screen lines or 256 points high.

To design each character individually using PLOT statements took as long as the development of this single routine that will generate all computer characters.

The short cut to creating giant letters is to use the actual shapes of the character matrices stored in ROM and magnify them.

Each character is stored and displayed as a 8 x 8 matrix of dots. The shapes of the standard characters are stored as eight bytes, one for each row.

For example the letter A is shown in Figure I.



The characters can be changed or produced using VDU 23. For example, character 65 can be changed using:

VDU 23,65,16,56,108, 68,124,198,130,0

(See Pages 109 and 110 of the Electron user guide.)

You can find out the actual shape of a character stored in ROM by counting the dots on the screen. But the Electron has a much better and faster method.

Using the OSWORD CALL (A%=10) reads the matrix of a character and places it in RAM at a location specified by the values stored in X% and Y%.

For example the routine:

OSWORD=&FFF1:A%=10:X%=&70
:Y%=&0:?&70=ASC("A")
:CALL OSWORD

1			acropianos dedación fo spatiento en	constitution score filtre constitution		400				MIN.
2	6	3	1							
8	4	2	6	8	4	2	1			0.00
200	-					-	-	32+16+8+4	60	(&3C)
		•	-	-			-	64+32+4+2	102	(&66)
			-	4			-	64+32+4+2	102	(&66)
				•		•		64+32+16+8+4+2	126	(&7E)
	•		***	-			300	64+32+4+2	102	(&66)
			No.	340				64+32+4+2	102	(&66)
-							10000	64+32+4+2	102	(&66)
	1000	200		0000	and of the		2007		0	(80)

Figure I: The character A

Location &70 &71 &72 &73 &74 &75 &76 &77 &78 Value 65 60 102 102 126 102 102 102 0

Figure II: Character locations

places the eight matrix values of the character A in the locations &71 through to &78.

Note that the character to be analysed is placed in location &70. That particular area of RAM was chosen because it is safe for machine code programs. (See the user guide, Page 214.)

The contents of those locations can be examined using the instruction PRINT ?&71 or PRINT ?&72 etc.

The results shown in Figure II should be obtained, providing that the shape of A has not been changed.

These values can now be used to construct the large character shapes. This can be done in Basic chr%=?&71 or in assembly language LDA&71:STAchr%

The next problem is to translate each byte of the matrix into a line of eight characters. Looking at the letter A, the first value (?&71) is 60 and must be translated into this line of characters:

space space blob blob blob blob space space

What should the blobs be? The easiest move is to define CHR\$255 to be the blob using VDU23.

VDU23,255,255,255,255, 255,255,255,255,255

gives a solid square blob whereas:

VDU 23,255,85,170,85, 170,85,170,85,170

gives a shaded blob.

We must now turn to exponentials and Boolean logic – but don't despair, it's not that bad! – to discover the relationship between the row numbers and the pattern of blobs. This is shown in Figure

A routine in Basic that will determine whether it should be a blob or a space by examining the binary structure of the number is shown in Program I.

Please note that this is not the simplest way to produce this result but it shows clearly the steps that have to be taken to get from the number to the row of spaces (CHR\$32) and blobs (CHR\$255).

It would be better to use VDU instead of the PRINT CHR\$ and ;.

The AND operator com-



pares the variable, or constant, on the left hand side with the

10REM PROGRAM I 20VDU23,255,255,255,255,2 55,255,255,255,255

30REPEAT

40INPUTnumber%

50VDU11

601F12^7ANDnumber%)THENPR INTCHR\$255;ELSEPRINTCHR\$32;

70IF(2^5ANDnumber%)THENPR
INTCHR\$255;ELSEPRINTCHR\$32;

801F(2^5ANDnumber1)THENPR INTCHR\$255:ELSEPRINTCHR\$32:

901F(2^4ANDnumber%)THENPR INTCHR\$255;ELSEPRINTCHR\$32;

1001F(2^3ANDnumber%)THENPR INTCHR\$255;ELSEPRINTCHR\$32;

110IF(2^2ANDnumber%)THENPR

INTCHR\$255:ELSEPRINTCHR\$32:

120IF (2^1ANDnumber%) THENPR

INTCHR\$255; ELSEPRINTCHR\$32;

1301F(2^OANDnumber%)THENPR

INTCHR\$255; ELSEPRINTCHR\$32;

140PRINT; number% 150UNTIL FALSE

Program I

variable, or constant, on the right hand side. That comparison is made in binary.

For example, the statement PRINT 53 AND 105 will produce 33!

53 = 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 105 = 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 AND 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 =33

With AND the answer has a 1 if both the first number AND the second number has a 1. If either number is zero or both are zero then the result is zero.

Each bit of the eight bit number is considered separately. In our program above number% is compared with these numbers in turn:

2₁7 = 128 = 10000000

 $2 \wedge 6 = 64 = 01000000$ $2 \wedge 5 = 32 = 00100000$

2 \(4 = 16 = 00010000

 $2 \wedge 3 = 8 = 00001000$ $2 \wedge 2 = 4 = 00000100$

 $2 \wedge 1 = 2 = 00000100$ $2 \wedge 0 = 1 = 00000001$

If number% has a 1 in the same position as the 2A7 then the result is greater than zero and a blob is printed. If it has not then the result is zero and a space is printed.

To simplify the program a

loop can be used. See Program II.

10REM PROGRAM II

20VDU23,255,255,255,255,2 55,255,255,255,255

30REPEAT

40INPUTnumber% 50VDU11

60FORacross%=7T00STEP-1

70IF(2^across%ANDnumber%) THENVDU255ELSEVDU32

80NEXTacross% 90PRINT:number%

100UNTIL FALSE

Program II

We are now in a position to construct the whole procedure following this algorithm:

1: Store the variables necessary:

character to be printed horizontal TAB position vertical TAB position

At a later stage a magnification factor will be used.

2: Record POS and VPOS of cursor.

3: Use OSWORD A%=10 to determine the matrix of the character to be printed.

10REM PROGRAM III

.1):UNTILFALSE

chr%, size%)

20REPEAT: PROClass 10.0.GET

30DEFPROCloep(htab%,vtab%)

40LOCALpos%, vpos%, across%, down%, mag1%, mag2%, mode%, err

50vpos%=VPOS:pos%=POS:err

Nerror\$="shape too low down" 1401Fchr%<320R(chr%>127AND chr%<224)THENerror\$="chr% ou

t of permitted range"

1501Ferror\$(>""THENPRINTTA B(0,0)"ERROR! "+error\$:STOP 160?&70=chr%:A%=10:XX=&70:

YX=0:CALL&FFF1

170F0Rdown%=0107

180FORmag1%=170size%

190PRINTTAB(htab%,vtab%+si ze%+down%+mag(%):

200FORacross%=7TB0STEP-1 210FORmag2%=1TDsize%

2201F2^across%AND?(&71+dow

n2) THENVDU255ELSEVDU32

230NEXT: NEXT: NEXT: NEXT 240PRINTTAB(pos%, vpos%); 250ENDPROC

Program III

- Use nested loops to analyse and print blobs of the character.
- Reset cursor position.The procedure is contained

in Program III.
The following points should be noted:

Line 40 defines all LOCAL values. This is most important if the procedure is to be treated as a utility and incorporated into a range of programs. It prevents double use of a variable.

Line 60 sets CHR\$255 to be a square solid blob. However any standard charac-

60 is equal to				blob 1			space 0	patricina de la constitución de
60 in binary is								
	0 +	0 +	32 +	16 +	8 +	4 +	0 -	+ =60

Figure III: How 60 defines a row

From Page 19

ter or defined character can be used by changing line 220. For example:

> 220IF2^across% AND ?(&71+down%) THEN VDU#% ELSE VDU32

produces # signs instead of square blobs. An interesting development is to replace 255 with chr%. This makes the blobs the same as the large shape being printed. (If a letter F was being printed it would be made up of Fs.)

To generate the ∧ sign press the cursor left key with the shift pressed down.

Lines 70 to 150 are not necessary for the successful running of the procedure. However they have two functions.

They prevent unexpected or unwanted displays and therefore help to diagnose programming errors. They also serve to illustrate the function of the four variables passed to the procedure.

Lines 70 to 100 determine

10REM PROGRAM IV 20REPEAT: PROCIgep (0,0,8ET .1):UNTILFALSE 30DEFPROClose (htab%, vtab%) .chrl,size%):LOCALpos%,vpos% across%, down%, mag1%, mag2%; v pos%=VPOS:pos%=POS:VDU23,255 ,255,255,255,255,255,255,255 .255:?&70=chr%:AX=10:XX=&70: YZ=0: CALL&FFF1 40FORdown%=0T07:FORmaq1%= 1TOsize%:PRINTTAB(htab%,vtab %+size%+down%+mag1%);:FORacr 055%=7T00STEP-1:FORmag2%=1T0 size%: IF2~across%AND?(&71+do

Program IV

pos%);:ENDPROC

the number of characters per line. The variable mode% holds that number.

SONEXT,,,:PRINTTAB(pos%,v

wn%) THENVDU255ELSEVDU32

The size% variable must not be greater than 4 because the enlargement would be too great and overfill the screen.

The range of valid chr% must be set to prevent OSWORD being called to characters not held in RAM. If the number of redefinable characters has been increased by exploding the memory (see Pages 93, 94, 95 and 282 of the user guide) the range set on line 140 must be changed.

The final line of the error trapping section stops the program if an error exists. This whole section is only useful in the program development stage.

Lines 70 to 150 should be removed to save memory and reduce loading time in the final version of a program.

The OSWORD call A%=10 on line 160 is explained on Pages 240-242 of the user

Finally line 240 returns the cursor to its original position before the procedure was entered.

Program IV shows the minimum code required to write the procedure in Basic.

Now try to make the procedure do some work for

For instance, to print EU at the top left hand side of the

screen type:

PROClass (0,0,69,1): PROClgep (0,0,85,1)

Then Return.

To clear a letter after printing it use:

PROClgep (0,0,32,1)

(Note: The ASC of a blank space is 32.)

Finally, to print every possible character in turn use the procedure with this short program. Remember, you have to press the space bar to expose each letter.

- 1	REM PROGRAM V
2	FOR k=33 TO 126
	PROClgep (0,0,32,1)
4	PROClgep(0,0,k,1)
5	REPEAT: UNTIL GET=32
6	NEXT k
7	END

Program V

Don't forget, the displays are not as good in the text modes (Mode 3 and Mode 6) as in the graphic modes.

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WE receive quite a few **PROCEDURES** requests for games which use **PROChoat** only one key for control. These Moves the boat. **PROCjump** allow handicapped people Selects a random dropping zone for the who may not be able to use the **PROCcheck** normal keyboard layout to play Checks to see if a skydiver has been caught the game. **PROCscore** Gives the number of lives saved and lost. The following lines will allow Parachute to be played **PROCwaves** Animates the random waves. using only the space bar to **PROCrun** Allows the skydiver to run off the raft when it control the raft. 830 LI=0:CO=0:WC=4:DIR=1:CDI 1020 IFINKEY (-99) XP=XP-DIR: CD VARIABLES IR=0:6070 1050 Waves. W1\$, W2\$, W3\$ SW1\$, SW2\$, SW3\$Waves. 1030 IF CDIR=1 SOTO 1110 1040 IF DIR=-1 DIR=1:CDIR=1:6 Lives lost. Lives saved. 070 1110 LI Raft motion. 1045 IF DIR=1 DIR=-1:CDIR=1:6 CO Position of parachute. DIR, CDIR Movement of parachute. 070 1110 Number of movements of parachute. X, Y XINC, YINC Colour of parachute. IP Position of raft. XP, OXP Mode. Colour change. Background colour to parachute (sky mo C1, C2, C3 or seal. COL Position where parachute will land. JL\$, JR\$, L\$ Parachute listing 160 VDU23,1,0;0;0;0; 10 REM PARACHUTE 170 IP(1)=1:IP(2)=1:IP(3)=1

110 INPUT TAB(14,18) FAST/SL

120 IFSPEED\$="FAST"mo=5:C1=1

130 IFSPEED\$="SLOW" so=2:C1=6

140 PRINTTAB(0,19)STRING\$(11

5 LIVES*

OW".SPEED\$

:60T0150

:60T0150

" "):60T090

150 MODEno

,63,27,11 190 VDU23,204,1,1,3,31,51,99 ,67,195 200 VDU23, 205, 128, 128, 255, 25 5,254,12,8,8 210 VDU23, 206, 255, 127, 63, 31, 16,56,56,0 220 VDU23,207,8,8,8,252,4,6, 230 VDU23,208,48,48,240,240, 0,0,0,0 240 VDU23,209,0,0,0,0,12,28, 250 VDU23,210,0,0,0,0,0,240, 240,240 260 VDU23,211,240,240,240,0, 0,0,0,0 270 VDU23,212,0,0,0,0,0,0,25 5,255 280 VDU23,213,0,0,0,60,36,36 ,36,126 290 VDU23,214,60,60,60,60,60 ,60,60,60

180 VDU23, 202, 15, 29, 61, 47, 63

24,0 310 VDU23,216,0,0,0,96,96,96,0,0,0 320 VDU23,218,0,0,0,126,255,126,60,0 330 VDU23,219,0,0,0,126,255,126,60,0 340 VDU23,220,31,31,63,63,12 7,127,255,255 350 VDU23,221,20,129,0,129,0 ,20,28,28 360 VDU23,221,20,429,0,129,0 ,20,28,28 360 VDU23,222,24,60,60,24,8,24,56,56 370 VDU23,223,32,57,79,207,2 52,252,104,40

380 VDU23,224,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,

254

300 VDU23,215,0,0,0,0,24,24,

390 VDU23,225,0,0,0,0,0,2,0,

400 VDU23,226,0,0,0,0,48,0,0,

410 VDU23,227,2,0,7,2,2,2,5,

420 VDU23,228,255,255,255,255

5,255,255,255,255

430 VDU23,229,20,85,65,8,0,0,0,0

440 VDU23,230,42,42,34,0,28,

8,20,20

450 VDU23,231,255,255,254,25

4,252,252,248,248

460 JL\$=CHR\$228+CHR\$228+CHR\$

228+CHR\$228+CHR\$228+CHR\$231:JR

\$=CHR\$228

Parachute listing

From Page 25	770 GCOLO,C3:MOVE700,832:VDU 224	1160 COL=C1:IFIP(N)>160T01300 1170 IFN=1 T1=2:T2=3:T3=4:60T	1570 ENDPROC 1580 :
470 P\$=" *+CHR\$10+CHR\$8+CHR	780 VDU4:COLOUR132:COLOUR1:P		1590 DEFPROCScore
\$8+" "+CHR\$230	RINTTAB(10,25)CHR\$220:COLOUR12	1180 IFN=2 T1=1:T2=3:T3=4:GOT	1600 COLOUR7: COLOUR132
480 W1\$=CHR\$226: W2\$=W1\$+* *+	9:COLOUR7:PRINTTAB(11,25)CHR\$2	31210	1610 VDU23,1,0;0;0;0;
W15: W35=W25+" "+W15	27	1190 IFN=3 T1=1:T2=2:T3=4:60T	1620 FORIX=0 TO 255 STEP4
490 SW1#=CHR#225: SW2#=SW1#+*	790 VDU23,200,16,16,16,0,0,0	01210	1630 SOUND&1,-12,IX,1
"+SW1\$: SW3\$=SW2\$+" "+SW1\$,0,0	1200 T1=1:T2=2:T3=3	1640 NEXT
500 GCDL0,2:VDU19,2,0;0;	800 L\$=CHR\$200+CHR\$200+CHR\$2	1210 IFIP(T1)=3 GOTO1410	1650 PRINTTAB(0,30) YOUR SCOR
510 MOVEO, 250: DRAW400, 500: DR	00+CHR\$200+CHR\$200+CHR\$200	1220 IFIP(T2)=3 GOTO1410	E WAS ";CO
AW400,575: DRAWO,575	810 COLOUR132:COLOUR1:PRINTT	1230 IFIP(T3)=3 GOTO1410	1660 BCOLO,4
520 GCOLO,2:FORI=254T0 574ST	AB(0,25) JL\$; TAB(19,25) JR\$; TAB(1240 C(N)=RND(8):IFC(N)=N GDT	1670 FORI=255TOOSTEP-4: SOUNDS
EP4:PLOT77,0,1:NEXT	0,26)L\$; TAB(19,26)CHR\$200	01260	1,-12,I,1:NEXT
530 MOVE1283,525: DRAW950,525	820 XP=10:0XP=10:MAN=0	1250 GOTO1410	1680 FORKD=1T02000:NEXT
:DRAW950,560:DRAW1283,560	830 LI=0:CO=0:WC=4	1260 IFC(N)=4 C(N)=5	1690 COLOUR11: PRINTTAB(0,30)*
540 FORI=526T0558STEP4:PL0T7	B40 VDU4: VDU23,1,0;0;0;0;0;:CO	1270 IFC(N)=1 C(N)=7	***GAME STARTING****
7,1000,1:NEXT	LOUR2: PRINTTAB (0,30) "LIVES ";L	1280 IFao=5 C(N)=3	1700 FORI=OTO7:FORJ=OTO9OSTEP
550 VDU19,4,0;0;	I; TAB(10,30) "SAVED ";CO	1290 XF(N)=RND(550)+600:XINC(2: SOUND&11,-I,J,5: NEXT: NEXT
560 GCDL0,4	850 PROChoat	N) = (XF(N) -250) DIV22: YINC(N) =-3	1710 FORKD=1T02000:NEXT
570 FORI=OTO550STEP4:PLOT77.	860 WNO=RND(2):IFWNO=1 PROCW	2: MOVE250, 900: 6COLO, C(N): VDU5	1720 PRINTTAB(0,30)SPC(19)
600, I:NEXT	aves	230:MOVE250,900:GC0L0,7:VDU5 2	1730 ENDPROC
580 GCOLO,C1	870 PROCjump(1)	29: X (N) = 250: Y (N) = 900: IP (N) = 2: 0	1740 :
590 VDU19,C1,O;O;	880 IFLI=5 PROCscore:GOTO830	X(N)=X(N):OY(N)=Y(N):GOTO1300	1750 DEFPROCWaves
600 FORJ=554 TO1100STEP4:PLO	000 11 21-0 1 1003001 21001 0000	1300 IFOY(N) <=550 CDL=4	1760 IFWC=4 WC=7:CW=4:60T0178
177,600,J:NEXT	890 PROChoat		0
610 VDU19,2,2;0;:VDU19,4,4;0	900 PROCjump(2)	1310 MOVEDX(N), DY(N):6COLO,CO	1770 IFWC=7 WC=4:CW=7
:: VDU19, C1, 6; 0;	910 IFLI=5 PROCscore:GOTO830	L: VDU5 228	1780 VDU4: COLOUR132: COLOUR NO
620 GCOLO,0:MOVEO,575:DRAWO,	710 IFLI-3 PRODSCOPE:8010630	1320 X(N)=X(N)+XINC(N)	1790 PRINTTAB(2,28) W3\$; TAB(3,
585: DRAW100,585: DRAW100,575: DR	920 PROChoat	1330 Y(N)=Y(N)+YINC(N)	22) W2\$; TAB(14,28) W3\$; TAB(5,19)
AW100,585: DRAW200,585: DRAW200,	930 PROCjump(3)	1340 PROCEDUAT	W1\$;
575: DRAW200,580: DRAW300,580: DR	940 IFLI=5 PROCscore:6010830	1350 SOUND1,1,-N+4B,2	1800 PRINTTAB(6,17)SW1\$; TAB(1
AW300,575: DRAW300,580: DRAW390,	740 IFLI-3 PROUSCUPE: BUTU030	1360 MOVEX(N),Y(N):GCOLO,7:VD U5 229	4,17)SW1\$
580: DRAW390,575	950 PROChoat	1370 MDVEX(N),Y(N):6COLO,C(N)	1810 COLOURCW
630 IFmo=5 C2=2	960 PROCjump(4)		1820 PRINTTAB(16,20)W1\$; TAB(2
640 IFao=2 C2=11	970 IFLI=5 PROCscore:GOTO830	:VDU 230 1380 OX(N)=X(N):OY(N)=Y(N)	,24) W3\$; TAB(5,20) W2\$; TAB(17,21
650 6COLO,C2:MOVE970,656:VDU	980 80T0850	1390 IP(N)=IP(N)+1)W1\$; TAB(17,24)W2\$;
5 215	990 END		1830 PRINTTAB(13,15)SW1\$; TAB(
660 GCOLO,7:MOVE970,656:VDU	1000 :	1400 IFIP(N)=22 IP(N)=1:6CDLQ ,4:VDU8:VDU5 228:PROCcheck:60T	
213	1010 DEFPROChoat		1840 ENDPROC
670 MOVE970,624:VDU 214	1020 IFINKEY(-98)XP=XP-1:60TO	01410 1410 ENDPROC	1850 :
680 MOVE970,592:VDU 214	1050		1860 DEFPROCrun
690 SCOLO,0: MDVE955,560: DRAW	1030 IFINKEY(-105)XP=XP+1:6DT	1420 :	1870 IFMAN=0 BOT01930
955,565: DRAW1055,565: DRAW1055,	01050	1430 DEFPROCCHECK	1880 IFXP=17 COLOUR129:COLOUR
560: DRAW1055,565: DRAW1155,565:	1040 6DT01110	1440 P=(X(N)+32)DIV64 1450 IFP=XP CO=CO+1:GOTO1480	MAN: SOUND1,-15,250,1:PRINTTAB
DRAW1155,560: DRAW1155,565: DRAW	1050 VDU4:COLOUR132:COLOUR4:P	1450 IFP=XP+1 CO=CO+1:GOTD148	(19,25) CHR\$227:FORKD=1T0200:NE
1255,565; DRAW1255,560; DRAW1255	RINTTAB(OXP,25)" "	0	XT: SOUND1, -15, 250, 1: PRINTTAB()
,565: DRAW1283,565	1060 IFXP(6 XP=6	1470 GOTD1510	9,25)SPC(1):60T01920
700 GCDL0,11:MDVE200,918:VDU	1070 1FXP>17 XP=17		1890 FORI=4TOOSTEP-1
216	1080 COLOUR132:COLOUR1:PRINTT	1480 IFMAN>0 CO=CO-1:GOTO1510 1490 MAN=C(N)	1900 COLOUR129: COLOUR MAN: PRI
710 BCDL0,0:MDVE200,950:VDU	AB(XP,25)CHR\$220:COLOUR129:COL	1500 GOTO1560	NTTAB(1,25)CHR\$227:FORKD=1T075
209,210:MOVE264,918:VDU 211	OUR7:PRINTTAB(XP+1,25)CHR\$227	1510 LI=LI+1	:NEXT: SOUND1, -15, 250, 1: PRINTTA
720 IFmo=5C3=3	1090 IFXP=6 PROCrun	1520 FORKD=1T0100; NEXT	B(I,25)SPC(1)
730 IFmo=2C3=9	1100 IFXP=17 PROCrun	1530 MOVEX(N),Y(N):GCDL0,7:VD	1910 NEXT
740 GCDLO,C3:MOVE200,982:VDU	1110 IF MAN'O GCOLO, MAN: MOYEX		1920 MAN=0
212,212	P+64,220:VDU5 227	U5 221:SOUNDO,1,14,10	
	1120 OXP=XP	1540 FORKD=1T0200:NEXT	1930 ENDPROC
750 6CDL0,7:MDVE200,950:VDU	1130 ENDPROC	1550 MOVEX(N),Y(N):6COL0,4:VD U 221	This listing is included in
204,205,208:MOVE200,918:VDU 20 6,207	1140 :	1560 VDU4: COLOUR132: COLOUR2: P	this month's cassette tape offer. See order
D-CHA			l tape offer. See order

Software Surgery

THE COLUMN THAT TAKES A LOOK INSIDE THE LATEST RELEASES

Just when you thought it was safe...

Bedbugs Optima Software

TO quote from the game: "Just when you thought it was safe to go to sleep ..."
Bedbugs, the new game from Optima Software, should safely disrupt your calmest dreams.

You begin with a bed alive with little nasties which are liable to nibble your feet at any time.

However you needn't despair, because you are armed with, believe it or not, a jam sandwich which you use to swat the bugs.

You also have a sponge to wipe up the sticky jam and a pair of false teeth that you can use to crunch the irritating fleas.

As a last resort there's a telephone that you can use to call Doctor Soothe or Pestdeath. These two will help you, always provided that they're in to answer the phone.

You choose your weapon from a "menu" on the left of the screen and chase the fleas across the bed. When you land on one you press Return and the little blighter is no more.

You mustn't, however, swat your feet (ouch!), fall off the bed or get yourself stuck in the jam, for heavy penalties are given.

The sound is reasonable, especially the familiar introduction tune, and the graphics are good although not striking.

The keys are sensibly placed and easy to use,



avoiding the possibility of accidentally pressing Break.

All in all an original game for kiddies which will keep them occupied for hours.

Bey Friend

Simple, yet endless

Animator Screenplay Software

I AM almost at a loss for words to describe this superb program from Screenplay, previously available for the BBC and the Dragon.

It is brilliantly simple in concept, yet the possibilities for its use are practically endless, being a program to create multicoloured sprites which can then be compiled into machine code for use in fast graphical action games.

The sprites may be saved to tape, and a library of them may be built up for future use.

The first program, Creator, allows the design of up to 63 separate sprites, each with two associated figures formed by 180 degree rotation about a horizontal or vertical axis.

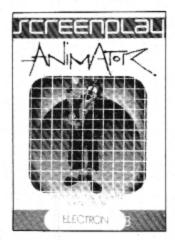
Larger sprites may be defined, up to 30 pixels square, but in this case only nine may be created.

They may have any colours, flashing or steady, and during the design stage the sprite is also shown life size for comparison.

Drawing the sprite is simplicity itself, as indeed is each feature of this program. When the sprite has been saved to tape it can still be recalled and minor alterations made for smooth animation.

The second main program, Compiler, allows previously saved sprites to be compiled into machine code for future use in either Basic or machine code programs.

Editing may still be per-



formed at this stage, and the compiled code saved again onto tape. Extremely clear and detailed instructions on the subsequent CALL statements are given, as is an explanation of the built-in collision checking routine.

In addition to these excellent programs, there are also two demonstrations. One is a game called Dambuster, with modest but effective graphics, while the other is a marvellous scene in a tropical aquarium which I found myself staring at for a long time.

However I kept coming back again and again to the superb Creator program, creating endless multicoloured

STOP THE BEASTIES!

Centipede Superior Software

ANOTHER entry into the insect world. A long, hungry caterpillar wends its way from the top of the screen to the bottom where you are located.

Can you stop the vicious little beastie or will it eat you alive? There are six skill levels to keep you on your toes.

You dodge across the bottom of the screen using the Z and X keys to control movement, hitting the Delete key to blow the centipede to kingdom come.

While you're doing this you have to keep your eye open for the nasty spider that hangs around your end of the screen as he, too, will eat you if he can.

Also the poor, inoffensive little snail which wanders across the screen is worth a shot or two for, harmless though it is, it's worth 1,000 points. Collect 10,000 or 20,000 points and you get extra lives.

The sound and graphics are very good, the instructions clear and the choice of keys simple to use.

It's an amusing and entertaining game for those with



fast fingers and a dislike of creepie-crawlies. Peter Gray

From Page 27

sprites simply because it was so easy and such tremendous fun.

This package is excellent value for money, being a very useful tool for the budding programmer. There is even a competition for an original program using sprites made with Animator, with a first prize of £200. I have the feeling that they will receive a Phil Tayler lot of entries.

Defuse those bombs

Danger UXB Program Power

ONE of the most original games I've come across so far, Danger UXB from Program Power, gripped my attention from the start and kept firm

You are placed in the centre of a block of pathways consisting of blue squares, some of which bear a skull and crossbones.

The skulls mark the position of lethal TNT bombs. One after another their timers start, counting down from 60 to 0 when, unless you've defused them, they explode taking you with them.

Not only that but once you've used one set of squares to reach a bomb they disap-



pear, so you can't go that way again.

You can, however, slide the row of blocks that you are on left and right but you have to be both fast and cunning.

If you manage to survive the first level you're "rewarded" with another screen where the countdown starts at

Complete that and the next level has stamping boots that chase you round the grid. I don't understand that last part, but it's great fun.

With highly impressive graphics and sound, and easy to use keys the game appeals to all ages and is great fun for all the family. A highly original and compelling game.

Eileen Young

Friendly warning become Electron Aid

Dynabyte Software

THIS super utility program actually contains a suite of two very helpful and easy-to-use facilities for the Electron. The loading program presents the user with the option to select Character or Soundlab.

The first allows the user to define up to 128 different characters (if PAGE is reset as appropriate), while the second encourages constructive use of sound ENVELOPES with various SOUND statements.

Neither, of course, allows the user to do anything that cannot be done anyway with help from the User Guide, but these utilities are externely user-friendly.

On selecting Character the user replies to various screen prompts in order to select Mode (all available), and foreground and background col-

Once this is settled the option to start from scratch, or whether to redefine an existing shape, is offered.

One way in which this may be of considerable use is

A disappointing statistic

Elementary Statistics Garland Computing

THIS cassette of four programs and a single page of documentation comes from Garland's educational series. Learning Maths.

The package is aimed at children aged about 9-12 years and is for school or home use on either an Electron or BBC Micro.

Garland has a good reputation for educational software for the BBC Micro but this package doesn't really live up to expectations, failing to make full use of the computer's facilities.

Furthermore its title is slightly misleading in that the programs are mainly concerned with data collection and display rather than the computation of statistical parameters.

After chaining the Index program, which displays Garland's logo, the user is asked to pick one of three programs, Barchart, Piechart or Scatter by typing CHAIN "Program name".

Unfortunately there is much room for operator error here and the loading sequence could be improved.

Barchart allows the user to label, input, add to and LEARNING MATHS STATISTICS GARLAND EDUCATIONAL electron / BBC

compare up to 10 groups of data in the form of a frequency table or a barchart (not a histogram, as the documentation reminds us).

The data entry sequence may be upset by entry of large values, and is also drab as it doesn't utilise colour or sound. The barchart itself is in colour.

Negative numbers are also allowed on data entry, but are not properly displayed on the barchart.

Piechart is similar to the previous program and allows the user to enter and compare values for up to six groups of data.

The frequency table here also shows the angles (in degrees) used in the piechart. Again, the actual displayed chart is in colour.

In this program however, data cannot be altered or added

Scatter plots the values of two groups of related data on a scattergram. First the axes are labelled and the maximum limits set, then each data item is plotted on the graph as the values are entered.

When all data has been entered - up to 100 values the mean is automatically marked on the display. I liked this one with its instant plotting. It would be very easy to fiddle results and enter values which sat along a nice straight line.

Unfortunately this program does not allow for the correction or addition of data.

Overall the programs provide good value for money as a simple teaching aid but would be much more valuable for long term use in data collection and display if there were more facilities for error correction, saving of data and printout routines.

All the programs, however, are written entirely in Basic and can be used on either cassette or disc systems and could therefore be readily amended to suit individual users.

Mike Mahon

you'll addicted

animation. A figure may be defined as one Ascii character and then copied to a second.

The second can then be edited to allow the slight changes necessary for smooth animation. Both versions of the shape thus remain available for recall.

Single key entry is provided, with the number keys controlling the various colours, editing and so on.

Key 8 will even list on screen the VDU23 lines, which can then be copied for future use.

A similar approach has been used in Soundlab, with a very fun approach to that bewildering world of envelopes.

There are preset ENVELOPES – up to seven can be programmed – and up to 15 sound commands may also be accessed.

They are easily tested, using single key again, or edited by use of the number keys and cursor control.

The sound controls are shown on screen in the format & FC, A, P, D while the ENVELOPE is shown, although not those numbers which are merely there for the infamous BBC compatibility.

Any ENVELOPE may be paired with any SOUND statement to gain an insight into the possibilities.

In addition the whole range of SOUND commands can be played one after the other, which in my case always sounded pretty ghastly.

Again, no more is gained than can be learned from the User Guide, but the program does all the work for you and shows you your current pieces on screen.

The listings of any good sounds produced may be obtained for future use.

I found this to be a fascinating program to work with, but I must warn you that it soon becomes almost as addictive as your favourite games.

Phil Tayler

File Handler Dialsoft

THE cassette inlays from Dialsoft do not really attempt to sell the product, which is a pity as the cassette inside contains a fairly good filing system program.

Many people would wish to keep records of the card index type, whether for personal use (addresses, recipes etc), or for semi-personal applications (club membership, software records).

Your micro allows you to keep a file with these details; the data then being loaded into another database program, in this case File Handler.

The data can be manipulated to produce lists in alphabetical or numerical order, or to search for a particular entry.

The trouble with all tapebased database programs is speed – a large file takes some considerable time to load, whereas a disc system accesses data far more rapidly. Roll on disc drives for the Electron!

This isn't the best program I

Something missing...



have ever seen of its type, although there are areas in which it will stand comparison with others.

The speed of sorting is acceptable and the screen displays clear and legible. The program, however, lacks something in the area of user-friendliness, using jargon phrases like "file extent" without further explanation.

However one quickly gets used to these phrases, and it is then relatively easy to enter data or interrogate the file. The size of record which can be catered for varies with the number of fields. For instance, 200 records can be entered across four fields, while only 80 may be input if the number of fields is increased to 10.

It is also a simple matter to extend a file (if there is room) or to alter data, although the new data has to be saved to tape once again.

A sample file is included in the program, although I did not succeed in loading it.

I also found myself wondering why all serious programs have to be presented in black and white.

The program is listable, and it is relatively easy to alter screens to allow colour coding of the various pages.

Incidentally, the program is completely compatible with the BBC Micro.

Philip Tayler

A winner – as sure as chuckie Egg eggs is eggs!

REMEMBER the old arcade game where you had the unnerving task of leaping over seemingly endless gaps in your path, climbing ladders and being chased by ghoulies, ghosties and beasties as you progressed?

Were you addicted, as I was? If so, then Chuckie Egg, the new game from A&F Software, will be right up your street.

You control a cute little man with fast moving legs who starts at the bottom of the screen and has the task of collecting all the eggs.

This has to be done before the nasties get out and eat all the corn. And be warned, if you bump into a nasty you're a gonner.

It is also wise to keep an eye on the crazy duck in the cage at the top left. If she gets out you've had your chips – with or without eggs.

It's not easy, but you do have a stock of lives to get through before your little man is annihilated.

Once one level is cleared of eggs you progress higher, progressively harder with lifts and landing stages adding to the action.

You've got to be quick thinking and have fast reactions to collect all your eggs.

The sound and graphics are excellent and the key allocation is particularly good. Although the program gives you one set of keys you can choose your own, a feature more software houses should follow.

It's a great game, compel-



ling and entertaining and should appeal to all ages. A winner.

Trevor Roberts

Here's a quick and easy way to get things moving on your display screen

SCROLLER, by ADAM WORTLEY, is a utility program that produces a banner display moving along the bottom of the screen.

You simply put any message you want into the program and the Electron will display it.

To change the message just copy line 40 and replace the string inside the inverted commas with your own. Keep it the same

length as Adam's, or fill yours out with spaces. It's as easy as that.

As you'll see, the message scrolls from right to left.

Can you make it go from left to right? And how about one that goes from top to bottom? Or from corner to corner?

Scroller isn't just a useful screen utility, it's a challenge to your own programming skills.

10 REM Side Scroller

20 REM by Adam Wortley

30 REM (C) ELECTRON USER

40 MODE 1

: VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;0; :PROCSCROLL (3.15, "Sidew

ays Scroller by Adam Wortley##",2,150

,25)

50 END

60 DEF PROCSCROLL (X, Y

.A\$,C,P,N)

70 LET B\$=A\$+A\$

80 COLOUR C

90 FOR H=1 TO N

100 FOR S=1 TO LEN A\$

110 LET R=RND(13)+1

: IF R=8

THEN GOTO 110

120 VDU 19,C,R,0,0,0

130 FOR A=1 TO 200-P : NEXT

140 PRINT TAB(X,Y); MID\$(B\$,S,LEN A\$)

150 NEXT S

160 NEXT H

170 ENDPROC

T SCROLLING AI

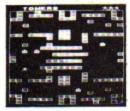
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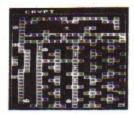
HOUSE OF HORRORS (B)(E) £6.95











Turn off the lights and gather around for the most creepy game of the year. How you laughed at those superstitious fools in the village when they warned you not to go near the old house. The climb up the rocky path under the afternoon sun was swift and within an hour you had passed through the outer gates of this once great house. The dust and cobwebs hadn't bothered you as you climbed the old stairs to the towers on the top level. Did you notice how low the sun had fallen before the sounds of locks clicking reached your startled ears? How can the moon be out already and what's that moving towards you??? This all action game will have you ducking and diving from the GHOSTS and ZOMBIES, and matching wits with a MUMMY. WEREWOLF, and VAMPIRE. 5 floors full of odd CORRIDORS, BROKEN FLOORBOARDS, and riddled with SECRET PASSAGES await you. Superb sound effects and graphics. Can be played using either keyboard or joysticks. Top table. Pause option.

EARLY YEARS (B)(E) For children between 3-6 years of age EARLY YEARS (8)(E) For children between 3-6 years of age. These two packages give an adult or older child a means to take a younger child through a series of simple game type tasks to enforce ideas. The emphasis is on learning through fun. Topics covered include subtraction, addition, recognition, colour, shapes, sizes, sounds/notes, co-ordination, distances, estimates, directions.

EARLY YEARS 1

A) MICKEY THE MONKEY and his apple tree make subtraction fun.
B) COLOUR BLOCKS bring sizes and colour into perspective.
C) MERRY MUSIC turns the keyboard into a musical keyboard.
D) FUNNY FACES presents a line up, which one is the suspect?
E) FRED THE FROG needs co-ordinated help to get across the pond.

EARLY YEARS 2

A) THE POND seems very active today
B) SPEED is required to keep the cake on the conveyor belt.
C) DIRECTIONS seem to be needed by everyone in Orion village.

ORDER the blocks. SID THE SPIDER needs some help to get out of the maze.

ELECTRON PROGRAM CAN BE USED WITH FIRST BYTE JOYSTICK INTERFACES

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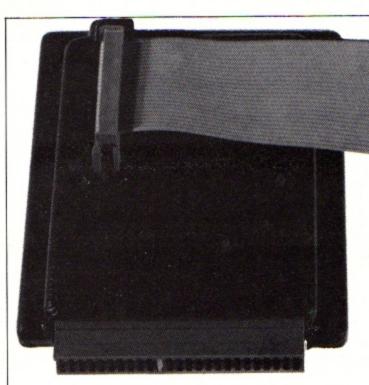
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NIGEL PETERS welcomes the arrival of a print port for the Electron

Printout power at last!

ONE of the niggling things about working for Electron User is, that until now, we've had to produce our program listings on a – dare I say it – BBC Micro. This was because the Electron had no way to use a printer.

Now, however, with the new Print Port from Signpoint, things have changed.

The Print Port is a small, flat, rectangular black box which looks very similar to the Joyport reviewed in the June issue.

It attaches to the expansion port at the back of the Electron and takes its power from it.

The Port connects to the printer by way of some three and a half feet of grey ribbon cable. Full marks to Signpoint for not stinting on the cable as some firms do.

The Electron operating system, although very similar to the BBC Micro's, wasn't designed for use with a printer.

Because of this, special software has to be loaded into the Electron from a tape cassette. It is this software that activates the Print Port and allows it to use a printer.

At first I thought that loading the software would be tedious, but I soon learnt differently. All you do is enter CH."" and the program loads itself in under half a minute.

A *FX call then activates the software and the Print Port is ready for action.

The software sits below Basic storage out of the way of the programs you type in. It stays here even if the Break key is pressed.

In the rare event that one of the programs you run should try to use the same memory space as the Print Port software Signpoint give four versions of it.

These are exactly the same program, they just sit in different places in the memory. It's very unlikely that all four won't work!

Once the Print Port is set up it is up to you to decide how to use it. If you want to print out everything that appears on the screen, then you just use the Ctrl+B and Ctrl+C key combinations familiar to users of the BBC Micro.

To get a hard copy listing you just select the printer using Ctrl+B, and type LIST as normal. The listing will appear both on the screen and on the printer.

Ctrl+C stops the screen

output going to the printer. (It's amazing how much easier it is to debug a program from a listing rather than from the screen.)

Using Print Port is easy, and very well explained in the three explanatory sheets that come with it. However you don't always want everything that appears on screen to be printed out on hard copy.

The Print Port allows the use of the VDU2 and VDU3 commands to switch the printer on and off from inside programs. This allows you to choose what you want printed out from a program and when. Program I shows how it is done, with Figure I showing what the output is.

Incidentally, both these were printed out from an Electron using the Print Port. Who needs a BBC Micro now!

The Port works with any printer that conforms to the Centronics parallel interface standard such as the Epson or Brother printers. It also allows the Electron to pass control codes to the printer.

These control codes are numbers that affect the way that the printer works, for example producing italic or bold type or double spacing the lines.

Codes vary from printer to printer, and are given in the manuals. But beware! Not every printer manual is as clearly written as the explanatory sheets that come with the Print Port.

I was very impressed with the device. Quick and simple to use and well explained, it adds a whole new dimension to the Electron, giving me all the facilities that previously were only available on the BBC Micro.

I can't think of a higher recommendation.

Program 1

10 VDU2

20 PRINT "This is an example program"

30 PRINT "using the Signpoint Electron"

40 PRINT"centronics print port"

50 VDU3

Figure 1

This is an example program using the Signpoint Electron centronics print port

Example of the various type styles available

THIS IS

THIS IS CONDENSED

THIS IS ITALIC PRINTING.

THIS IS BOLD PRINTING.

August 1984 ELECTRON USER 31



CASTLES of Sand is an orginal game where you don't have to leave your home to experience the frustration of building a sandcastle only to have it washed away by the sea!

The game begins with attractive titles displayed followed by instructions and the level of play option – level 3 being the hardest.

The screen is then drawn with your empty sandcastle – red with blue crosses – in the centre. There are piles of yellow sand on either side which you must collect and use to fill in your sandcastle.

When you have done this, suitable congratulations are issued and a harder beach displayed.

The sand at the top of the screen acts as a barrier to the sea which is slowly advancing to drown you. Beware any gaps in this barrier – fill them in quick or the sea will come rushing through.

The sea cannot harm your castle or kill you by reaching the bottom of the screen – it only drowns you if you are foolish enough to go for a paddle!

Any sand touched by the sea – except that in the castle – will slowly be eaten away so if you are not quick enough you may need extra sand from the barrier to complete your castle.

If so, beware the hungry sandworm. It will eat any sand you may be carrying if it catches you or any left in its path. Once lost, it cannot be recovered.

At the bottom of the screen your SCORE (25 points for each block of the castle filled in), BONUS (slowly declining) and BEACH (screen you are currently playing) are displayed. With each new BEACH the sea eats the sand away quicker and the barrier is smaller.

When you are eventually killed, either by drowning or loss of bonus, a hi-score table is displayed. Enter your name then press Return.

If you wish to save the names and scores for another day, press Ctrl Space and you will be given a load/save option.

MARTIN HOLLIS

PROCEDURES NUMERIC VARIABLES A%, B%, C%, N%, Z% General loop counters. **PROCiinit** Sets up variables for beginning of True if you are carrying sand. program. Level of difficulty. **PROCinit** Sets up variables for beginning of H% S% Score. game. Wave now being moved. WP% **PROCtitles** Displays opening titles. X%, Y% Coordinates of man. **PROCinstr** Displays instructions. BONUS% Amount of time left. PROCC Switches cursor off. DEAD% True if you are dead. Called when an error is met. **PROCend** PROCtext & PROCnum Prints BONUS, BEACH, SCORE FAST% True if game in fast mode. Which beach is being played. characters and numbers at bottom of LEVEL% (N%, X, Y) LOOP% General loop counter. How many blocks to fill in on sandcastle. SAND% **PROCmove** Tests for keys pressed and calls WX%,WY% Coordinates of worm. appropriate PROC. PROCleft/PROCright/ Call PROCdraw to move man. STRING VARIABLES PROCup/PROCdown PROCdraw(D%, DY%) Moves man in X,Y direction. A\$,B\$,F\$,G\$, These have general uses. PROCdeadcheck Checks to see if you are dead. L\$,N\$,S\$,T\$ LE\$,RI\$,UP\$,DO\$ Left, right, up, down. (You may change the **PROCscores** Displays hi-score table. initial values of these which are set at lines Gives option to save hi-score table. **PROCsave** PROCdig/PROCfill To dig or drop sand. 410-440.) **PROCrestore** Restores all necessary values when The keys which the computer checks while TT\$ game is in progress (except Space and castle filled in. Shift which are controlled by INKEY (-n)). DIMs W\$ Sandworm. Stores what is at that position on screen. P% (19,26) Remembers Y coordinates of nth wave. W% (19) H%(10), H\$(10) Remembers hi-score and hi-score names. Castles of Sand listing 10REM * CASTLES OF SAND * 190VDU23,226,4,6,15,31,15, 20REM * BY MARTIN HOLLIS 7,2,0 200VDU23,227,0,0,0,16,48,2 TOREM + (C) ELECTRON USER 48,124,60 210VDU23,228,0,112,112,32, 400NERROR MODEA: PROCc: PRO 248.32.80.136 220000023,229,0,112,114,37, Cend 255, 39, 82, 136 50*0PT1.1 50*0PT2.1 230VDU23,230,0,24,36,36,36 .36,24,0 70*0PT3.6 240VDU23,231,0,16,48,16,16 80MODE4 .15,56.0 POPROCC 250VDU23,232,0,60,4,4,60,3 100VDU19.1.4.0.0.0 110VDU23,224,1,1,129,195,2 2,60.0 55,255,126,60 260VDU23,233,0,60,4,28,4,4 ,60.0 120PROCtitles 270VDU23,234,0,36,36,60,4, 130MDDE&

140PROCC

0.192.0.0.0

150PROCinstr 150RESTORE1460

.50,3,-4,0,0,126,40

170ENVELOPE1,8,0,0,0,16,11

180VDU23,225,56,120,240,24

Turn to Page 53

280VDU23.235.0.60,32,60,4,

290VDU23,236,0,60,32,60,36

4.4.0

4,60.0

,36,50,0

Make light work of listings

To save your fingers most of the listings in *Electron User* have been put on tape. Eight are now available – for the February, March, April, May, June, July and August issues, plus a bumper tape of all the programs from the introductory issues.

On the August tape:

SANDCASTLE The Electron seaside outing. KNOCKOUT Bouncing balls batter brick walls. PARACHUTE Keep the skydivers dry. LETTERS Large letters for your screen. SUPER-SPELL Test your spelling. ON YOUR BIKE Pedal power comes to your Electron. SCROLLER Sliced strings slide sideways.

FAST ELLIPSE Speedy graphics. NOTEBOOK Lines and patterns explained.

Service Control of the Control of th

On the July tape:

GOLF A day on the links with your Electron. SOLITAIRE The classic solo logic game.
TALL LETTERS Large characters made simple. BANK ACCOUNT Keep track of your money. CHARTIST 3D graphs. FORMULAE Areas, volumes and angles. NOTEBOOK Time table.

On the June tape:

MONEY MAZE Avoid the ghosts to get the cash. CODE BREAKER A mastermind is needed to crack the code. ALIEN See little green men – the Electron way! SETUP Colour commands without tears. CRYSTALS Beautiful graphics. LASER SHOOT OUT An intergalactic shooting gallery. SMILER Have a nice day!

On the May tape:

RALLY DRIVER High speed car control. SPACE PODS More aliens to annihilate.

CODER Secret messages made simple. FRUIT MACHINE Spin the wheels to win.

CHASER Avoid your opponent to survive. TIC-TAC-TOE Electron noughts and crosses.

ELECTRON DRAUGHTSMAN Create and save Electron masterpieces. SHEEP A program for insomniacs. MATHS HIKE Mental arithmetic. MESSAGE VDU commands in action.

On the April tape:

SPACEHIKE A hopping arcade classic. FRIEZE Electron wallpaper. PELICAN Cross roads safely. CHESSTIMER Clock your moves. ASTEROID Space is a minefield. LIMERICK Automatic rhymes. ROMAN Numbers in the ancient way. BUNNYBLITZ The Easter program. DOGDUCK The classic logic game.

On the March tape:

CHICKEN Let dangerous drivers test your nerve. COFFEE

A tantalising word game from Down Under. PARKY'S PERIL Parky's lost in an invisible maze. REACTION TIMER How fast are you? BRAINTEASER A puzzling program.

COUNTER Mental arithmetic can be fun! PAPER, SCISSORS, STONE Out-guess your Electron. CHARACTER GENERATOR Create shapes with this utility. FUNNY POLYGONS Fast graphics going round in circles.

On the February tape:

NUMBER BALANCE Test your powers of mental arithmetic. CALCULATOR Make your Electron a calculator. DOILIES Multi-coloured patterns galore. TOWERS OF HANOI The age old puzzle. LUNAR LANDER Test your skill as an astronaut. POSITRON INVADERS A version of the old arcade favourite. MOON RESCUE Avoid the asteroids and save the spacemen.

On the introductory tape:

ANAGRAM Sort out the jumbled letters. DOODLE Multicoloured graphics. EUROMAP
Test your geography. KALEIDOSCOPE Electron graphics run riot. CAPITALS New upper
case letters. ROCKET, WHEEL, CANDLE Three fireworks programs. BOMBER Drop
the bombs before you crash. DUCK Simple animation. METEORS Collisions in space.
COMBINATIONS Crack the code. BUZZ WORD GENERATOR Let the Electron help
you impress.

HOW TO ORDER

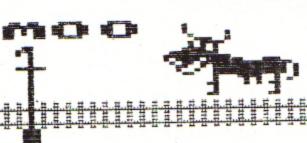
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PEDAL power comes to the Electron with DAVID McLACHAN's clever and amusing graphics program, On Your Bike.

It is a well structured, easy-to-follow program that's an excellent example of Electron animation.

ON YOUR BIKE!





VARIABLES

Road markings. Bike's horizontal axis. L% Bike's vertical axis. X% House horizontal axis. Y% House vertical axis. AA% Leg positions. BB% XX% Screen count. Old position of bike. 00% OLDX% OLDXX% Old position of leg.

PROCEDURES

230 PROCINIT 820 PROCSCREEN1 1410 PROCCOW 1540 PROCWALL 970 PROCTRUCK 1190 PROCFENCE 1280 PROCHOUSE

910 PROCLAMPPOST 660 PROCMOVEBIKE

Sets up all variables. Draws the road. Draws the cow. Draws the wall. Draws the truck Draws the fence. Draws the house. Draws the lamp posts. Moves the bike.

10 REM ON YOUR BIKE

20 REM By David McLachlan

30 REM (c) Electron User

40 HODE 2

50 PROCCHARACTERS

60 PROCINIT

70 PROCSCREENI

: PROCWALL

: PROCLAMPPOST

80 REM *** MAIN LOOP

90 REPEAT

100 GCOL 0.3

110 002=002+1

120 IF QQX=2

THEN XX=1200

: PROCSCREEN!

: PROCWALL

: PROCLAMPPOST

: PROCTRUCK

130 IF QQX=3

THEN XX=1200

: PROCWALL

: PROCTRUCK

: PROCSCREEN1

: PROCFENCE

: PROCCOW : PROCLAMPPOST

140 IF QQ%=4

THEN PROCCOM

: PROCSCREEN!

: PROCFENCE

: PROCHOUSE

:6COL 0.3 : PROCLAMPPOST

150 IF QQX=5

THEN XX=1200

: PROCFENCE

: PROCSCREEN1

: PROCWALL

: PROCLAMPPOST

: PROCTRUCK

:PROCCOW

: PROCHOUSE

160 IF QQ%=6

THEN GOTO 60

170 XX=1100

180 REPEAT

190 PROCHOVEBIKE 200 UNTIL XX (=100

210 UNTIL FALSE

220 REM **SETUP VARIABLES

230 DEF PROCINIT

240 CLS

250 ENVELOPE 1,1,-2,-2

,0,9,9,0,126,0,0,-126

,126,126

260 XXX=233

: 00%=0

: XX=1100

: YZ=440

270 OLDXX=XX

: OLDYX=YX

280 OLDXXX=XXX

290 VDU 5

:6COL 3.7

: MOVE XX, YX

: VDU 225,8,8,10,226

,XXX,227

300 VDU 5

310 ENDPROC

320 REM **** CALL CHARACTER

S ####

330 DEF PROCCHARACTERS

340 VDU 23,225,7,11,7

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

On your Bike listing

From Page 35	,201,74,88,8,8,24	****	,540,780,660,840
	610 REM **** WALL ****	970 DEF PROCTRUCK	1350 DATA 660,680,540,610
,1,7,235,147,255	620 VDU 23,248,255,8,8	980 GCOL 0,6	,540,780,540,610,380
:REM **HEAD**	,8,255,64,64,64	990 IF QQX=3	,620
350 VDU 23,226,25,102	630 VDU 23,249,0,247,247	THEN GCOL 0,0	1360 NEXT
,70,137,153,66,102	,247,0,191,191,191	1000 MDVE 400,550	1370 RESTORE
,24	640 ENDPROC	1010 VDU 238,8,10,239	1380 MOVE 640,700
:REM **FRONT WHEEL**	650 REM **** MOVEMENT	1020 6COL 0,4	:DRAW 700,700
360 VDU 23,227,152,102	OF BIKE ****	1030 IF QQX=3	:DRAW 700,640
,98,145,249,66,102	660 DEF PROCMOVEBIKE	THEN GCOL 0,0	:DRAW 640,640
,24	670 IF INKEY (-1)	1040 MOVE 250,500	:DRAW 640,700
:REM **BACK WHEEL**	THEN XX=XX-32	:MOVE 250,600	1390 ENDPROC
370 VDU 23,228,141,77	:60TO 690	:PLOT 85,390,600	1400 REM **** DRAW COW
,77,37,37,31,4,12	680 XX=XX-16	1050 MOVE 250,500	****
380 VDU 23,229,141,93	690 XXX=XXX-1	:MOVE 390,600	1410 DEF PROCCOW
,89,49,33,63,96,0	700 IF XXX=228	:PLOT 85,390,500	1420 GCOL 0,7
390 VDU 23,230,141,89	THEN XXX=233	1060 GCOL 0,6	1430 IF QQX=4
,113,33,97,223,0,0	:SOUND 1,1,0,8	1070 IF QQX=3	THEN GCOL 0,0
400 VDU 23,231,177,113	710 IF (XX=OLDXX)ENDPROC	THEN GCOL 0,0	1440 MOVE 500,700
,65,225,33,31,0,0	720 VDU 5	1080 MOVE 260,498	1450 IF QQX=5
410 VDU 23,232,177,81	:6COL 3,7	1090 DRAW 260,494	THEN MOVE 100,730
,113,33,33,31,0,0	730 MOVE OLDXX, OLDYX	1100 DRAW 264,490	1460 VDU 240,241,8,8,10
420 VDU 23,233,153,77	:VDU 225,8,8,10,226	1110 DRAW 278,494	,242,243,244,8,8,8
,69,45,33,31,0,0	,OLDXXX,227	1120 DRAW 278,498	,10,245,246,247
430 REM **** LAMP_POST	740 MOVE XX,YX	1130 IF QQX=3	1470 MOVE 300,700
****	750 *FX19	THEN GCOL 0,0	1480 IF QQX=5
440 VDU 23,234,24,56,40	760 VDU 225,8,8,10,226	1140 VDU 5	THEN MOVE 100,770
,8,8,8,62,8	, XXX, 227	1150 MOVE 260,560	1490 VDU 5
450 VDU 23,235,8,8,8,8	770 VDU 8,8,9	1160 PRINT "EU"	1500 IF QQX=4
,8,8,8,8	780 OLDXX=XX	1170 ENDPROC	THEN GCOL 0.0
460 VDU 23,236,28,28,28	790 OLDXXX=XXX	1180 REM **** DRAW FENCE	1510 PRINT "moo"
,28,28,28,28,28	800 ENDPROC	1100 UEU **** BUMM LEUCE	1520 ENDPROC
470 REM **** FENCE ****	810 REM **** DRAW ROAD	1190 DEF PROCFENCE	1530 REM **** DRAW WALL
480 VDU 23,237,170,170	****	1200 6COL 0,2	1330 UEU **** DUHM MHTT
,255,170,170,170,255	820 DEF PROCSCREEN1	1210 IF QQX=5	
,170	830 GCOL 0,3	THEN SCOL 0,0	1540 DEF PROCWALL
490 REM **** TRUCK ****	840 MOVE 0,534	1220 MOVE 0,600	1550 GCOL 0,7
500 VDU 23,238,0,120,68	:DRAW 1280,534	1230 FOR FENCEX=1 TO 20	1560 IF QQX=3
,68,68,68,124,254	850 MOVE 0,370	1240 VDU 237	THEN GCOL 0,0
510 VDU 23,239,254,255	:DRAW 1280,370	1250 NEXT	1570 MOVE 0,600 1580 FOR WALLX=1 TO 20
,255,255,245,247,20	860 FOR LX=1 TO 1280		1590 VDU 248
,8	STEP 100	1260 ENDPROC	1600 NEXT
520 REN **** COW ****	3,6, 100	1270 REM **** DRAW HOUSE	1610 VDU 11
530 VDU 23,240,0,0,0,4	870 MOVE LX,450	****	1620 GCOL 0,1
,4,4,2,1	:DRAW LX+30,450	1280 DEF PROCHOUSE	1630 IF QQX=3
540 VDU 23,241,0,0,0,0	880 NEXT	1290 BCOL 0,1	THEN GCOL 0,0
,0,8,8,200	890 ENDPROC	1300 MOVE 500,610	1640 FOR WALLX=1 TO 20
550 VDU 23,242,2,2,7,31	900 REM **** DRAW LAMPPOSTS	1310 FOR HOX=OTO 28	1650 VDU 249
,63,47,22,12	****	1320 READ AAX, BBX	1660 NEXT
560 VDU 23,243,240,160	910 DEF PROCLAMPPOST	1330 DRAW AAX+200,BBX+10	1670 GCOL 0,7
,160,224,248,126,255	920 GCDL 0,7	1340 DATA 340,600,380,620	1680 IF QQX=3
,191	930 MOVE 304,570	,380,680,360,700,320	THEN GCOL 0,0
570 VDU 23,244,0,0,0,0	:VDU 236,8,11,235	,680,340,660,300,660	1690 MOVE 0.570
,0,56,254,253	,8,11,235,8,11,234	,300,600,340,600,340	:DRAW 1300,570
580 VDU 23,245,9,6,0,0	940 MDVE 900,570	,660,380,680,340,660	1700 ENDPRDC
,0,0,0,0	:VDU 236,8,11,235	,320,680,300,660,300	
590 VDU 23,246,63,63,35	,8,11,235,8,11,234	,780,400,880,600,880	This listing is included in this month's cassette
,33,97,32,32,96	950 ENDPROC	,540,780,300,780,540	tape offer. See order
600 VIII 23 247 257 257	OAN DEM SASS NOAW TOURY	790 400 990 440 940	form on Page 47.

,540,780,300,780,540 tape offer. See order ,780,500,880,660,840 form on Page 47.

,780,600,880,660,840

600 VDU 23,247,253,253

960 REM **** DRAW TRUCK



Friendly book that's just that

The Friendly Computer Book, Jonathan Inglis, BBC Publications.

IT MAY seem strange, but the book I'm about to review isn't about the Electron at all. It's written for three other micros.

However, when I tell you that one of these is the BBC Micro then you might see why we're reviewing it in Electron User.

Most of what it says about the BBC Micro applies equally well to the Electron so it would be a pity not to mention it. After all, why should BBC Micro users have all the best books?

When I first saw The Friendly Computer Book and read the blurb on the back, I was against it straight away.

I was convinced it would be one of those computer books which confuses being simple with being simplistic, and explaining in easily understood main text.

people.
The fact that it had cartoons in it didn't help my prejudices, either.

terms with talking down to

Happily, though, when I actually got down to reading the book as opposed to reacting to it I got a very pleasant surprise.

I found that it really was the friendly and simple introduction to Basic programming that the blurb claimed it to be.

The book starts with a general introduction to the world of computing and explains some of the jargon used. Nowhere does it go into things too deeply, but what it has to say is thorough and makes sense.

It gives the answers to the sort of questions beginners have but feel too daft to ask.

It then goes on to cover keyboard skills and in the third chapter starts on programming proper.

The remaining ten chapters deal with Basic programming in simple, clear terms. New concepts are introduced gradually and logically and thoroughly explored in some delightful little programs.

The novice is painlessly lead through the early keywords (LIST, RUN and so on), loops, decision making, arrays and simple data handling onto simple sound, graphics and animation.

The presentation of the book is excellent. The listings are clear, the cartoons amus-

ing and helpful, and "Chip's Workshop" at the end of each chapter adds a nice, friendly and educational touch to the main text.

Each chapter also carries a summary of what it contains.

The only reservation I have is that as it's written to cover three micros (the BBC, RML380Z and the Spectrum) the programs don't make all that much use of the more advanced structures of BBC. Basic.

Still, in what is meant to be a very elementary beginner's book, I can't see that's any real fault.

In fact considering it covers three micros, each with different commands, the book is amazingly easy to follow, a tribute to whoever designed it.

So, all in all, an excellent little book that I would unhesitatingly recommend to those who find the more traditional type of textbook too daunting.

It may be a little too simple for some tastes but it's certainly one to bear in mind when buying a beginner's book for the young (and the not so young).

It is a very friendly guide to the basics of Basic and a gentle introduction to micros for newcomers, even if they have an Electron and the book was written for a different machine.

Peter Green

Quantity -and quality too!

40 Educational Games for the Electron, Vince Apps, Granada Publishing.

FORTY programs for less than £6 has got to be good value by any standards, but the real value of this book depends largely on the quality of those games.

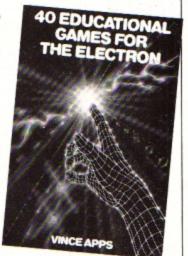
Here Vince Apps has written 40 assorted, simple programs, some of which could stand on their own.

The real purpose, I am sure, is to encourage young users to experiment with these basic modules, and so make them more suitable for their own particular needs.

In this respect the book is a winner as a few hints are given to develop each program, but not enough to overwhelm the inexperienced.

The book's range is wide, from geography to anagrams, from Morse code to chemical elements. There are several 'classic' games such as Simon and Mastermind, and a few novel ideas as well.

I would have liked to see a little more explanation of some



of the more unusual features (*FX calls for example), perhaps through greater use of REM statements.

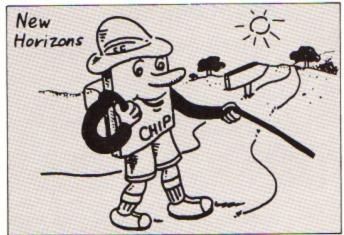
The more experienced programmer can always leave them out, while the less experienced would not need to be constantly referring back to the manual.

I also found some of the screen illustrations rather misleading — the program itself turning out to be rather different—although most were fair likenesses.

To end on a more positive note, the programs are excellent examples for any aspiring beginner, being well structured and often modular in construction.

Many children will have great fun using them, and will be learning almost by accident while they do!

Phil Tayler



Mr Chip from The Friendly Computer Book

ARE there times when no one pays any attention to you and you feel like you are talking to a brick wall?

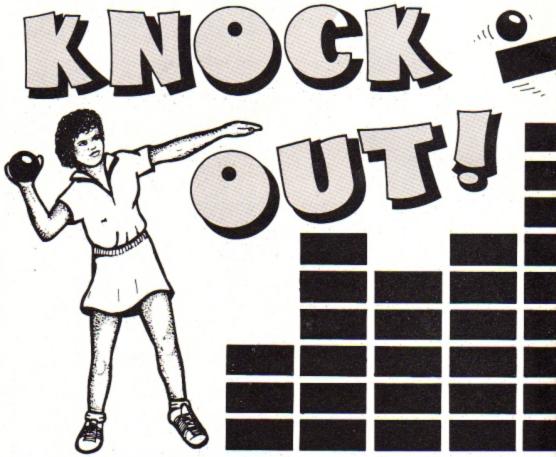
Well, cheer up, ROLAND WADDILOVE's program Knockout gives you the chance to get your own back!

Row after relentless row of brick walls creep up the screen. Your job is to stop any of them reaching the top.

You do this by sending a ball - which is merrily bouncing across the top of the screen - crashing into the marauding masonry.

It's easy to play as the space bar is the only control used throughout.

It's also great fun - a simple but thoroughly enjoyable game that will keep you at the keyboard for hours.



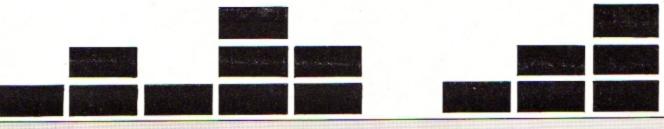
LOREM KNOCKOUT 20REM By R.A. Waddilove 30 40MODE 1 50PROCinitialise 60PROCinstructions 70MDDE 2 BOREPEAT 90PROCdifficulty 100PROCset variables 110REPEAT 120PROCeove ball 130PROCdrop ball 140PROCknockout bricks 150PROCcheck_top_line 160PROCmove wall 170UNTIL game_over 180PROClost 190PROCanother game 200UNTIL INSTR("Nn", key\$) 210PROCend 220MDDE 6 230END 240 250DEF PROCinitialise 260VDU 23,224,127,127,127,12 7,127,127,127,0 270VDU 23,225,16,32,64,255,6 4,32,16.0 280VDU 23,226,8,4,2,255,2,4,

290VDU 23,227,24,126,255,255 ,255,255,126,24 300ENVELOPE 1,2,4,-4,0,1,1,0 ,126,0,0,-126,126,126 310ENVELOPE 2,129,-1,0,0,100 ,0,0,126,0,0,-126,126,126 320*KEY10, "DLD: MRUN; M" 330*FX4.1 340*FX11.0 350*FX229.1 360brick\$=STRING\$(20,CHR\$224) -type% ELSE rows%=rows%+1 370best%=0 380ENDPROC 390 400DEF PROCset variables 410VDU 19,8,14;0;19,14,8;0; 420VDU 23,1,0:0:0:0:0: 430score%=0 : level%=3 440rows%=0 : type%=1 450game over=FALSE 460FDR iX=1 TO 3 470PROCmove_wall 480NEXT 490ENDPROC 500 510DEF PROCMOVE wall 520IF typeX=1 THEN PROCbrick s ELSE PROCSpaces 530PRINT TAB(0,31);next\$; 540COLOUR 7 550PRINT TAB(5,0); "SCORE="; s

core%'SPC(20); 560IF game over ENDPROC 570PRINT CHR\$226: TAB(19,2):C HR\$225 580ENDPROC 590 600DEF PROChricks 610COLOUR level%-2 620IF rows%=level% THEN rows %=0 : level%=level%+1 : type%= 630next\$=brick\$ 640ENDPROC 660DEF PROCSpaces 670IF rows%=10 THEN rows%=0 : type%=-type% ELSE rows%=rows 741 680next\$=STRING\$(20." ") 690ENDPROC 700 710DEF PROCmove ball 720x %=1 : y%=1 : direction %=1 730*FX15,1 740SOUND 1,-15,100,1 750REPEAT 7601F xX=0 DR xX=19 THEN dir ection% =-direction% : SOUND 1. -15,100,1 770newx%=x%+direction% 780VDU 31,x2,y2,32,31,newx2,

y1,227 790x%=newx% 800PROCpause (8) 810UNTIL INKEY0=32 820ENDPROC 830 840DEF PROCdrop ball **850REPEAT** 860VDU 31,x2,y2,32,31,x2,y2+ 1.227 870SOUND &11,-10,140-v2+4.5 880y%=y%+1 : PROCpause(8) 890point %=PDINT (x %+64+32,976 -32*y%) 900UNTIL v%=31 DR point% 910ENDPROC 920 930DEF PROCknockout bricks 940IF y%=31 ENDPROC 950SDUND 0,-15,4,1 960PRINT TAB(x2,y2); " "; 970v%=v%+1 980FOR j%=1 TO RND(level%)+1 990FDR i X=x X-j X TO x X+j X 1000IF POINT (12+64+32,1012-y% *32) >0 AND v2>0 THEN score2=sc ore%+9+speed% : PRINT TAB(11,0);score%; TAB(i%,y%); " "; : SOU ND 0,-15,4,2 1010NEXT 1020v%=v%-1

8.0



PROCEDURES

250 **PROCinitialise**

1720 **PROCinstructions** 1060

PROCdifficulty

400

PROCset_variables

PROCmove_ball

710

840 PROCdrop_ball

PROCknockout_bricks

1180 PROCcheck_top_line

Defines characters, envelope and switches off cursor and repeat.

Prints instructions.

Inputs speed of game.

Turns cursor off, sets level/score/ rows/type.

Moves ball back and forth along the top until the space bar is pressed.

Moves ball down the screen until brick hit or at bottom.

Rubs out bricks hit, increments score.

Checks to see whether wall has reached the top.

510 PROCmove_wall

1250 **PROClost**

1420

PROCanother_game

Prints either bricks or spaces along the bottom of the screen.

Makes appropriate sound, shows bricks at top.

Shows high score, asks whether you want to play again.

VARIABLES

x%, y% score% level% rows% type% bricks\$

best% direction%

speed% next\$

Ball coordinates. Score.

Maximum number of rows of bricks. How many rows printed at bottom.

Row of spaces or bricks. Row of bricks.

High score. 1 or -1, right or left. Speed of game.

Next row to be printed, either bricks or spaces.

1030NEXT 1040ENDPROC 1050 1060DEF PROCdifficulty 1070CLS : COLOUR 3 1080PRINT'''TAB(4); "What spe ed ?" 1090COLOUR 1 1100PRINT'TAB(4); *(1,2 or 3) 1110SOUND 1,-10,50,10 1120REPEAT 1130speed%=GET-48 1140UNTIL speed%(4 AND speed%

1150SOUND 1,-10,50,5 : CLS 1160ENDPROC

1170 1180DEF PROCcheck_top_line 1190yX=1012-3+32

1200FOR xX=32 TO 1248 STEP 64 1210IF POINT (x%, y%) game_over

=TRUE 1220NEXT 1230ENDPROC 1240

1250DEF PROCLost 1260speed%=1 : COLOUR 8 1270SDUND 1,1,50,40

1280SOUND 1,2,100,40 1290FOR xX=0 TO 19

1300IF POINT (x % +64+32, 1012-64) THEN PRINT TAB(xx,2); CHR\$224

: SOUND 1,-15,RND(100),10 1310NEXT

1320MDVE 0,948 : PLOT 21,1279

1330PR0Cpause (500)

1340ENDPROC 1350

1360DEF PROCpause (delay%) 1370TIME=0 : delay%=delay% DI

V speed% 1380REPEAT

1390UNTIL TIME>delav% 1400ENDPROC

1420DEF PROCanother game 1430CLS : COLOUR 3

1440IF best%(score% PROChi sc

1500COLOUR 1

1530REPEAT

1450CLS : COLDUR 6

1460PRINT "Best score: ";be

1470PRINT "By ... "; name\$; 1480SOUND 1,-10,50,10 1490PROCpause (300)

1510PRINT''' Do you want to play"'"again (Y or N) ?"; 1520SDUND 1,-10,50,10

1540key\$=GET\$

1550UNTIL INSTR("YyNn", key\$) 1560VDU 7 : CLS

1570ENDPROC

1580

1590DEF PROChi score 1600best%=score%

1610PRINT ""This is the bes t"""score so far !"

1620COLDUR 5

1630PRINT''' What is your na

ae ?"

1640COLOUR 1 1650PRINT "(up to 10 letters)

1660COLDUR 3 : VDU 23,1,1;0;0 ;0;

1670REPEAT

1680INPUT TAB(0,20); SPC(40); T AB(0,20):name\$

1690UNTIL LEN name\$(11 AND LE N name\$

1700ENDPROC

1710

1720DEF PROCinstructions 1730PRINT'TAB(14): "KNOCKOUT" TAB(13); "-----

1740COLOUR 2

1750PRINT' Try to stop the wa 11 advancing up the"" screen by knocking the bricks out wit h"' a canonball."

1760PRINT" The canonball mov es back and forth along" "the top of the screen until the sp ace"'"bar is pressed. It then drops down and"' "crashes int o the wall."

1770PRINT "There are three s peeds, 1 is the slowest" "and each brick is worth 10 points. One" "bonus point is given o n level 2, and two" bonus poi

nts are given on level 3." 1780COLDUR 1

1790 PRINT" Press the sp

ace bar to start ... ": 1800SOUND 1,-10,50,10 1810REPEAT

1820UNTIL GET=32 1830CLS

1840ENDPROC 1850

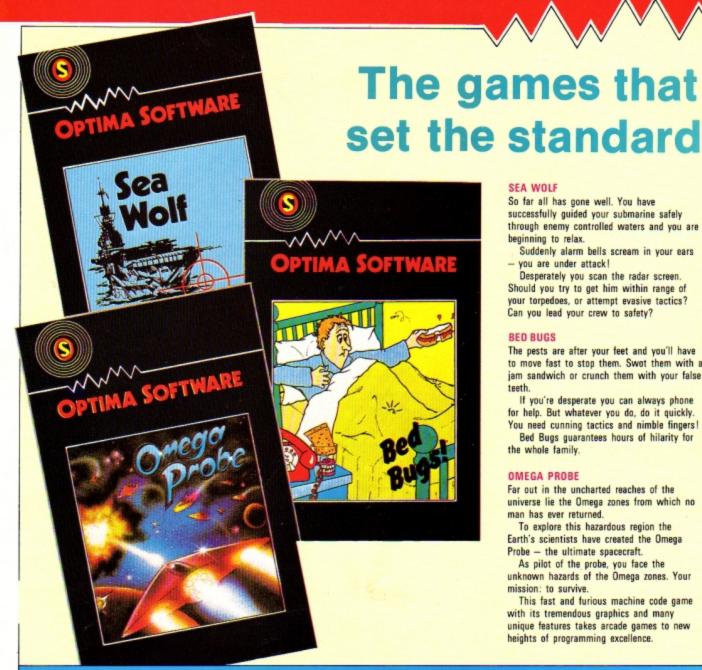
1860DEF PROCend 1870*FX4.0 1880*FX12,0

1890*FX229.0 1900ENDPROC

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this Signpoint Centronics Print Port!

HAVE you ever regretted the fact that your Electron can't use a printer? Have you gnashed your teeth with rage as users of other micros have flaunted beautiful listings, or the latest product of their word processors?

Well gnash no more – there are two Signpoint Centronics Print Ports to be won in this month's free competition.

And it couldn't be easier to enter. All you have to do is think up an idea for the Micro Kid cartoon strip and send it to

You don't even have to draw it, just tell us what's happening in each of the three frames. And even if you're not lucky enough to win, you might still see your idea in print.

form below to describe your Micro Kid strip.

Entries have to be received by August 31, 1984, and the judges decision will be final. The two most original and amusing cartoon strips will receive the Signpoint Print Ports.



WE HAVE A WINNER

REMEMBER the May competition where we asked you to think up the links between that month's Casting Agency characters? The prize was a Signpoint Joyport joystick interface.

We had lots of very clever entries, and picking the winner wasn't easy. Finally we settled on this poem from Paula Hatcher of Bognor Regis.

The Joyport is on its way to her.

Fred the Dragon's happy watching his TV, But the Devil's playing tricks as he's feeling crotchety. The TV set goes wrong and Fred's voice begins to quaver,

So you'd better fetch a brolly (and maybe a lifesaver), Because if Fred should start to cry, You've no hope of staying dry!

ELECTRON USER contest entry form

Fill in each frame below (in words or pictures) with your idea for the Micro Kid cartoon strip. Then send your entry to:

Print Port, Electron User Contest, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY. Name ______



Frame 1

Frame 2

Frame 3

See how your characters shape

THE idea for Character Shaper came when I was helping the Editor sort out some of the Casting Agency characters sent in by our readers.

Some of the diagrams showing how they were made

10 REM CHARACTER SHAPER

20 REM Nigel Peters

30 REM (C) Electron User

40 DIM byte\$(8)

50 PROCinput

60 PROCprint

70 END

80 DEF PROCinput

90 FOR row=1 TO 8

100 REPEAT

110 INPUT "Next number

"nueber

120 UNTIL number >= 0

AND number (=255

130 PROChinary (row, number)

140 NEXT FOW

150 ENDPROC

160 DEF PROCorint

170 FOR row=1 TO 8

180 PRINT TAB(5) byte\$(row)

190 NEXT row

200 ENDPROC

210 DEF PROChinary (row

,number)

220 FOR 100p=1 TO 8

230 IF number MOD 2=0

THEN byte\$(row)=""+byt

es(row)

240 IF number MOD 2=1

THEN bytes (row) = " + " + byt

es(row) 250 number=number DIV 2

260 NEXT 1000

270 ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

up were fairly small and had to be redrawn on a larger scale.

This took up quite a bit of time - especially since the Editor is no artist and seems to hate counting.

I decided that it would be far easier and more sensible if we got the Electron to do the work, so Character Shaper was created.

When you come across a VDU23 and you want to know how its grid is made up, you just run the program. It asks you to enter the numbers that define that character and the grid diagram then appears on the screen.

An asterisk means that that block is filled in, an apostrophe means that it's blank.

Alternatively you could say that the asterisks show the patches of foreground colour, the apostrophes the back-

Take the case of the Devil's Head in the May Casting Agency. The VDU23 statement is:

> VDU 23,225,66,90,126, 90,255,66,60,24

To see how the grid is made up we just run the program,

enter the last eight numbers of the VDU23 and Figure I appears on the screen.

From this, it's easy to fill in the grid. Figure II shows what the completed grid looks like.

So how does it work?

If you've ever thought about it, you may have wondered how just eight numbers after a VDU23 manage to define a character of eight rows, each row of which has eight blocks.

How does 255 produce a row of all foreground colours. and 0 produce all background as in Figure III?

And how does the Electron know that the number 3 means that only the last two blocks in the row are to be switched on?

The answer is that the Electron converts the number into an eight figure binary number.

This isn't as mathematical as it might sound. The binary number is just the same value as the normal number but it's made up of only 0s and 1s. In the binary system 255 is 11111111 while 3 is 00000011.

If you look back at Figure III you might notice that each of the eight blocks making up the row correspond to the binary number for that row.

The 1s in the binary number are in foreground colour, the Os are in background colour.

The Electron translates the decimal number 3 into an eight figure binary number 00000011. It uses the pattern of that binary number to decide which parts of the row are in foreground colour.

Figure IV shows this for the Devil's Head. Notice that the 1s of the binary number correspond to the blocks that are filled in.

Now let's have a look at Character Shaper which uses this principle to show how a user-defined character is made up.

The first three lines are just the usual boring old REM statements telling us what the program is, who wrote it and where it comes from. You don't need to type them in.

Line 40 uses a DIM statement to set up an array, byte\$. All this does is set up nine string variables, byte\$(0), byte(1), and so on to byte\$(8).

You'll notice that the variables that are DIMmed all

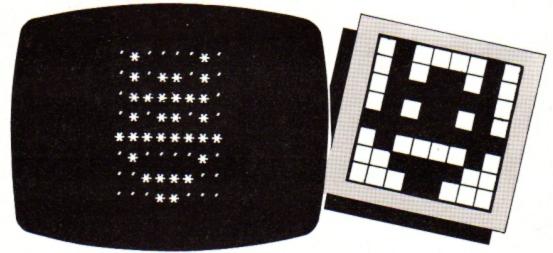


Figure 1: Foreground/background pattern

Figure II: Devil's Head grid

Program Probe

up

have names that are exactly the same except for the number in the brackets, the subscript. This comes in useful when you're doing the same sort of thing several times over in a loop.

Each of them is set to the null string, "", for the time being. The null string contains nothing, as you might guess from the fact that there is nothing between the inverted commas.

You'll see this array of variables in action later in the program.

Then come PROCinput and PROCprint and the program ENDs in line 70. In case you're wondering what all the lines from 80 onwards are doing, they're defining the procedures called in lines 50 and 60.

The parts of the program after the END can be looked on as appendices which the Electron consults when the main program calls a procedure such as PROCinput. It's these procedures that do the work.

When Character Shaper is run it reads lines 10, 20 and 30, ignores everything after the REM and goes on to line 40. This sets up the array byte\$() and then the program goes on to line 50.

Here the micro finds a single word, PROCinput. This tells the Electron to look for a procedure of that name, execute the lines that perform that procedure and then get on with the next line, line 60.

PROCinput is defined between lines 80 and 150. For the most part it consists of a FOR... NEXT loop using the loop variable row. All this does is to accept eight numbers from the INPUT of line 110 and pass each number to PROCbinary – of which more later.

As you might guess, the eight numbers you supply to the program are the eight figures that give the details of a user-defined character to a VDU23 statement.

These numbers will be translated into the block diagram later in the program.

The REPEAT... UNTIL loop of lines 100 and 120 just ensures that the numbers entered in response to line 110's prompt are in the right range.

This has to be from 0 to 255 – any other number has no relevance to a user-defined character.

If the number entered is out of range, the loop ensures that it is ignored and gives you another chance to enter the correct one.

PROCbinary is the part of the program that translates the numbers you enter into the symbols representing the foreground and background colours for each row.

The procedure is defined between lines 210 and 270 and consists of a FOR... NEXT loop which cycles eight times.

Two parameters are passed to the procedure, via the brackets after the procedure name, when the main program calls it.

The first is row, which as you might guess is the number of the row that the program is dealing with at the moment.

The second variable, number, is the number following the VDU23 which determines what the pattern of offs and ons for that row will be.

Lines 230 and 240 just use MOD and DIV to convert number into its binary form and store the result in byte\$(row). However instead of 0s and 1s the program uses apostrophes and asterisks to record the pattern.

If you don't quite follow the maths, have a look at Mike Bibby's Maths Workout in the April and May issues of Electron User.

When PROCinput has called PROCbinary eight times, we have the pattern for all eight rows that make up the user-defined characters. These are held in the variables byte\$(1), byte\$(2), and so on until byte\$(8).

All that PROCprint does is to display these on screen, one after the other, showing the patterns that make up that character. The apostrophe is the background colour, the asterisk the foreground.

So that's how it works. Just try and understand one procedure at a time and all will be made clear.

And now if you have a user-defined character and you want to see how it is made up, just run Character Shaper, enter the eight numbers that come after the VDU23 and your Electron will do the rest.

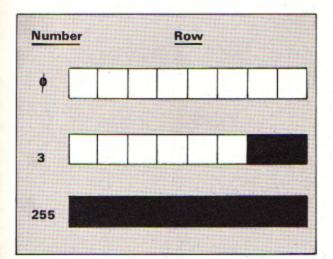


Figure III: How numbers in a VDU23 relate to row patterns

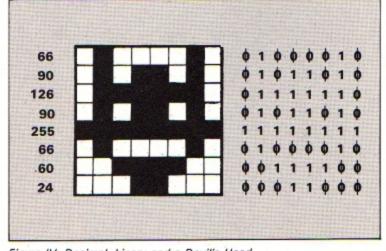


Figure IV: Decimal, binary and a Devil's Head



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Somewhere in a strange and dangerous land lies a fabulous treasure guarded by a fierce dragon. Can you survive the perils that await and recover the treasure or will you meet a nasty end!! What is making terrible slurping noises deep underground and what use is the strange black cloud? Play the game and find out.

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Do you want to enter your own words or use the pre-set ones (AUTO or MAN)?AUTO Please enter time delay (1-displayed only for a very short time 10 9-displa-ed for a much longer time)?1

How many words will you require?2 What is the child's first name?EILEEN

SUPBR~ SPRIOR

Bv NEIL GRAHAM

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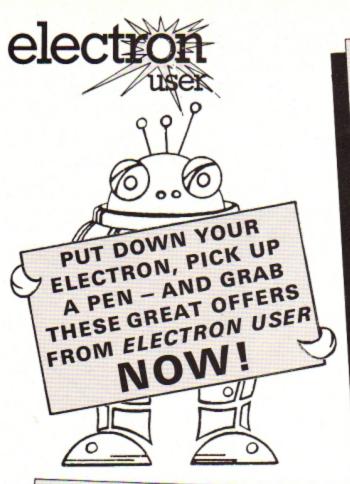
So type it in and try it out. It mite improof yor speling.

SUPER SPELL

This is for PARENT/SUPERVISOR. PLEASE ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS: totenter Yauroom Manda Man enter time ter time delay (1-displayed a very short time TO 9-displa-much longer time)?3

How many words will you require?23 What is the child's first name?SUSAN Now type in all the words you require.

Turn to Page 58



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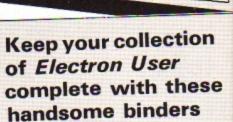
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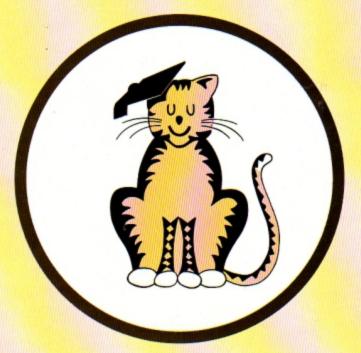
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Castles of Sand listing

From Page 33	LOUR3: COLOUR130: SANDX=SANDX+	LEASE ENTER YOUR NAME!!"+STR ING\$(9,CHR\$32)	1660DEFPROCiinit 1670LEVEL%=1
300VDU23,237,0,50,4,28,4,4	750PRINTTAB(B%,A%);N\$;	1290FORAX=1TO39	1680SX=0
,4,0	760PX(BX,AX)=NX	1300PRINTTAB(AX,0); CHR\$229	1690PRINT*What level? 1-3*
310VDU23,238,0,60,36,60,36	770CDLOUR128	1310FDRA=0TD250	A STATE OF THE RESERVE AND A STATE OF THE RESERV
	780NEXT.	AND ADDRESS OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF	1700REPEAT
,36,60,0	790PRINTSTRING\$(40,CHR\$32)	1320NEXT	1710H%=VALGET\$
320VDU23,239,0,60,36,60,4,	/70FKINISIKINS\$(40,CHK\$32)	1330SDUND1,-15,150,1	1720UNTILH%>OANDH%<4
4,4.0	CAARDI RUDATA	1340PRINTTAB(A%,0);MID\$(M\$,	
330VDU23,240,0,0,48,76,135	BOOCDLOUR131	A%,1);CHR\$229	1740ENDPROC
,3,0,0	810PRINTSPC(20)	1350NEXT	1750DEFPROCinit
340V9U23,241,0,0,110,255,2	820PROCbarrage(25-LEVEL%)	1360PRINTTAB(10,3+CX+2);SPC	1760BDNUS%=1500
48,159,6,0	830CDLOUR128	(20)	1770XX=9
350VDU23,242,0,0,111,252,2	840COLOUR2	1370INPUTTAB(10,3+C%+2)H\$(C	1780YX=16
40,156,15,0	850PRINTTAB(0,29); "SCORE:"	X)	1790CX%=0
360DIMP%(19,26),W%(19),H%(""BONUS: BEACH:";	1380IFLEN(H\$(C%))>10ANDINST	1800CYX=0
10),H\$(10)	860PROCinit	R(H\$(C%),CHR\$32) H\$(C%)=LEFT	1810WPX=9
370F0RAX=0T010	870PROCtext	\$(H\$(C%),INSTR(H\$(C%),CHR\$32	1820XDX=0
380H%(A%)=(10-A%)*50	880PRDCdraw(0,0)))ELSEIFLEN(H\$(CX))>10 H\$(CX	1830YDX=-1
390H\$(A%)="Electron User"+	890REPEAT)=LEFT\$(H\$(C%),10)	1840CRX=0
CHR\$32+CHR\$240+CHR\$242	900FORAX=1TGHX	1390IFMID\$(H\$(C%),1,1)>="0"	1850FASTX=-1
400NEXT	910NPX=WPX+1	ANDMID\$(H\$(CZ),1,1)(="9" H\$(1860WXX=0
410LE\$="Z"	920IFWPX=20 WPX=0		1870WYX=0
420RI\$="X"	930PROCWave	CX)=H\$(VAL(MID\$(H\$(CX),1,1))	
430UP\$=":"	940PROCmove	1400H\$(CX)=H\$(CX)+CHR\$32+CH	1880WORMX=1
440DD\$="/"	950NEXT	A STREET OF STREET STREET, STREET STREET, STRE	1890WAVEX=1
450TT\$="ZX:/PSFQW"	960PROCmove	R\$229	1900SOUNDO,1,5,50
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.		1410PROCscores	1910ENDPROC
460REPEAT	970PROCmove	1420REPEATUNTILGET=32	1920DEFPROCtext
470MDDE6	980IFRND(3)=1 BONUS%=BONUS	1430IFINKEY(-2) PROCsave	1930CDLOUR1
480PROCiinit	7-1	1440RESTORE	1940PROCnum(S%,6,29)
490REPEAT	990COLOUR1	1450UNTILO	1950PROCnum(BONUS%,6,31)
500MDDE5	1000PROCnum (BONUS%, 6,31)	1460DATA"BSSSSSSSCSCSCSSSSS	1960PROCnum(LEVELX,17,31)
510PROCc	1010UNTILDEADXORSANDX=0	SB"	1970ENDPROC
520VDU19,1,3,0,0,0,19,2,1,	1020H%=H%+1	1470DATA"BBSSSSSCCCCCSSSSS	1980DEFPROCnum(N%, X, Y)
0,0,0,19,3,4,0,0,0	1030PROCtext	88"	1990S\$=STR\$(N%)
530SANDX=0	1040IFDEADX=0 PROCrestore	1480DATA"BBBSSSSSCCCCCSSSSB	2000T\$=""
540FDRA%=0T019	1050UNTILDEAD%	BB"	2010FORLOOP%=1TOLENS\$
550P%(AX,1)=1	1060SDUND&10,-15,4,40	1490DATA"BBBBSSSSCCCCCSSSBB	2020T\$=T\$+CHR\$ (ASC (MID\$ (S\$
560WX(AX)=1	1070C0L0UR128	88"	LOOP%,1))+182)
570NEXT	1080C0L0UR3	1500DATA"BBBBSSSSCCCCCSSSBB	2030NEXT
580F0RA%=0T09	1090FDRB%=0T026	BB*	2040IFN%=0 T\$=CHR\$230
590P% (AX, 2) =1	1100FORA%=0T019	1510DATA"BBBBSSSSCCCCCSSSBB	2050PRINTTAB(X,Y);T\$;
600WX(AX)=2	1110P% (AX, B%) =0	BB*	2060IFX=6ANDY=310RX=6ANDY=2
610NEXT	1120PRINTTAB(AX, BX); CHR\$224	1520DEFPROCbarrage(BX)	9 PRINTSPC(1):
620COLOUR3	1130NEXT.	1530COLOUR129	2070ENDPROC
630PRINTSTRING\$(50,CHR\$224	1140MDDE6		The same of the last of the la
);	The same of the sa	1540FORAX=OTOBX	2080DEFPROCwave
640COLOUR1	1150IFS%(=H%(10) GDT01410	1550REPEAT	2090PROCNOTA
650F0RA%=0T0350	1160CX=11	1560XX=RND(19)-1	2100IFWPX=0 WAVEX=(WAVEX+1)
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	1170REPEAT	1570Y%=3+RND(8)	MOD2: IFWAVEX=0 SDUND&10,1,5
660VDU32	1180CX=CX-1	1580UNTILP%(X%,Y%)=OANDP%(X	50
670NEXT	1190UNTILHX(CX)>SXORCX=0	X+1,YX)=OANDPX(XX+1,YX+1)=OA	2110IFW%(WP%)=26 ENDPROC
680FDRAX=20TD25	1200CX=CX+1	NDPX(XX,YX+1)=0	2120T%=P%(WP%, W%(WP%)+1)
690READA\$	1210FDRAX=10TOCX+1STEP-1	1590P%(X%,Y%)=3	2130IFT%=0 W%(WP%)=W%(WP%)+
700F0RB%=0T019	1220HX(AX)=HX(AX-1)	1600P%(XX+1,Y%)=3	1: COLOUR3: PRINTTAB (WP%, W% (WF
710B\$=MID\$(A\$,BX+1,1)	1230H\$(A%)=H\$(A%-1)	1610P%(XX+1,YX+1)=3	%));CHR\$224:P%(WP%,W%(WP%)):
720IFB\$="B" N\$=CHR\$32:N%=3	1240NEXT	1620P%(X%,Y%+1)=3	1:ENDPROC
:COLOUR129	1250H%(C%)=S%	1630PRINTTAB(XX,YX);SPE(2);	2140IFT%(30RT%)5 ENDPROC
7301FB\$="S" N\$=CHR\$32:N%=0	1260*FX12	TAB(XX, YX+1); SPC(2)	2150IFLEVEL%>15 NX=0 ELSEN
:COLOUR1	1270PROCscores	1640NEXT	
7401FB\$="C" N\$="x":N%=2:C0	1280M\$=STRING\$(7,CHR\$32)+*P	1650ENDPROC	-

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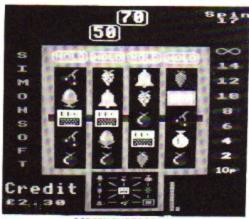
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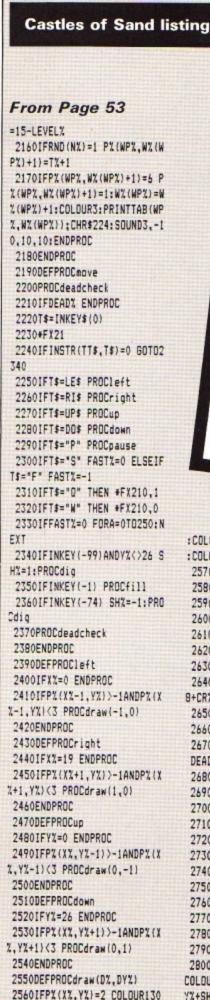
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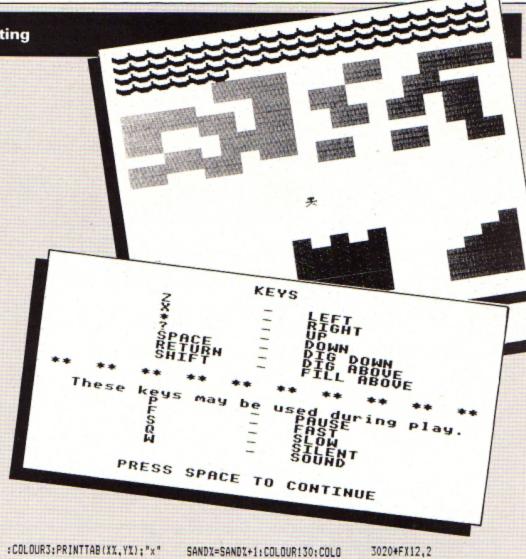


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:COLOUR128:GOT02590 2570COLOUR1 2580PRINTTAB(XX, YX); SPC(1) 2590COLOUR2 2600XX=XX+DX 2610YX=YX+DYX 2620XDX=DX 2630YDX=DYX 2640PRINTTAB(X%, Y%); CHR\$(22 8+CR%) 2650ENDPROC 2660DEFPROCdeadcheck 26701FBONUS%(10RP%(X%,Y%)=1 DEADX=-1 ELSEDEADX=0 2680ENDPROC 2690DEFPROCdiq 2700D%=P%(X%,Y%+SH%) 2710IFD%<>3ANDD%<>6 ENDPROC 27201FD%=6ANDH%=4 ENDPROC 2730IFCRX=1 ENDPROC 2740FORN%=0T02 2750FDRM%=0TD3 2760SOUND2,-15,50,0 2770NEXT 2780SOUND2.0.0.5 2790NEXT 28001FDX=3 PX(XX, YX+SHX)=0:

COLOUR1: COLOUR128 ELSEPX(XX.

YX+SHX) = 2: SX=SX-24: PROCtext:

2810IFDX=3 PRINTTAB(XX,YX+S H%); SPC(1) ELSEPRINTTAB(X%, Y %+SH%): "x" 2820CR%=1 2830CDLOUR1 2840COLOUR128 2850PROCdraw(0,0) 2840ENDPROC 2870DEFPROCfill 2880IFYX-1=-1 ENDPROC 2890D%=P%(X%,Y%-1) 29001FD%(>0ANDD%(>20RCR%=0 ENDPROC 2910SDUND2,-10,10,10 29201FDX=0 PX(XX,YX-1)=3 EL SE P%(XX, YX-1)=6:SX=SX+25:SA NDX=SANDX-1:SOUND2,-10,5.10: PROCtext 2930CR%=0 2940PROCdraw(0.0) 2950D%=P%(X%,Y%-1) 2960COLOUR129 2970PRINTTAB(XX, YX-1); CHR\$(32) 2980COL DUR128 2990ENDPROC 3000DEFPROCend

3010*FX12

3030REPORT 3040PRINT" at line ": ERL 3050END 3060DEFPROCrestore 3070RESTORE1460 3080F0RB%=0T025 3090F0RAX=0T019 3100P% (AX, B%) =0 3110NEXT. 3120LEVEL%=LEVEL%+1 3130F0RA=0T0255STEP0.2 3140SOUND1,-15,A,0 3150SOUND2,-15,255-A,0 3160NEXT 3170VDU19.3.0.0.0.0 3180F0RA%=-15T00 3190SDUND1, AX, 100,1 3200SOUND1.A%.101.1 3210SOUND1, A%, 100, 1 322050UND1,A%,99,1 3230NEXT 3240COLOUR1 3250F0RA%=0T0252STEP13 3260FDRB%=225T0227 3270A\$=STRING\$(4,CHR\$(BX))+ CHR\$32+STRING\$ (5, CHR\$ (B%)) 3280PRINTTAB (5,16); A\$

Run rings around your screen with MIKE COOK'S . . .

THE FAST **ELLIPSE**

10 REM (C) ELECTRON USER

20 DAFT=FALSE

30 REPEAT

40 MODE 1

50 PRINT TAB(0,15); "THE

FAST ELLIPSE"

60 PRINT

70 PRINT "By Mike Cook"

80 PROC HOLD

90 MODE 0

100 FOR I=400 TO 0 STEP -40

110 PROC ELLIPSE (640,512

.400.I.90.401

120 PROC_ELLIPSE (640,512

,400,1,0,40)

130 NEXT

140 PROC HOLD

160 PROC ELLIPSE 1640,512

,(I+20) *2,100,I,40)

150 FOR I=30 TO 250 STEP 10

170 NEXT

180 PROC HOLD

190 FOR I=1 TO 180 STEP 10

200 PROC ELLIPSE (640.512

,400,100,1,40)

210 NEXT 220 PROC HOLD

230 UNTIL DAFT

240 DEF PROC HOLD

250 FOR A=1 TO 9000

260 NEXT

270 CLS

280 ENDPROC

290 REM XX, YX THE CO-ORDNATS

OF THE CENTER

300 REM MAX THE SEMI-MAJOR

AXIS

310 REM MIT THE SEMI-MINOR

AXIS

320 REM I THE INCLNATION

IN DEGREES

330 REM NX THE NUMBER OF

POINTS

340 DEF PROC_ELLIPSEIXX

, YZ, MAZ, MIZ, I, NZ)

350 LOCAL P,C1,S1,C2,S2

,C3,S3,AX,XTX,YTX,T

, X1, Y1

360 P=2*P1 /(NZ-1)

370 I=RAD (1)

390 C1=C05 (I)

390 S1=SIN (1)

400 C2=COS (P)

410 S2=SIN (P)

420 C3=1

430 93=0

440 FOR AX=1 TO NX

450 X1=MAX+C3

460 Y1=M17+S3

470 XTX=XX+X1+C1-Y1+S1

480 YTX=YX+X1*S1+Y1*C1

490 IF AZ=1

THEN MOVE XTZ, YTZ

ELSE DRAW XTX, YTX

500 T=C3+C2-S3+S2

510 S3=S3*C2+C3*S2

520 C3=T

530 NEXT

540 ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

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Castles of Sand listing

From Page 55

3290SDUND1,-15,AX+BX-224.1 3300FORA=OTO100:NEXT 3310NEXT. 3320PRINTTAB(5,16); "Well Do ne!" 3330SOUND1,-15,50,10 3340SX=SX+BONUSX 3350PROCtext 3360FDRA=0T010000 3370NEXT 3380ENDPROC 3390DEFPROCscores 3400CLS 3410*FX15 3420PRINTSPC(3)"T 0 D A Y ' S": SPC(3): "G R E A T E S T 3430F0RA%=1T010 3440PRINTTAB(0,3+A%+2):H%(A %); "....."; TAB(10,3+A%* 2);H\$(A%);SPC(20); 3450NEXT 3460ENDPROC 3470DEFPROCoause 3480F0RA=0T0100 3490NEYT 3500REPEATUNTILGET\$="P" 3510ENDPROC 3520DEFPROCsave 3530CLS 3540PRINT"Do you want to Lo ad or Save? L/S" 3550REPEATG\$=GET\$ 3560UNTIL6\$="L"OR6\$="S" 3570PRINT*Put the tape in t he right place." "Then press SDACE. " 35801FG\$="L" 60T03670 3590REPEATUNTILGET=32 3600FX=OPENOUT ("H. SCO. SAND" 3610F0RA%=0T09 3620PRINT#F%, H% (A%), H\$ (A%) 3630NEXT 3640CLOSE#F% 3650VDU7 3660ENDPROC 3670F%=OPENIN("H. SCO. SAND") 3680F0RA%=0T09 3690INPUT#F%, H% (A%), H\$ (A%) 3700NEXT 3710CLOSE#F% 3720VDU7 3730ENDPROC 3740DEFPROCWOFE

3750IFWXX=OANDWYX=OANDRND(1

00)()1 ENDPROC

37601FWXX=0ANDWYX=0 WYX=12+ RND(4): IFP%(0, WY%)(>00RP%(1. WY%) <>OORP%(2, WY%) <>OORP%(3, WYZ) <>O ENDPROC 3770IFWORMX=OANDRND(2)=1 WX 3780IFWXX=17 PRINTTAB(WXX,W YX); SPC(3):PROCfillup:WXX=0: WYX=0: ENDPROC 3790WORMX=(WORMX+1)MOD2 3800W\$=CHR\$240+CHR\$(241+WDR 47) 3810COLOUR2 3820PRINTTAB(WXX, WYX): SPC(1 3830IFP%(WX%, WY%)=1 COLOUR3 :PRINTTAB(WXX.WYX):CHR\$224 38401FXX>WXX-1ANDXX<WXX+4AN DYX=WYX BONUSX=BONUSX-2:CRX= 0 3850IFX%>WX%-1ANDX%(WX%+4AN DYZ=WYZ 38601FP%(WX%+3.WY%)<>OANDP% (WXX+3.WYX)()1 GDT03880 3870ENDPROC 38801FPX(WXX+3,WYX)(>3 PRIN TTAB(WXX+1, WYX): SPC(2): WXX=0 :WYX=0:ENDPROC 3890P%(WXX+3.WYX)=0 3900PRINTTAB(WXZ, WYZ); SPC(4 3910WXX=0 3920WYX=0 3930ENDPROC 3940DEFPROCfillup 3950COLOUR3 3960FORZ%=WX%T019 39701FP%(Z%, WY%)=1 PRINTTAB (ZY, WYY): CHR\$224 3980NEXT 3990ENDPROC 4000DATA*NFFFFLFFSSSSFFBBI M LLLSSSSBLLFFMLTFSSSSBTBBRMLL RSSSSBLFBFMFFFSSSSFLNN" 4010DATA*SFFFOSSSSFFFFSSSSL BBBSSSSLBBBSSSSFFBBSSSSFFBBS SSSRBBBSSSSRBBBSSSSFBBFSSSSF 4020DEFPROCtitles 4030F\$=CHR\$224 4040S\$=CHR\$32 4050RESTORE4000 4060CLS 4070READA\$ 4080FORAX=1TOLENAS 4090B\$=NID\$ (A\$.A%.1)

4100IFB\$="S" PRINTS\$:

F\$:

4110IFB\$="F" PRINTS\$:F\$:F\$:

41201FB\$="L" PRINTS\$:F\$:S\$: 4130IFB\$="R" PRINTS\$; S\$; S\$; F\$: 41401FB\$="B" PRINTS\$; F\$; S\$; F\$: 41501F8\$="T" PRINTS\$; F\$; F\$; 41601FB\$="M" PRINTS\$; S\$; F\$; 4170IFB\$="N" PRINT 4180NEXT 4190READA\$ 4200FORA%=1TOLENA\$ 4210B\$=MID\$(A\$,A%,1) 4220IFB\$="S" PRINTS\$: S\$: 42301FB\$="F" PRINTS\$; S\$; F\$; F\$:F\$:F\$:F\$;F\$; 4240IFB\$="L" PRINTS\$; \$\$; F\$; F\$; S\$; S\$; S\$; S\$; 42501FB\$="R" PRINTS\$; S\$; S\$; 55: S5: S5: F5: F5: 4260IFB\$="B" PRINTS\$; \$\$; F\$; F\$: S\$: S\$: F\$: F\$: 4270IFB\$="T" PRINTS\$; S\$; F\$; F\$;F\$;F\$;S\$;S\$; 42801FB\$="0" PRINTS\$: S\$: F\$: F\$:F\$:F\$:F\$:5\$: 42901FB\$="M" PRINTS\$; S\$; S\$; S\$;F\$;F\$;S\$;S\$; 4300IFB\$="N" PRINT 4310NEXT 4320PRINT " TAB(18); "By" "TAB(12); "Martin Hollis" 4330PROCspc 4340ENDPROC 4350DEFPROCSOC 4360PRINT 'SPC(8): "PRESS SP ACE TO CONTINUE" 4370REPEAT 4380UNTILGET=32 4390CLS 4400ENDPROC 4410DEFPROCinstr 4420PRINT" "The object of t he game is to fill in" "the sand castle with sand from t he"'"beach. The sea is advan cing slowly" "towards the bo ttom of the screen. "'Any sa nd it meets is slowly washed " "away but don't worry, the sea can't" 4430PRINT"eat your castle -

but it will wash" "away any

other sand it meets!"" "You

must position the man above

or"'"below the sand you wan

t to dig and"'"then pick it

up in your bucket. When""yo u drop the sand it fills in the" 4440PRINT"block directly ab ove you. Everytime"'"you fil 1 in a block of the castle"' "you score 25 points." 4450PROCSOC 4460PRINT "When you've use d all the sand at" "each sid e you can collect more from" "the top of the screen but beware the" "hungry sandworm crossing your path!"" If he catches you when your bucke t 15" 4470PRINT"full he will eat your sand. However" "you are still alive to dig for more "You can only die if the sea drowns"'"you or if your bonus falls to zero.""When you die the Hiscore Table i 4480PRINT"displayed. If you wish to SAVE the" "Hiscore Table for another day" "PRES S (CTRL SPACE). " 4490PRDCspc 4500PRINTTAB(18,2) "KEYS" 4510FDRAX=4TD10 4520READL\$.W\$ 4530PRINTTAB(10,A%); L\$; TAB(19,A%);"-";TAB(23,A%);W\$ 4540NEXT 4550PRINT'STRING\$(10,CHR\$32 +***"+CHR\$32) 4560PRINTSPC(3): "These keys may be used during play." 4570FDRAX=15TD19 4580READL\$.W\$ 4590PRINTTAB(10.A%):L\$:TAB(19,AX); "-"; TAB(23,AX); W\$ 4500NEXT 4610PROCSOC 4620ENDPROC 4630DATAZ, LEFT, X, RIGHT, *. UP ,?,DOWN,SPACE,DIG DOWN,RETUR N.DIG ABOVE, SHIFT, FILL ABOVE ,P,PAUSE,F,FAST,S,SLOW,Q,SIL ENT. W. SOUND 4640DEFPROCC 4650VDU23;8202:0:0:0: 4660ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.

From Page 45 10 REM **************** ****** 20 REM ## ## 30 REM ++ Super-Spell ** 40 REM ## by N. Graham ** 50 REM ** ** 56 REM ## ## 60 REM ** For ELECTRON User (C) ++ 70 REM ## ## 80 REM ************** 90 MODE 6 :REM #PUT IT IN MODE 100 PROCinit 110 PROCscreen 120 PROCtest 130 PROCuessage 140 PROCend 150 END 160 DEF PROCinit 170 REM -=-=- ON ERROR GOTO ERL =-=-= 175 appinter=630 180 number=1 190 tempo=0 200 CLS 210 VDU 19,1,2,0,0,0 220 LET prog\$="SUPER SPELL" 230 PRINT * ":prog\$ 240 PRINT " ******** 250 PRINT "This is for PARENT/SUPERVISOR. 260 PRINT 'PLEASE ANSWER

THESE QUESTIONS: * 270 INPUT '*Do you want to enter your own words or use the pre-set ones (AUTO or MAN) ", which\$ 280 IF which = "AUTO" OR which = "auto" OR which = "MAN" OR which = "man" THEN GOTO 290 **ELSE 60TO 270** 290 INPUT '*Please enter time delay (1-displaye d only for a very short time TO 9-displa - ed for a much longer time)",tempo

This listing was produced using a special formatter which breaks one program line over several lines of listing. When entering a line don't press Return until you come to the next line number. Full details of the formatter are given on Page 4 of the February issue.

	THEN 60TO 290
310	INPUT "How many words
	will you require"
	number
320	IF number (1
	THEN GOTO 310
330	INPUT "What is the
	child's first name"
	,child\$
340	IF which = "AUTO"
	OR which = "auto"
	THEN PROCdata
350	IF which\$="AUTO"
	OR which = "auto"
	THEN GOTO 440
360	PRINT "Now type in
	all the words you
	require."
370	DIM word\$(number)
380	DIM special\$(number)
	FOR A=1 TO number
	INPUT "word ",word\$(A)
410	B=LEN (word\$(A))
	IF B(2
	THEN PRINT "Error.Try
	again."
	:60TO 400
430	NEXT A
440	CLS
450	SOUND 1,-10,100,10
	:SOUND 1,-10,200,5
460	PRINT "Thank you very
	much.Press any key
	to begin the test."
	correct=0
	LET A=GET
	ENDPROC
	DEF PROCdata
	line=RND(7)
	lineb=INT (line)
530	IF lineb=-1
	THEN LET apointer=600
	:IF lineb=1 OR lineb=2
	OR lineb=0
	THEN LET apointer=610
272	IF lineb=3 DR lineb=4
	THEN LET apointer=620
	:IF lineb=5 OR lineb=6
	THEN LET apointer=630
538	RESTORE apointer

550 DIM word\$(number)

560 DIM special\$(number)

```
570 FOR A=1 TO number
580 READ word$(A)
    : IF word$ (number) =
    ****
    THEN RESTORE 600
590 NEXT A
600 DATA ACCEPT, CEREAL
     EXPENSE.LILIES.PNEUMAT
    IC, SKILFUL, ACCIDENTALLY
    ,CEREMONY, EXPLANATION
    ,LITERATURE, POISONOUS
     .SOLICITOR
610 DATA ACCOMMODATION
    .CHANGEABLE.EXTRAVAGANT
    ,POSSESSED, SPEECH
    ,ACHE, CHOOSE, EXTREMELY
    ,PREFERRED,STONY,ACQUAI
    NTANCE, CHOSE
620 DATA FASCINATING, LOVABL
    E, PREPARATION, SUCCESFUL
    ,ACROSS, COCONUT, FEBRUAR
    Y, MAINTENANCE, PRINCIPAL
    LY, "SURELY"
630 DATA RHYME, PAID, PEASANT
    , REMEMBRANCE, ACCASION
    ,REGARD, NINETEEN, METAPH
    OR, BURIED, GUARD, OBLIGE
    , DISGUST, PARLIAMENT
    "MINIATURE"
640 DATA GRAMMAR, RIPE
    ,SATELLITE, WALLABY
    .YACHT, PIGEON, MOUSTACHE
    , VEHICLE, DISAPEAR
    ,EVAPOURATE, FULFILED
    , "PERFORMANCE", "**"
650 ENDPROC
660 DEF PROCecreen
670 CLS
680 VDU 19,7,1,0,0,0
690 PRINT .
         ":prog$
700 PRINT *
         ********
710 PRINT "Hello, "; child$;
    ", are you all right
720 INPUT a$
```

730 PRINT

**

740 IF a\$="YES" OR a\$=

THEN PRINT "Good, I'a

very glad to hear

```
that."
     ELSE PRINT "Oh. I'a
      very sad to hear that!
 750 PRINT ""Oh well, lets
      get on with the quiz."
 760 PRINT "Press any key
      to begin."
 770 LET A=GET
 780 ENDPROC
 790 DEF PROCtest
 800 VDU 19,7,3,0,0,0
 810 CLS
 820 PRINT "
          ":prog$
 830 PRINT "
          *********
 840 FOR A=1 TO number
 850 PRINT '"Type the word..
 860 PRINT word$(A)
 870 FOR limit=1 TO (tempo*5
     00)
 880 NEXT limit
 890 PRINT TAB(0.4)"
900 PRINT "NOW!"
910 PRINT '''
 920 INPUT answer$
 930 IF answer$()word$(A)
    THEN PRINT "WRONG! It
     should have been ":wor
     d$ (A)
    :LET special$(A)="WRONG
    :SOUND 1.-15.1.5
    ELSE PRINT "CORRECT! Ver
    y good ";child$
    :correct=correct+1
    :special$(A) = "CORRECT!"
    :SOUND 1,-15,200,5
 940 PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY
      TO CONTINUE"
 950 B=GET
 960 CLS
 970 PRINT "
          ":prog$
980 PRINT *
          ********
990 NEXT A
1000 VDU 19,7,4,0,0,0
1010 ENDPROC
1020 DEF PROCeessage
1030 CLS
1040 PRINT *
          ":prog$
1050 PRINT *
1060 PRINT "Well "; child$;
```

29

300 IF tempo <1 OR tempo

" you scored" 1070 PRINT 'correct;" out of ";number 1080 PRINT "Do you think this score is good or bad" 1090 INPUT thoughts 1100 IF thought\$ = "6000" OR thought\$ ="good" OR thought\$ ="BAD" OR thought = "bad" THEN SOTO 1110 **ELSE GOTO 1030** 1110 INPUT '"Did you enjoy it",enjoy\$ 1120 IF enjoy\$="YES" OR enjoy\$="Y" THEN PRINT "Good. I'm glad about that." ELSE PRINT "Oh. I's sorry. I'll try harder next time!" 1130 PRINT "Anyway it is time for me to see VOUE parent or teacher so 800DBYE

";child\$:" hope I see you again soon!" 1140 INPUT "PRESS (RETURN) WHEN HE OR SHE COMES"A 1150 ENDPROC 1160 DEF PROCend 1170 CLS 1180 VDU 19,7,2,0,0,0 1190 PRINT * ":prog\$ 1200 PRINT ******** 1210 PRINT 'child\$;" got ";correct;" out of ":number: " at SUPER-SP ELL" 1220 PRINT "In his opinion he was ":thought\$ 1230 PRINT "THESE WERE THE WORDS HE WAS TESTE D ON: 1240 PRINT 1250 FOR A=1 TO number 1260 PRINT SPC (12); word\$(A) ;TAB(30);special\$(A)

1270 NEXT A 1280 PRINT "PRESS SPACE BAR TO CONTINUE" 1290 REPEAT : A=GET :UNTIL A=32 1300 CLS 1310 PRINT * ":prog\$ 1320 PRINT 1330 PRINT "Do you wish to re-run this program 1340 INPUT A\$ 1350 IF A\$="Y" DR A\$="YES" THEN RUN 1360 INPUT "Are you sure (Y/N) *A\$ 1370 IF A\$="N" OR A\$="NO" THEN RUN 1380 REM *************** 1390 REM ## ## 1400 REM ** SELF DESTRUCT ** 1410 REM ** ** 1420 REM *************

1430 PRINT '"I am now 'self destructing' there will be no trace of me in memory" 1435 FOR delay=1 TD 500 :NEXT delay 1440 CLEAR : MODE 6 1450 +FX 138.0.78 1460 #FX 138,0,69 1470 +FX 138,0,87 1480 +FX 138.0.13 1500 REM ## ## 1510 REM ++ THE END ++ 1520 REM ## ## 1540 FND :END : END

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 47.



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Personal Software - Autumn 1983.

EDUCATIONAL 2 Although similar to Educational 1 this tape is more advanced and

aimed at 7 to 12 year olds. The tape includes MATH1, MATH2, AREA, MEMORY, CUBECOUNT and SPELL.

FUN WITH NUMBERS 28.00 This program will teach and test basic counting, addition and subtraction to 4 to 7 years olds. The tape includes COUNT, ADD, SUBTRACT and ROCKET MATHS an arcade type game to

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... Very good indeed'... A&B Computing – Jan/Feb 1984.

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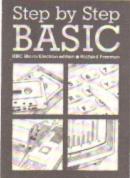
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Micro Messages

Joy for First Byte interface owners!

DUE to further development work, owners of the First Byte Joystick interface can now use it with all Acornsoft games and any others that have an analogue joystick option, as well as games that use only keys.

The program listed here should be very carefully entered on the Electron, but please save it before you run.

Once the routine has been run it will stay in the machine, even if the Break key is pressed. All you then do is load up the game as normal and choose the joystick option.

We have tried the routine on all presently available games with an analogue joystick option and have so far had a 100 per cent success rate. This now means the interface works on 99 per cent of games on the market. – Ray Threadgould, FBC Systems, Derby.

1 REM Title :FBC Ad val-Switched Joystick Routi ne. 2 REM Author :ALAN C DATS 3 REM Copyright :ACSOFT

3 REM Copyright :ACSOF 184 - FBC SYSTEMS LTD.

5 09=7&20A+(7&20B) *256; P=&FCC0:U=&1:D=&2:L=&4:R=&8 ·E=±10

5 FOR AX=0 TO 1:PX=%110 ::COPT AX+2

7 .JB EQUB &20

8 .J BRK

9 .X JMP OS

10 .S CMP #&80:BNE X:CPX

#&5:BCS X

11 .I LDA P:BIT JB:BED I 2:EOR #&1F

12 .I2 STA J:CPX #&0:BNE

13 .FI LDY #&0:LDX #&0:L DA J:AND #F:BEQ JX:LDX #&3: BNE JX

14 .JM TXA:LDX #&FF:LDY #&7F:AND #&1: BNE HM

15 .VM LDA J:AND #U:BED NU:LDY #&FF:BNE JX

16 .NU LDA J:AND #D:BEQ

JX:LDX #&0:LDY #&0:BEG JX

17 .HM LDA J:AND #L:BED NL:LDY #&FF:BNE JX

18 .NL LDA J:AND #R:BED

JX:LDY #0:LDX #0

19 .JX LDA #880:RTS

20 .SU PHA:LDA #S MOD 25 6:STA &20A:LDA #S DIV 256:S

TA &20B:PLA:RTS

21 1: NEXT

22 MODE6:PRINT'"FBC Adva 1-Switched Joystick Routine

23 PRINT" Now load game

as normal...."

24 *FX247,76,0

25 OSCL1("FX248,"+STR\$(S

U MOD 256)+".0)

26 DSCLI("FX249,"+STR\$(S

U DIV 256)+".0)

27 CALL SU: END

Sanyo saves first time

IN response to M. Senior's letter in the June edition of Electron User, I bought a Sanyo DR101 Data Recorder with a seven pin DIN lead from my local Curry's for £32.95.

This was £10 cheaper than the same model at my local computer shop. It always saves first time. — Andy Conway, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

Sound advice from dealer

I BOUGHT a Lloytron V171 on the advice of a local computer dealer for £24.95.

This, along with a seven DIN to split microphone, earphone, remote lead – for an extra £3 – has worked perfectly. It's important that the earphone and microphone leads are not put in the wrong sockets.

Having established which

was which, I marked them to avoid future confusion and since I found the optimum volume level – a quarter of its full potential – I've had no problems at all. – Yvonne Wilkin, Alveley, Shropshire.

Expensive, but worth it

AFTER initially trying various recorders that were unsatisfactory I have now settled for a Sony TCM 737.

Although a little more expensive than some recorders, this machine does seem to both load and save perfectly virtually every time.

I hope this information may be of use to other Electron owners. – H.E. Pressey, Wolverhamption.

Not lost a minute

AFTER initial problems with an old recorder we bought a CR

375 from Boots. This has a counter and easily operated volume and tone controls.

We haven't lost a minute's computing time due to difficulties with loading and saving since. It does both functions perfectly. — Mrs N. Judge, Buxton, Derbyshire.

Magic of Superscope

THE cassette recorder I recommend is Superscope, available from Boots and the other High Street shops.

It costs about £38 and

saves and loads like magic on the automatic recording level. I've had no problems with it at all. - Brian Brown, Worksop, Notts.

Trouble free Ferguson

MY son has had an Electron for nearly two months and loading and saving has been consistently trouble free. My recorder is the Ferguson Model 3TO7 and I have the volume set at approximately three

WHAT would you like to see in future issues of Electron User?

What tips have you picked up that could help other readers?

Now's here is your opportunity to share your experiences.

Remember that these are the pages that you write yourselves. So

tear yourself away from your Electron keyboard and drop us a line.

The address is:

Micro Messages
Electron User
Europa House
68 Chester Road
Hazel Grove
Stockport
SK7 5NY.

Micro Messages

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quarters of its maximum. – K.R. Towers, Preston, Lancs.

Timely praise

I WOULD like to recommend my recorder. It works with my Electron and has also worked with a ZX81, Spectrum, and Oric.

It is a Waltam W174 clock radio cassette recorder at about £36. – Neil Olner, Thorne, Doncaster.

Thank you to everyone who's written in telling us which cassette recorders work with the Electron. Here at Electron User we use a Pye audio data recorder D6600/35P. We get tapes in all sorts of conditions and at all recording levels and the Pye recorder does a great job.

Code breaking with the family

FIRSTLY, may I congratulate R.A. Waddilove on his excellent program "Code Breaker".

The only problem is, once you have started breaking a code, everybody in the house feels the necessity to offer expert advice on what the next guess should be!

To make life easier, I've written a few extra lines to give each line of guesses a number.

At least now you'll know

which line your committee of experts is referring to, when they make comparisons and eliminations.

All you do is delete line 760 and add the following:

105 PROCnumbers 107 VDU4 690 MDVE 0,i:DRAW 1160,i 710 MOVE 0,96: DRAW 1160,9 730 MDVE 0.96: DRAW 0.976 1860 DEFPROCnumbers 1870 COLOUR 7 1880 VDU5: MOVE 80,255 1890 FOR v%=1 TO 12 1900 IF v%>=10 THEN PLOT 0 .-64.0 1910 PRINT; y%; 1920 PLOT 0,-60,64 1930 NEXT yX 1940 SOUND 1,-15,50,5 1950 ENDPROC

Tony Farmer, Ditton, Kent.

• Many thanks for the additional lines, Mr Farmer. They really do help, though, of course, here at *Electron User* we're all too busy to play games!

Not just flung together

JUST out of curiosity I decided to solve the illustration accompanying Roland Waddilove's "Crack the code!" in the June issue of Electron User.

The solution is possible from the illustration (red, blue,

green, red, red) and it just goes to show that these articles aren't just flung together but obviously somebody has taken some care in printing an actual game to accompany the text.—Nigel Shelton, Gt. Yarmouth, Norfolk.

Mysterious assembler . . .

I HAVE read somewhere in your excellent magazine that my Electron has a built-in assembler. How do I use it, and what does it do? – Robert Treu, Hastings.

 The assembler is a program that lives inside the operating system of the Electron and allows you to speak to the micro in its own language, machine code.

As for how to use it, we plan to run a series on machine code. If you can't wait then you might try the following books:

Assembly Language on the Electron, by Ferguson and Shaw, published by Addison Wesley.

Electron Assembly Language, by Bruce Smith, published by Shiva.

Electron Machine Code for Beginners, by Ian Sinclair, published by Granada.

Improve your character!

FIRST of all I'd like to thank you for a magazine that covers the WHOLE spectrum (ahem) of uses for an excellent machine.

Secondly, although I found your character definer program (Page 44, March issue) to be of great help, I sometimes felt the need to have the ability to save and load character sets.

This facility can be obtained by adding the following lines:

193 IF G\$="S" THEN MODE6:
PROCSV:MODE1:PROCSCREENPLOT
195 IF G\$="L" THEN MODE6:
PROCLD:MODE1:PROCSCREENPLOT
935 PRINT TAB(2,17) "To s
ave a character set press 'S'"

937 PRINT TAB(2,19) "To 1 oad a character set press ' L'"

1030 DEFPROCSV

1040 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT

1050 *SAVE CHAR 0C00 0CF1

1060 PRINT "Press any key

to continue":6\$=6ET\$

1070 ENDPROC

1080 DEFPROCLD

1090 PRINT TAB(0,10) "Pleas

e position the character fi le"

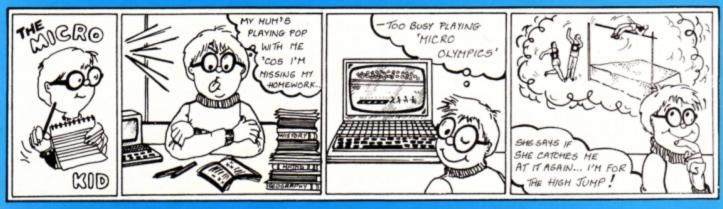
1100 *LBAD "CHAR" 0000

1110 PRINT*Press any key t o continue*:6\$=6ET\$

1120 ENDPROC

Simon Martin, Halifax.

 Many thanks for the listing which adds a new dimension to the program. It's always nice to hear from readers who have improved or adapted our programs.



ELECTRON JOYSTICK INTERFACE



ELECTRON JOYSTICK INTERFACE

Electron users! This is the add-on everyone wants. It's the new Electron switched joystick interface from First Byte - available now with free conversion tape that vastly extends your game range right away.

The interface operates with all 'Atari-style' 9-pin joysticks, and its many advanced design features put it way out in front for quality and reliability. That's why, to date 15 major software houses are already bringing out games that work directly with the First Byte Electron Joystick Interface and many more are sure to follow.

FREE conversion tape - play all these top games right now

Every Electron Joystick Interface comes with a free conversion tape, so you can use some of the most popular games around right now:

- Killer Gorilla
 Moonraider
 Positron
 Croaker

- Swoop Bandits at 3 o'clock

- Kamakazi Chuckie Egg Atom Smasher Alien Break In Birds of Prey Galaxy Wars City Defence Monsters Pool Chuckie if
 Atom Sm
 Alien Br
 Birds of if
 Galaxy W
 City Defe
 Monsters
 Pool
 Pengwyn
- Lunar Rescue

- Lunar Hescue Bugblaster Blagger Bed Bugs Alien Dropout Daredevil Dennis
- - Snooker Diamond Mine

Swoop

Bandits at 3 o

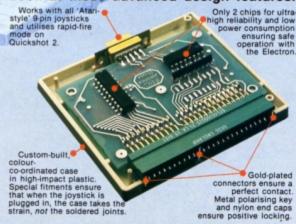
Escape from
Moonbase Alpha
Cybertron Mission
Cylon Attack
onversion ta The conversion tape also allows you to configure most other games for joystick control.

Games specially for the First Byte Interface

All these major software houses are bringing out games that work with the First Byte Electron Interface, with no conversion tape needed.

- Alligata
 A & F
 Program Power
 Superior
- Romik
 Bug-Byte
 Visions
 Virgin
- Aardvark
 Optima
 Postern
 Phoenix
 - Software Invasion
 MRM Beebug-soft
- The First Byte Electron Joystick Interface available now from all good dealers and W. H. Smith.

Look at these advanced design features.





A GENUINE FIRST BYTE

First Byte Computers, 10, Castlefields, Main Centre, Derby. DE1 2PE Tel: Derby (0332) 365280

