

Apple. II Apple IIe Extended 80-Column Text Card

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WARNING

This equipment has been certified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules. See instructions if interference to radio or television reception is suspected.



Figures and tables iv Radio and television interference v

Introduction 1
Text card and software considerations 2
A television set or a video monitor? 2
If you want to get more technical 2
Housekeeping chores 3
Installing the card 3
Activating and deactivating the card 8
Activating the card 9
Switching displays 10
Deactivating the card 10
Letting your program do the switching 11
Appendix A: Escape sequences in BASIC 12
Appendix B: Control character codes in BASIC 14
Appendix C: Pascal screen control codes 16
Appendix D: Service and support 17

Figures and tables

| Figure 1 | The inside of the Apple IIe 4 |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Figure 2 | The Extended 80-Column Text Card |
| Figure 3 | The correct card position 7 |
| Figure 4 | The Extended 80-Column Text Card |
| | and BASIC programs 8 |
| Table 1 | Escape sequences in BASIC 12 |
| Table 2 | Control character codes in BASIC 14 |
| Table 3 | Pascal screen control codes 16 |

Radio and television interference

The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio-frequency energy. If it is not installed and used properly—that is, in strict accordance with our instructions—it may cause interference with radio and television reception.

This equipment has been tested and complies with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specifications in Subpart J, Part 15, of FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation, especially if a "rabbit-ear" television antenna is used. (A rabbit-ear antenna is the telescoping-rod type usually found on television receivers.)

You can determine whether your computer is causing interference by turning it off. If the interference stops, it was probably caused by the computer or its peripheral devices. To further isolate the problem, disconnect the peripheral devices and their input/output (I/O) cables one at a time. If the interference stops, it was caused by either the peripheral device or the I/O cable. These devices usually require shielded I/O cables. For Apple peripheral devices, you can obtain the proper shielded cable from your authorized Apple dealer. For non-Apple peripheral devices, contact the manufacturer or dealer for assistance.

A **shelded cable** uses a metallic wrap around the wires to reduce the potential effects of radio-frequency interference.

Important

This product was FCC-certified under test conditions that included use of shielded cables and connectors between system components. It is important that you use shielded cables and connectors to reduce the possibility of causing interference to radio, television, and other electronic devices.

If your computer does cause interference to radio or television reception, you can try to correct the interference by using one or more of the following measures:

- Turn the television or radio antenna until the interference stops.
- Move the computer to one side or the other of the television or radio.
- Move the computer farther away from the television or radio.
- Plug the computer into an outlet that is on a different circuit than the television or radio. (That is, make certain the computer and the radio or television set are on circuits controlled by different circuit breakers or fuses.)
- Consider installing a rooftop television antenna with a coaxial cable lead-in between the antenna and television.

If necessary, consult your authorized Apple dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions.

THE APPLE PUBLISHING SYSTEM

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Introduction

The Apple® IIe Extended 80-Column Text Card helps make the Apple IIe computer one of the most versatile and useful computers around. The text card is actually two cards in one:

- It allows you to display 80 columns on your monitor.
- It provides an additional 64K of memory.

More memory allows for longer word processing documents, larger data bases, and larger and more complicated spreadsheets. And because you see 80 columns of information instead of 40, you're able to see more information on your monitor.

The text card also lets you display characters in both 80 and 40 columns while running BASIC programs, and it lets you write your own programs by using the card's auxiliary memory.

This booklet describes the card and tells how to install it and use several of its features. You should finish this section and read "Installing the Card." Read "Activating and Deactivating the Card" only if you plan to write your own BASIC programs and want to switch between 80- and 40-column displays. (Programs you write in Pascal automatically display 80 columns.)

As you read, watch for these visual cues throughout the booklet:

Important

Text set off in this manner—with one or more words in the margin presents important information.

Warning

Text like this, preceded by the word *Warning*, indicates a potential danger to you or your equipment.

Computer terms are **boldfaced** when first introduced. Boldfacing is also used for key words in the text that are referred to in an accompanying illustration.

Key names are spelled out; for example, Return, Left Arrow, and Escape. When you see a hyphen joining two keys, it means you should press them simultaneously. For instance, Control-Q means to press the Control key and, while holding it down, press the Q key; then release both keys.

Text card and software considerations

Here are some considerations for using different kinds of software with the text card:

- Some Apple IIe software requires 128K of memory to run at all. To run this software, you'll need the text card.
- Some Apple IIe software hasn't been designed to display 80 columns or to use the additional memory. If you expect it to, you'll be disappointed. Keep this in mind when you're considering new software.
- Although Apple II and Apple II Plus software should run when the Extended 80-Column Text Card is installed, the software probably won't take advantage of the text card's features.

A television set or a video monitor?

Television sets are not able to display 80 columns of text clearly. So you should use a monochrome video monitor or a color monitor that can display 80 columns.

You may want to use a color television set with your Apple IIe—perhaps to display color graphics—while the Extended 80-Column Text Card is installed. In this case, you will want to deactivate the card so your set will display 40 columns. Doing so will make the display more readable. (See "Activating and Deactivating the Card" for instructions.)

If you want to get more technical

If you want to use the text card's auxiliary memory while executing programs you write yourself, you should learn how the auxiliary memory works and how to control its use. Read about that in the *Apple Ile Technical Reference* (Reading, Mass.: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc., 1985).

Housekeeping chores

Before going ahead to the section "Installing the Card," take a minute to get necessary chores out of the way:

- Check the packing slip to make sure you have what it lists. (If you don't, contact your authorized Apple dealer.)
- Fill out the warranty card and mail it in. Doing so registers you as an Apple owner so you can be notified about important changes to Apple products.

Installing the card

The steps in this section tell how to install the Apple IIe Extended 80-Column Text Card. In just a few minutes, you'll be ready to take advantage of the benefits the card provides.

1. Make sure the power to your Apple IIe is off.

Warning

Before you install or disconnect any cards or peripheral devices (printer, disk drives, and so on), you must make sure the power to the computer is off. That is, make sure the power switch on the computer's back panel is in the OFF position. If the power is on while you are installing or disconnecting any cards or devices, it can damage the card, the device, or the computer's circuitry, and possibly hurt you. Don't take chances.

2. Remove the cover from your Apple IIe by pulling up on the cover's rear edges until the cover pops off. Slide the cover away from the keyboard and put it aside so it won't be in the way. Now take a look inside the computer, pictured in Figure 1. The callouts are further defined in the text that follows.

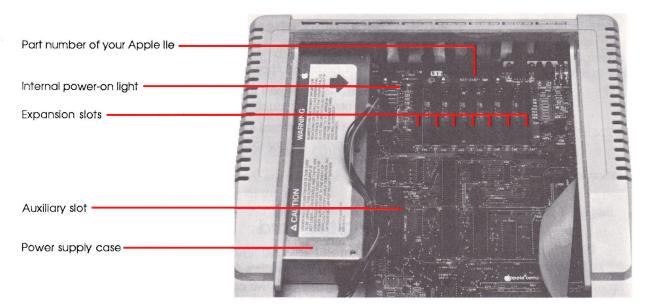


Figure 1
The inside of the Apple IIe

The **power supply case** houses the computer's power supply. All peripheral cards, including the Extended 80-Column Text Card, should face *away* from this case. That is, the side with the chips should *not* be toward the case.

The **internal power-on light** is on when the computer is on. (It should be off now.)

The **auxiliary slot**, labeled *AUX.CONNECTOR*, is where you insert the extended 80-column card.

The **expansion slots** are numbered 1 through 7. You can insert cards in these slots to connect peripheral equipment such as printers or disk drives.

The **part number** of your Apple IIe will be important in step 5 of this section.

Important

The Extended 80-Column Text Card goes in the auxiliary slot. After the card has been installed, it overrides most cards in expansion slot 3. That is, most cards in slot 3 cannot be used if the extended 80-column card is in the auxiliary slot.

- 3. Again, check to see that the power to the Apple IIe is off by making sure that the internal power-on light is off.
- 4. Holding the card carefully by its edges, as Figure 2 shows, remove the card from its protective plastic antistatic bag.

Important

Don't touch the gold comblike fingers along the bottom edge. These fingers insert into the auxiliary slot inside your Apple IIe and connect with the computer's circuitry. Moisture left by your hands on the fingers attracts dust that can cause a bad connection. And perspiration acids can corrode the connections.

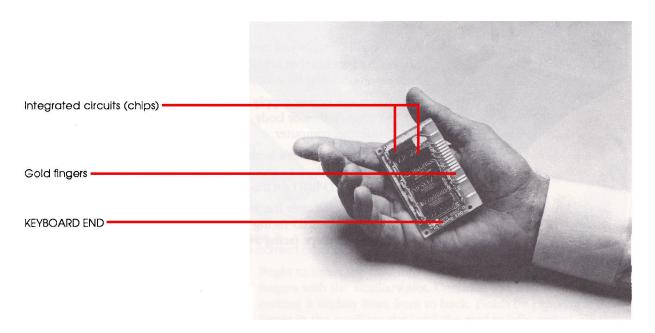


Figure 2
The Extended 80-Column Text Card

Notice that the left side of the card is marked KEYBOARD END. This is the side that will be pointed toward the keyboard when you install the card.

The **jumper block** connects two pins on the text card and allows most Apple IIe's to display **double high-resolution graphics** with the text card. Double high-resolution graphics uses 560 horizontal dots instead of 280. The *Apple IIe Technical Reference Manual* tells more about double high-resolution graphics.

5. Check the part number of your Apple IIe, which was pointed out in Figure 1. The part number determines what to do with the jumper block.

| If the part number ends in | Then | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 0064-A | Remove the jumper block | | |
| 0064-B | Leave the jumper block on the card | | |
| 0087-A | Leave the jumper block on the card | | |

From the above table you can see that if the last five digits of your Apple IIe's part number are 0064-A, you won't be able to use double high-resolution graphics; otherwise, you will.

- 6. Touch the power supply case to discharge any static electricity on your clothes or body. Do that before you touch anything inside the computer.
- 7. With the computer's keyboard facing toward you, pick up the card by its edges so that the chips are to your right. The label KEYBOARD END on the card should be toward you.
- 8. Hold the card over the auxiliary slot, as Figure 3 shows, with KEYBOARD END facing toward you, gold fingers pointing down and chips facing away from the power supply case.

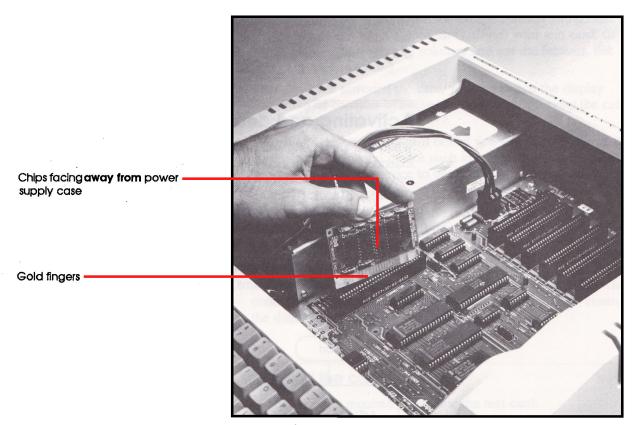


Figure 3
The correct card position

- 9. Begin to insert the card into the slot by lining up the gold fingers with the auxiliary slot. Continue to insert the card by rocking it slightly from front to back. Finish by pressing it down firmly in the auxiliary slot until the card is fully seated.
- 10. Put the cover back on the computer by inserting the front lip of the cover and pushing down firmly on its back corners until the lid snaps into place.
- 11. Start up the computer with any startup disk.

At this point you may want to adjust the contrast and the vertical and horizontal hold of your video monitor so that the information displayed is easy to read. The manual that comes with your monitor tells how to do that.

Now any application program requiring 128K of memory and an extended 80-column card should automatically display 80 columns and use the auxiliary memory.

Activating and deactivating the card

When you are writing and running your own BASIC programs, the Extended 80-Column Text Card allows you to display 80 columns and makes available certain special **display features**, including INVERSE, FLASH, NORMAL, HOME, and tabbing. It also lets you use certain **escape features** and **control character functions** while running your BASIC programs. These BASIC features and functions are listed in Appendixes A and B.

Figure 4 shows the normal procedure for using the text card while running your BASIC programs. The numbers refer to the information that follows.

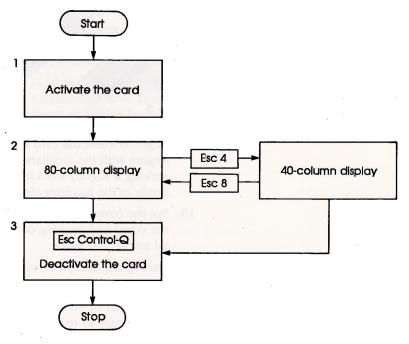


Figure 4
The Extended 80-Column Text Card and BASIC programs

- 1. To display 80 columns and use the escape features and control character codes, you must turn on (activate) your text card. (If you don't want to display 80 columns and use the features, just leave the card inactive.)
- 2. After you have activated the card, you can switch the display from 80 to 40 columns whenever you want while leaving the card's other features active.
- You should deactivate the card before you switch output from the display to a peripheral device such as a printer. In addition, it's good programming practice to deactivate the text card at the end of a program.

This section tells how to activate the card, switch the display between 40 and 80 columns, and deactivate it again.

❖ Note: If you are writing programs using Pascal or if you are using the CP/M operating system, 80 columns of text are automatically displayed after you install the text card. The control codes you can use in your Pascal programs to control the display are listed in Appendix C.

Activating the card

Here are the steps required to activate the text card:

- Turn on your video monitor and start up the Apple IIe with the DOS 3.3 System Master disk or the ProDOS® User's Disk. (Select the BASIC option if you've started up with ProDOS.) Or, if you don't have a disk drive, just turn the computer on and press Control-Reset.
 - Now you see a square bracket prompt (1) and the blinking checkerboard cursor (*). The blinking checkerboard cursor tells you the text card is inactive and the computer is in 40-column display mode.
- 2. Press Caps Lock on the left side of the keyboard to communicate with BASIC in uppercase letters.
- 3. Type PR#3 and then press Return.
 - Now you see a rectangular, solid white cursor, which tells you the card is active and the computer is in 80-column display mode.

Switching displays

To switch back and forth between 80- and 40-column displays while leaving the text card active, press the Escape key, release it, and then press either 4 or 8:

| What you press | What happens | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Escape 4 | 80-column display switches to 40-column display | |
| Escape 8 | 40-column display switches to 80-column display | |

(Don't press both keys at the same time.)

After you switch to 40-column display by pressing Escape 4, the cursor changes to a solid white square. That means you still can use all the special escape features and control character functions the text card provides, but what you type will be displayed in 40 columns.

Deactivating the card

If you want to switch your output from the screen to a peripheral device such as a printer, you should deactivate the card. Also, you should deactivate the card at the end of your BASIC program (most application programs expect to find the card inactive, so they activate it themselves).

To deactivate the text card:

Press Escape Control-Q.

The blinking checkerboard cursor appears on the screen, with a backslash (\) just above the cursor. To reactivate the text card, you have to type PR#3 again.

Important

You can activate and deactivate the text card and switch the display whenever you want without wiping out the BASIC program in memory, which is protected.

Letting your program do the switching

You can code your BASIC program so the program itself automatically controls the text card. Here is a sample program that activates and deactivates the card:

| Sample program | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| 10 PRINT CHR\$ (4);"PR#3" | Turn on 80-column card | |
| 40 GET X\$ | Wait for a keypress | |
| 50 TEXT | Make sure you're at the left edge of the screen with no windows active | |
| 60 PRINT CHR\$ (17) | Print a CONTROL-Q (go to 40-column) | |
| 70 GET X\$ | Wait for a keypress | |
| 80 PRINT CHR\$ (18) | Print a CONTROL-R (go back to 80-column) | |
| 90 PRINT CHR\$ (21) | Print a CONTROL-U (turn off the card) | |

Now that you've learned how to activate and deactivate the text card and to control the display both manually and automatically, you're ready to put your card to work in your own programs. Remember, more technical information, including instructions for using the text card's auxiliary memory, is available in the *Apple IIe Technical Reference*.

Appendix A: Escape sequences in BASIC

The escape codes with the directional arrow keys are the standard cursor-motion keys on the Apple IIe. The escape codes with the I, J, K, and M keys are the standard cursor-motion keys on the Apple II Plus, and are present on the Apple IIe for compatibility with the Apple II Plus. On the Apple IIe, the escape codes with the I, J, K, and M keys function with either uppercase or lowercase letters.

Press the Escape key, release it, and then press the next key(s) as indicated in Table 1.

Table 1
Escape sequences in BASIC

| Escape code | Function |
|---|---|
| Escape Tab | Clears window and homes cursor (places it in upper-left corner of screen); exits from escape mode |
| Escape A or a | Moves cursor right one line; exits from escape mode |
| Escape B or b | Moves cursor left one line; exits from escape mode |
| Escape C or c | Moves cursor down one line; exits from escape mode |
| Escape D or d | Moves cursor up one line; exits from escape mode |
| Escape E or e | Clears to end of line; exits from escape mode |
| Escape F or f | Clears to bottom of window; exits from escape mode |
| Escape I or i <i>or</i> Escape Up Arrow | Moves cursor up one line; remains in escape mode (see text) |

Table 1 (continued) Escape sequences in BASIC

| Escape code | Function |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Escape J or j or Escape Left Arrow | Moves cursor left one space; remains in escape mode (see text) |
| Escape K or k or Escape Right Arrow | Moves cursor right one space; remains in escape mode (see text) |
| Escape M or m or Escape Down Arrow | Moves cursor down one line; remains in escape mode (see text) |
| Escape 4 | If 80-column firmware is active, switches to 40-column mode; sets links to BASICIN and BASICOUT; restores normal window size; exits from escape mode |
| Escape 8 | If 80-column firmware is active, switches to 80-column mode; sets links to BASICIN and BASICOUT; restores normal window size; exits from escape mode |
| Escape Control-D | Disables control characters; only carriage return, line feed, BELL, and backspace have an effect when printed |
| Escape Control-E | Reactivates control characters |
| Escape Control-Q | If 80-column firmware is active, deactivates 80-column firmware; sets links to KEYIN and COUT1; restores normal window size; exits from escape mode |

Appendix B: Control character codes in BASIC

Table 2 lists the control characters and their use with the extended 80-column card.

Table 2Control character codes in BASIC

| Control character | ASCII name | Apple lie name | Action taken by BASICOUT |
|------------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| Control-G | BEL | bell | Produces a 1000 Hz tone for 0.1 second |
| Control-H | BS | backspace | Moves cursor position one space to the left; from left edge of window, moves to right end of line above |
| Control-J | LF | line feed | Moves cursor position down to next line in window; scrolls if needed |
| Control-K [†] | VT | clear EOS | Clears from cursor position to end of screen |
| Control-L [†] | FF | home and clear | Moves cursor position to upper- left corner of window and clears window |
| Control-M | CR | return | Moves cursor position to left end of next line in window; scrolls if needed |
| Control-N† | SO | normal | Sets display format normal |
| Control-O† | SI | inverse | Sets display format inverse |
| Control-Q [†] | DC1 | 40-column | Sets display to 40-column |
| Control-R† | DC2 | 80-column | Sets display to 80-column |
| Control-S* | DC3 | stop-list | Stops listing characters on display until another key is pressed |

Table 2 (continued)
Control character codes in BASIC

| Control character | A\$CII name | Apple lie name | Action taken by BASICOUT |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--|
| Control-U [†] | NAK | quit | Deactivates 80-column video firmware |
| Control-V [†] | SYN | scroll | Scrolls display down one line, leaving cursor in current position |
| Control-W [†] | ETB | scroll up | Scrolls display up one line, leaving cursor in current position |
| Control-X | CAN | disable MouseText | Disables MouseText character display; uses inverse uppercase |
| Control-Y [†] | EM | home | Moves cursor position to upper- left comer of window, but doesn't clear |
| Control-Z [†] | SUB | clear line | Clears line cursor position is on |
| Control-[| ESC | enable MouseText | Maps inverse uppercase characters to MouseText characters |
| Control-\† | FS | forward space | Moves cursor position one space right; from right edge of window, moves it to left end of line below |
| Control-]† | , G | clear EOL | Clears from current cursor posi- tion to end of line (that is, to right edge of window) |
| Control | US | up | Moves cursor up one line; no scroll |

^{*} Works only from the keyboard.
† Doesn't work from the keyboard.

Appendix C: Pascal screen control codes

The following table summarizes the Pascal video control functions.

Table 3
Pascal screen control codes

| Control | Hex | Function performed |
|---------|--------------|--|
| E or e | \$05 | Turns cursor on (enables cursor display) |
| Forf | \$06 | Turns cursor off (disables cursor display) |
| G or g | \$07 | Sounds bell (beeps) |
| H or h | \$08 | Moves cursor left one column; if cursor was at beginning of line, moves it to end of previous line |
| J or j | \$0A | Moves cursor down one row; scrolls if needed |
| K or k | \$0B | Clears to end of screen |
| L or l | \$0C | Clears screen; moves cursor to upper-left of screen |
| M or m | \$0D | Moves cursor to column 0 |
| N or n | \$0E | Displays subsequent characters in normal video (characters already on display are unaffected) |
| O or o | \$0 F | Displays subsequent characters in inverse video (characters already on display are unaffected) |
| V or v | \$16 | Scrolls screen up one line; clears bottom line |
| Worw | \$17 | Scrolls screen down one line; clears top line |
| Y or y | \$19 | Moves cursor to upper-left (home) position on screen |
| Zorz | \$1A | Clears entire line cursor is on |
| l or \ | \$1C | Moves cursor right one column; if at end of line, does Control-M |
| } or | \$1D | Clears to end of the line the cursor is on, including current cursor position; does not move cursor |
| ^ or 6 | \$1E | GOTOxy: initiates a GOTOxy sequence; interprets the next two characters as x+32 and y+32, respectively |
| _ | \$1F | If not at top of screen, moves cursor up one line |
| | | |

Appendix D: Service and support

To help you get the best performance from your system, Apple Computer, Inc. has established a worldwide network of full-support authorized Apple dealers. If you need answers to technical questions or information about product updates, your authorized Apple dealer can help you. Apple's Technical Support organization backs each dealer and international technical support group via AppleLink, a state-of-the-art on-line electronic information service, to ensure prompt, reliable assistance.

Your dealer has the latest information on new hardware and software products as well as product updates. If you wish to upgrade your system, your dealer can help you select compatible components.

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Apple Computer, Inc. Attn: Customer Relations 20525 Mariani Avenue Cupertino, CA 95014 USA

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